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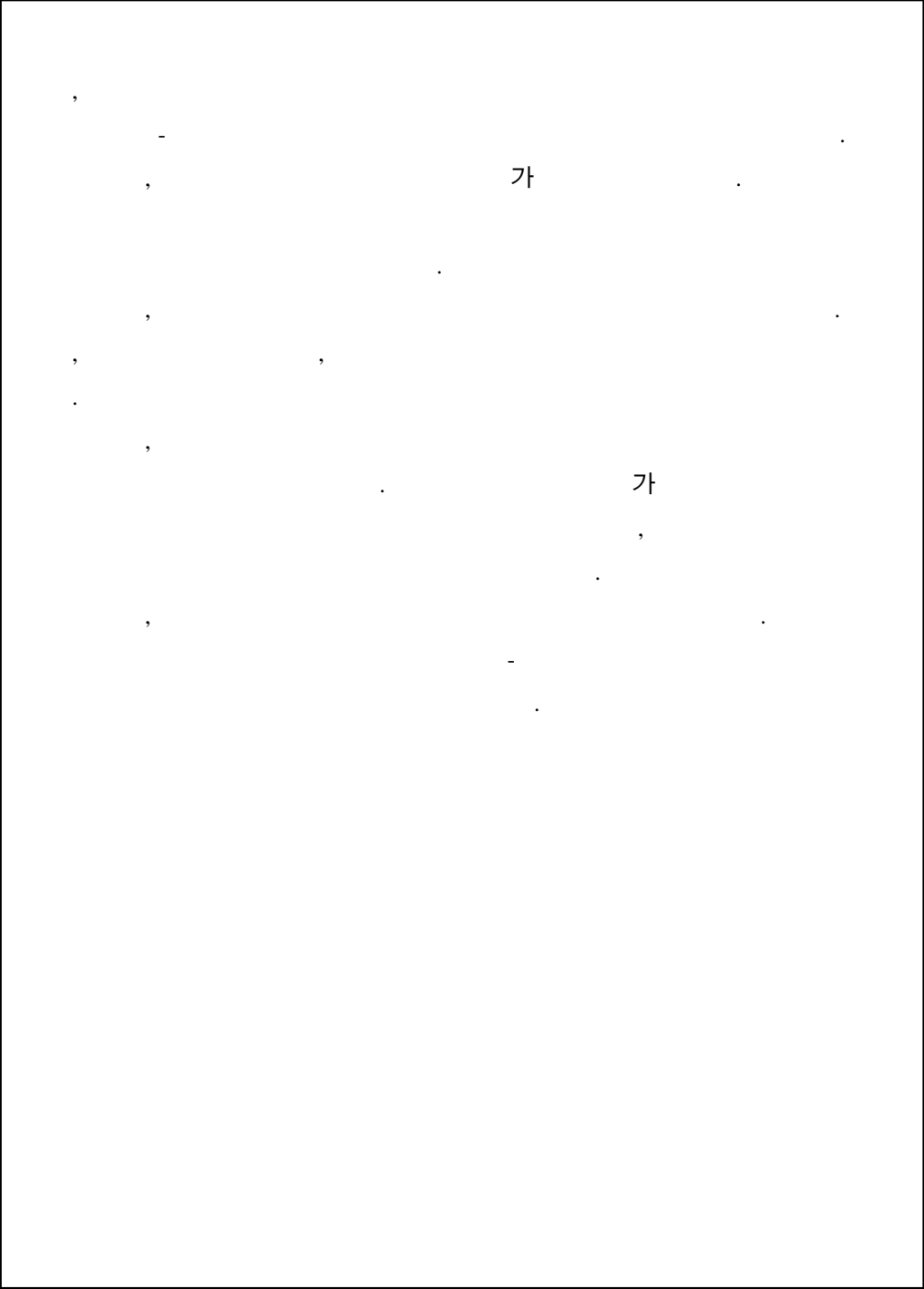
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3.	8
II.	9
1. -	9
2.	17
III. -	21
1.	26
2.	49
•	67
1.	67
2.	68
	87
ABSTRACT	91
	97

< - 1>	가	19
< - 1>		 24
< - 2>	53
< - 3>	55
< - 4>	A	57
< - 5>	B	58
< - 6>	C	59
< - 7>	A	63
< - 8>	B	63
< - 9>	C	64

[- 1]	,	,	... 14
[- 1]		21
[- 2]	A, B, C	27
[- 3]	A, B, C	28
[- 4]	42
[- 5]	A	50
[- 6]	B	51
[- 7]	C	52

I.

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가 30 가
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가 1 , 가
 가 A , B
 , C 2 ,
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가) A
 A , ,
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 70% 80% . 1998
 57.8% , 36.2% ,

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II.

1. -

Harnishfeger Wiley

(, 1987).

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Denham Lieberamn(1980), Fisher(1980)

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Carroll ‘ ’ (, 1988).
Carroll 가
. Carroll

Bloom

, Bloom

가

(, 1989).

Wiley Harnischfeger Carroll Bloom
가
가 (, 1987).
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가 (, 1990). ‘

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Harnischfeger

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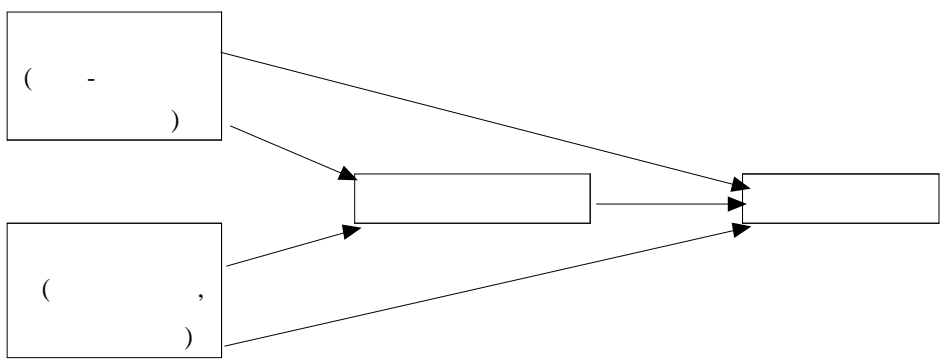
Peterson Swing(1982) ()
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, 1990).

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(teaching),
(process-product)

(, 1988).

Bloom 「 =f()」

([II-1]). , Bloom
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 (, 1988).



[II-1] , ,

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18 가
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< II-1 >

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$$= \frac{4 \times (4 \quad) + 3 \times (3 \quad) + 2 \times (2 \quad) + 1 \times (1 \quad)}{4 \times (\quad)}$$

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< II- 1> 가

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- (2) : 4
- (3) 가 가 , : 4
- (4) , : 3 (3/4)
- (5) 가
 : 2 (2/4)
- (6) 가 , 가 가
 : 2 (2/4)
- (7) [(가
)]: 1 (1/4)
- (8)
 : 1 (1/4)
- (9) , , , 가 : 0
- (10) : 0

III. -

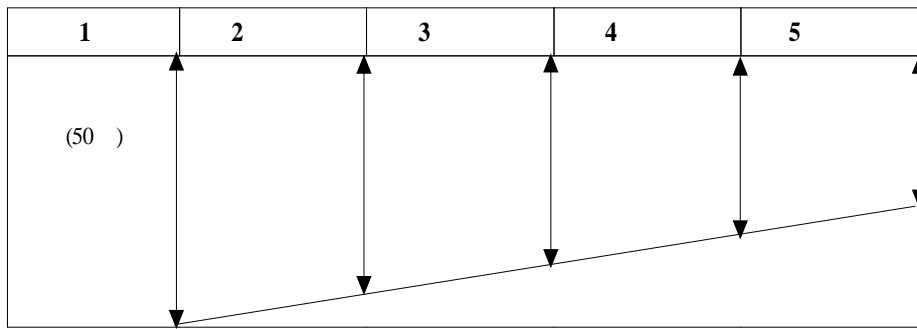
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[III- 1]



[III- 1]

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< III- 1>

				()
	A		50	47 36 (95.2%)
			50	47 36 (95.2%)
			50	47 36 (95.2%)
	B		50	48 21 (96.7%)
			50	48 21 (96.7%)
			50	48 21 (96.7%)
	C		50	47 57 (95.9%)
			50	47 57 (95.9%)
			50	47 57 (95.9%)
	A		50	47 17 (94.6%)
			50	47 17 (94.6%)
			50	47 17 (94.6%)
	B		50	48 43 (97.4%)
			50	48 43 (97.4%)
			50	48 43 (97.4%)
	C		50	45 28 (91.0%)
			50	45 28 (91.0%)
			50	45 28 (91.0%)
	A		50	44 23 (88.8%)
			50	44 23 (88.8%)
			50	44 23 (88.8%)
	B		50	49 50 (99.7%)
			50	49 50 (99.7%)
			50	49 50 (99.7%)
	C		50	49 20 (98.7%)
			50	49 20 (98.7%)
			50	49 20 (98.7%)

()	()	()	
37 39 (75.3%)	35 23 (70.8%)	28 42 (57.4%)	0.798
37 39 (75.3%)	35 39 (71.3%)	24 35 (49.2%)	0.682
37 39 (75.3%)	35 59 (72.0%)	14 45 (29.5%)	0.394
41 02 (82.1%)	40 01 (80.0%)	25 02 (50.1%)	0.622
41 02 (82.1%)	40 01 (80.0%)	14 46 (29.5%)	0.367
41 02 (82.1%)	39 49 (79.6%)	07 23 (14.8%)	0.187
38 55 (77.8%)	35 52 (71.7%)	30 22 (60.7%)	0.819
38 55 (77.8%)	35 52 (71.7%)	24 54 (49.8%)	0.664
38 55 (77.8%)	35 24 (70.8%)	12 01 (24.0%)	0.321
38 46 (77.5%)	38 04 (76.1%)	30 47 (61.6%)	0.813
38 46 (77.5%)	38 04 (76.1%)	28 10 (56.3%)	0.749
38 46 (77.5%)	37 41 (75.4%)	23 30 (47.0%)	0.506
38 30 (77.0%)	38 30 (77.0%)	26 40 (53.3%)	0.690
38 30 (77.0%)	38 15 (76.5%)	17 24 (34.8%)	0.452
38 30 (77.0%)	38 30 (77.0%)	13 15 (26.5%)	0.350
35 06 (70.2%)	34 41 (69.4%)	29 20 (58.7%)	0.841
35 06 (70.2%)	34 41 (69.4%)	24 33 (49.1%)	0.705
35 06 (70.2%)	34 14 (68.5%)	13 27 (26.9%)	0.386
38 28 (76.9%)	34 14 (68.5%)	29 52 (59.7%)	0.867
38 28 (76.9%)	37 54 (75.8%)	34 42 (69.4%)	0.917
38 28 (76.9%)	37 02 (74.1%)	33 24 (66.8%)	0.899
44 50 (89.7%)	38 31 (77.0%)	28 54 (57.8%)	0.742
44 50 (89.7%)	41 33 (83.1%)	30 40 (61.3%)	0.735
44 50 (89.7%)	39 08 (78.3%)	23 10 (46.3%)	0.620
44 57 (89.9%)	44 57 (89.9%)	42 35 (85.2%)	0.946
44 57 (89.9%)	44 57 (89.9%)	41 37 (82.9%)	0.917
44 57 (89.9%)	42 55 (85.2%)	33 34 (67.1%)	0.783

1.

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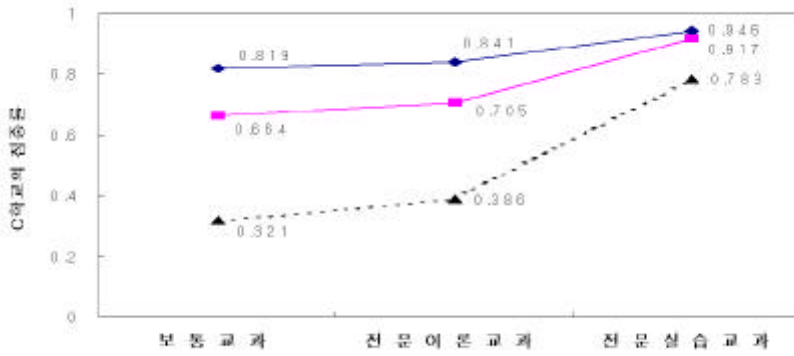
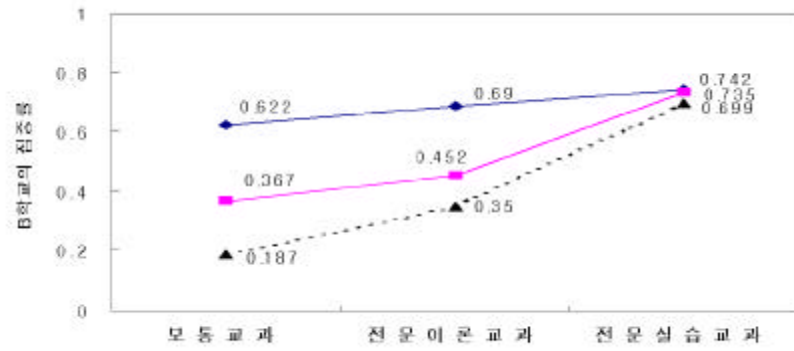
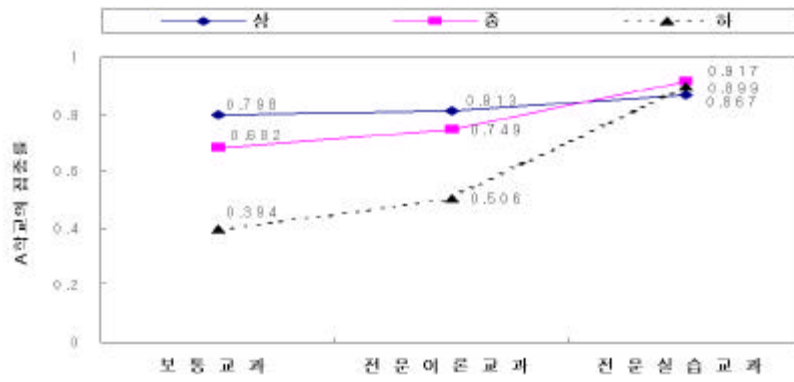
가.

< III-1>

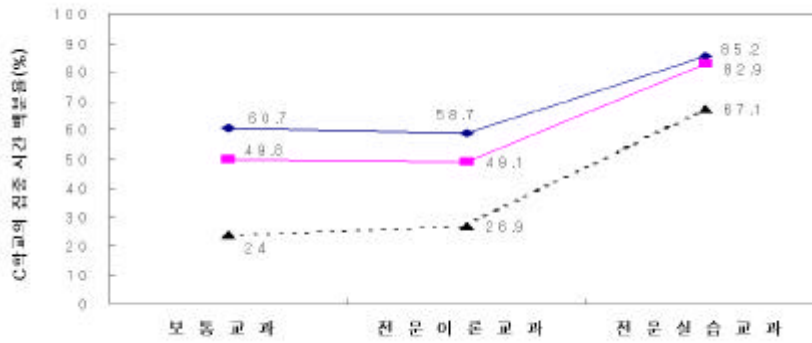
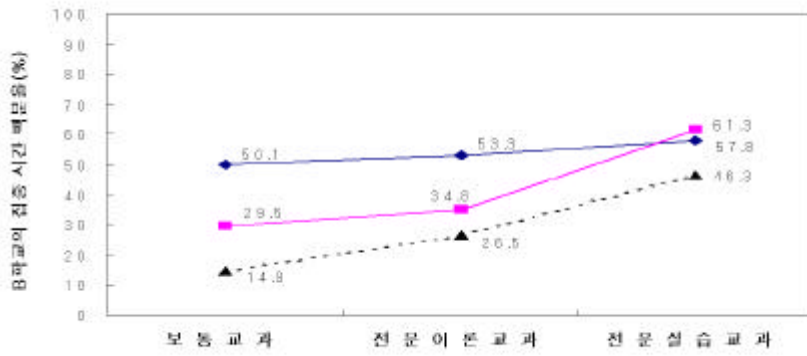
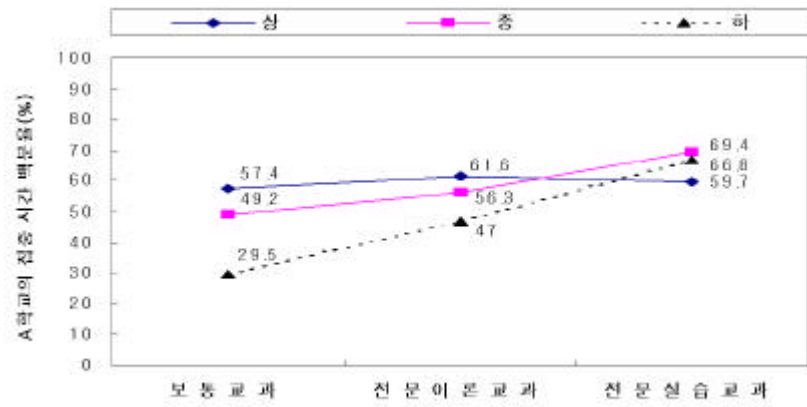
(> >). , (,)

[III-2], [III-3]

0.80 0.87(0.80, 0.81, 0.87), A B 0.6
 2 0.74(0.62, 0.69, 0.74), C 0.82
 0.95(0.82, 0.84, 0.95) ,
 (< III-1>). ,
 A 0.39 0.90(0.39, 0.51,
 0.90), B 0.19 0.62(0.19, 0.35, 0.62),
 C 0.32 0.78(0.32, 0.39, 0.78) ,
 가 (< III-1>). ,



[-2] A, B, C



[-3] A, B, C

가

2.3 3.7 가

4

가

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가

0.6

2 0.82(A 0.79, B 0.62, C 0.82),
0.37 0.68(A 0.68, B 0.37, C 0.66),
0.19 0.39(A 0.39, B 0.19, C 0.32) ,
(< III-1>, [-2]).

. A, B, C
50 25 20
30 22 , 50.1% 60.7%
7 23
14 45 14.8% 29.5 %
가
가 (< III-1>, [-3]).

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B
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“().....○○
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“()..... 가
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가

A

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0.82

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“().....

가

..... ()”

0.69 0.84(A 0.81, B 0.69, C 0.84),

0.35 0.51(A 0.51, B 0.35, C 0.39) ,

가

(< III-1>, [-2]).

, A, B, C 50

26 40 30 47

53.3% 61.6%

13 15 23 30

26.9 %

47.0 % (< III-1>, [-3]).

B

가

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가

가

“().....

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“().....○○ 가
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 0.467, 0.305, 0.215 ,
 0.802, 0.526, 0.418 , 1.72 1.94
 ,
 가 가

“().....○○ . ○○
 ○○ 가
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“().....○○ 가 ○○
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가

OHP VTR

가

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가

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“().....○○
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0.74 0.95(
0.62
A 0.87, B 0.74, C 0.95) ,
0.90(A 0.90, B 0.62, C 0.78) , ()
,

(< III-1>, [-2]). ,

가 . A
(0.90)
0.87 .

(,)

가 [III-4]

[-4]

A 77%, B 96%, C

91%가

가 A 84%, B

84%, C 100%

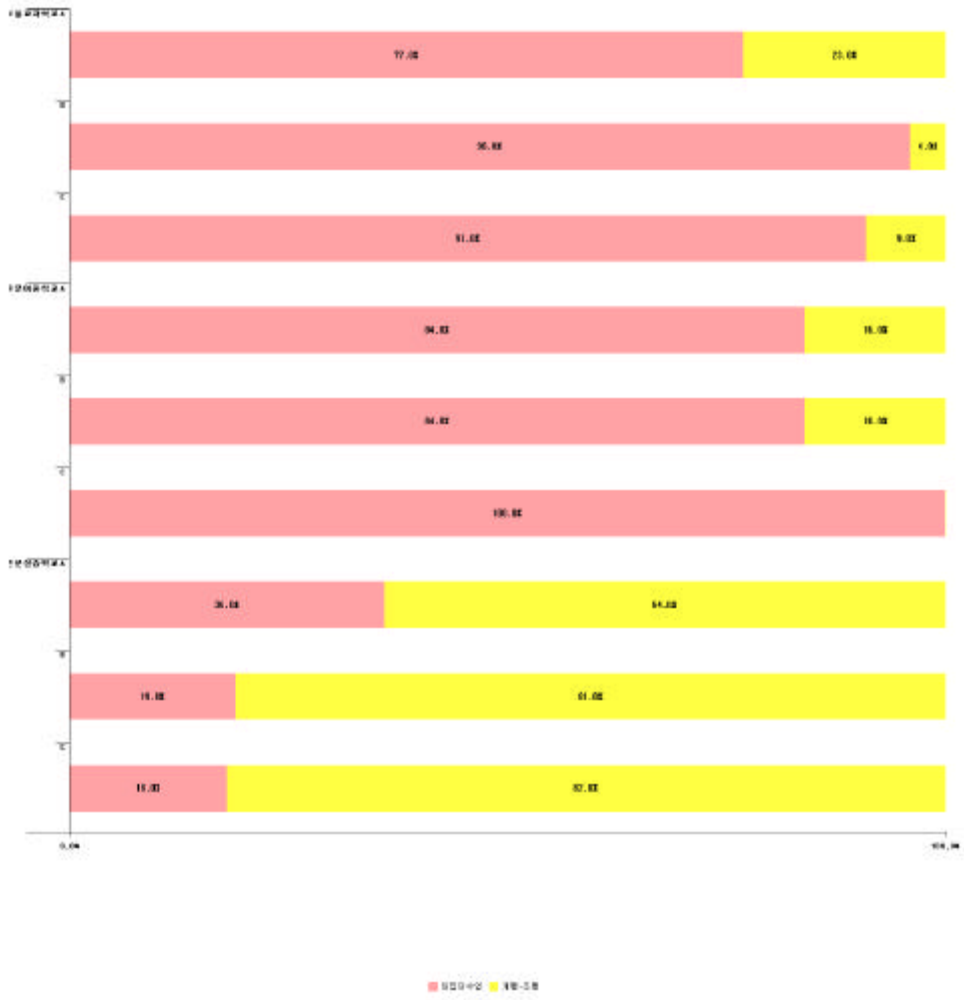
가

가

64%

82%

가



[-4]

A

가
가

“().....

.....()”

“().....

.....()

, A ,

가
가

가 . 가 , 8 10 가
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가 가 . 가
가 가
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B
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. 1 40 0.187
, . 6 6 가
0.350 가 , 36 24
가 0.699 .
가 .
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“().....

(< III-1>

[III-2], [III-3]). [-4]

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35 (59 %)

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C

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(< III-1>, [-3]).

A, B

가

A

B

가

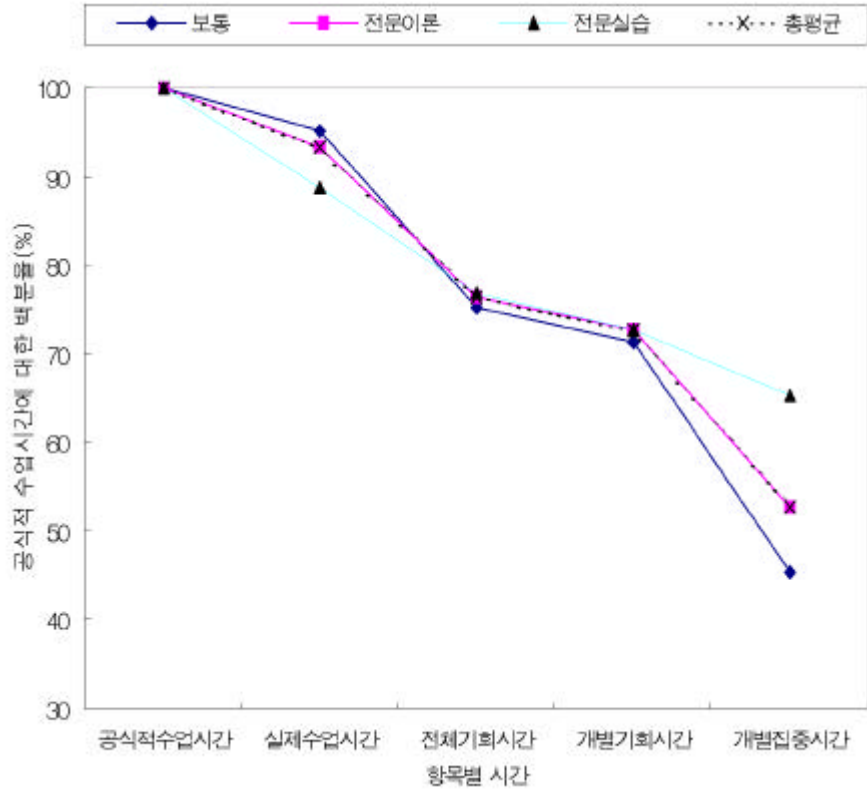
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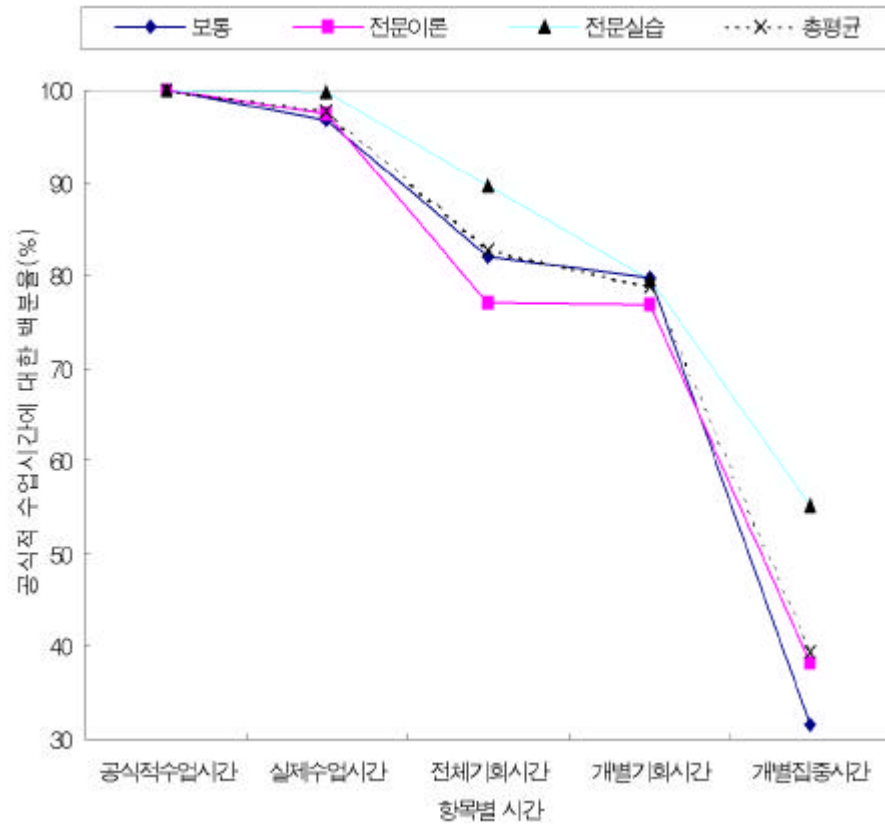
2.

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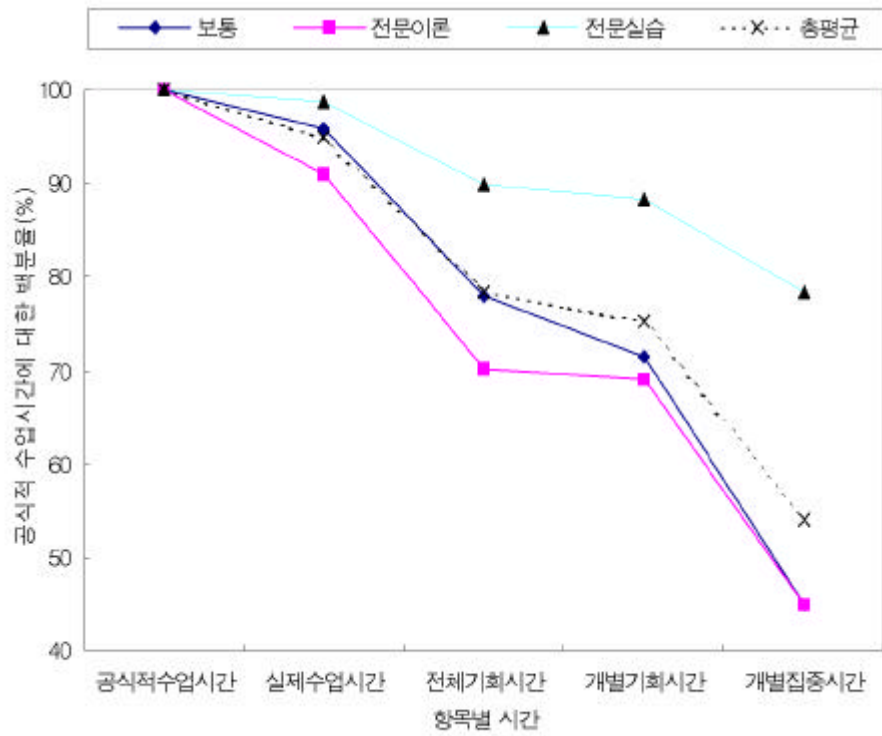
가
50
([-5], [-6], [-7]
).



[-5] A



[-6] B



[-7] C

1)

‘ ’ 50 가
 ‘ ’
 가 가
 A, B, C ‘
 (,)
 (< -2>).

< -2> .

A	47	36	(95.2%)	47	17	(94.6%)	42	33	(85.1%)
B	48	21	(96.7%)	48	43	(97.4%)	49	50	(99.7%)
C	47	57	(95.9%)	45	28	(91%)	49	20	(98.7%)

‘ ’ , 50
 ,

A ‘ ’ 47 36 (95.2%),
 47 17 (94.6%), 42 33 (85.1%)
 (< -2>). A 7
 27 가 (2 24
 , 2 33). A

2, 3

5, 6

B 48 21 (96.7%), 48

43 (97.4%), 49 50 (99.7%)

(< -2>). B

A

B

A

C 가

45 28 (91

%), 47 57 (95.9%), 49 20

(98.7%) (< -2>).

B

가

B,

C

C 가 6

가 , 2 가
 (< -4>).

B , 10
 13 가 , 6 19 , 5
 . , 1.62 ,
 2 (< -5>).
 C 10 22 가
 , 9 2 , 4 23 .
 1.15 ,
 2.37 (< -6>).

가)

A , ' ,
 5 18 , 4 57 , 4 39
 (< III-4>).

, (,) ,

가

가

< -4> A

		17 06	10 13	1 58
		15 47	7 33	-
		8 02	1 04	17 38
	.	9 06	5 54	3 39
		2 58	-	-
		52 59	24 44	23 15
		5 18	4 57	4 39
		26 56	5 31	2 28
		40	-	-
		27 36	5 31	2 28
		2 46	1 06	30
		18 56	12 20	2 20
	.	-	-	1 31
		18 56	12 20	3 51
		1 54	2 28	46
		1 33 31	42 35	29 34
		9 57	8 31	5 55

< -5> B

		7 53	1 48	1 38
		9 33	5 40	-
		2 22	1 02	3 04
	,	1 17	12 30	13 0
		-	3 18	4 24
		21 05	24 18	22 06
		1 55	4 03	3 41
		9 32	5 00	-
		10 10	1 48	1
		19 42	6 48	1
		1 47	1 08	10
		8 26	1 42	6 50
	.	-	9 48	-
		6 03	5 54	-
		14 29	17 24	6 50
		1 19	2 54	1 8
		1 50	5 24	-
		-	-	54
		11	1 24	-
		2 01	6 48	54
		11	1 8	09
		3 02	18	-
		9 10	4 42	-
		12 12	6 00	-
		1 07	1	-
		1 9 29	1 1 18	30
		6 19	10 13	5 00

< -6> C

		9 09	21 55	4 30
		4 05	4 06	-
		1 15	1 04	-
	,	20 55	11 56	7 25
	.	-	-	8 34
		35 24	39 1	20 29
		4 26	4 53	3 25
		24 23	34 23	2 35
		6 44	6 56	35
		31 07	41 19	3 10
		3 53	5 10	32
		2 13	-	-
		2 10	1 20	-
		4 23	1 20	-
		33	10	
		1 24	-	-
		1 24	-	-
		11	-	-
		-	1 16	2 38
		-	1 16	2 38
		-	10	26
		1 12 18	1 22 56	26 17
		9 02	10 22	4 23

가 가

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A ‘ , 2 46 ,
 1 6 , 30 , 가
 (< III-4>).
 가

B ‘ , 1 47 ,
 1 8 , 10 , 가
 (< -5>).
 가

가
 C ‘ , 5 10 ,
 3 53 , 32 (< -6>).

C

가

가

“
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A

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(< -7>).

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< -7> A

	22 40	20 00	13 2	3 30	2 42	2 42	21 10	2 50	4 58
	-	-	3 38	-	48	2 43	-	-	2 12
	22 40	20 00	16 40	3 30	3 30	5 25	21 10	2 50	7 10
	2 16	2 00	1 40	42	42	1 05	4 14	34	1 26

B ,

,

(< -8>).

< -8> B

	11 11	9 21	7 11	-	-	-	1 12	-	1 03
	-	1 50	4 11	-	1 30	-	-	-	36
	-	-	-	-	-	-	21 18	6 06	10 57
	-	-	2 01	-	-	-	15 24	13 36	21 36
	11 11	11 11	13 23	-	1 30	-	37 54	19 42	34 12
	1 01	1 01	1 13	-	15	-	6 19	3 17	5 42

C

(< -9>).

< -9> C

	24 24	23 2	20 2	3 20	2 20	1 51	-	-	1 03
	-	1 22	6 2	-	1	5 5	-	-	1 02
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10 07
	-	-	2 4	-	-	-	-	-	-
	24 24	24 24	28 8	3 20	3 20	6 56	-	-	12 12
	3 3	3 3	3 31	25	25	52	-	-	2 02

A, B, C

‘ , 50 ‘ , ’

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Jigsaw 가가 가

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Team-Teaching

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(1992). , , , .

(1993). - .

(1996). , : .

(1997). “ ”. 『 』 , 334, 22-25.

(1993). “ (ALT) ”. 『 』 . 17, 143- 166.

(1996). , : .

(1990).

(1988). , .

(1994). - .

(1997). “ ”. 『 』 , 334, 30-33.

(1989). - .

(1991). - , : .

(1989), “ ”. 『 』 .

(1995). “ ”. 『 』 , 7, 45-76.

(1990). 가 ,

(1989), , : .
 (1996). , : .
 (1988). ,
 (1999). , : .
 (1987). ,
 (1993). “ ”. 『 』 , 283,
 26-30.
 (1996). “ ”. 『 』 , 20,
 59-73.
 (1988).
 ,
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ABSTRACT

The Field Analysis of Teaching-Learning Methods in Vocational High Schools

Korea Research Institute for Vocational Education and Training

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Research Staff : Changkyo Seo

Sookyong Byun

The purpose of this research was to analyze the practical issue of teaching-learning methods in vocational high schools, through the field approach based on learning time analysis on the results of observation. Also we recommended various methods for the improvement of teaching-learning in vocational high schools. For this purpose, the research firstly, surveyed the characteristics of vocational high schools through diverse data in domestic and abroad. The research also analyzed the meaning of the lesson hour related to the teaching-learning method. Secondly, the research analyzed the situations and problems of the teaching-learning method in vocational high school classes with observation. Thirdly, the research searched the appropriate teaching-learning method in vocational high school classes, and groped out the desirable model. Fourth, the research examined the method of improvement applicable to the teaching-learning in vocational high

schools by means of the consultation between the expertises.

1. The Field Analysis of the Teaching-Learning Method

1) The analysis on the concentration rate and time span

The research showed that the students' average concentration time rates and time spans among 3 schools marked in its efficiency as the order of follow, "major practice subject, major theory subject and general subject"(major practical subject>major theoretical subject>general subject). The general subjects and major theory subjects were not remarkable on the difference of the concentration rates and time spans, but the general subjects and major practical subjects were distinguished significantly. That means, the concentration rates of the student were higher in activity centered subject than theoretical centered one (in their major practical subject).

The difference in the concentration rates on each subjects was obvious among lower grade marked students. Lower grade students shows variety in concentration rate depend on their kinds of subjects. Through this, we could derive that higher grade marked students generally have high and even concentration level unrelated to their subjects, but lower grade marked students are not.

Largely, in the case of the lower grade students, the concentration rates and time spans in major practical subjects were higher approximately 2.3-3.7 compared to the general subjects even though it is not all the way same to each schools. Like this lower level student's concentration rates in the major practical subjects were similar to higher level students, and sometimes it showed rather high depend on the schools.

From the fact, we noticed that lower level student's concentration rates and act of participating in practice center class was proved as high as higher level student in activity class.

Not only in major practical class, also in theoretical subject (general, major theory) lower level students demonstrated high concentration level, and we could derive mainly two facts from this teaching-learning method.

Firstly, this was remarkable in the case of activity class that guiding student into the active participation.

Secondly, teachers led the class related to students' real life in the class.

2) The analysis of the reduction of students' actual learning time

Virtually, student's actual class hour was lesser than 50 minutes (the formal class hour) because of many reasons. The analysis on the reduction of students' actual learning hour was performed by dividing it into 5 stages in the learning hour, furthering the individual students' actual learning hour as the following.

(1) According to the research, the reduction of actual learning time occurring between "the formal class hour" and "the actual class hour" proved that the official class hour of all of the observed schools was less than 50 minutes, and the cause of the time spent was mainly from teacher's delay walking and student's touring into the classroom.

(2) The loss of time from "the actual class hour" to "the whole lesson opportunity time" was emphasized in the general subject and major theoretical class (that are theory classes) than major practice subject (that is practical class). Especially, the loss of class hour was attribute to the teacher controlling students during the general and major theoretical

class that are theory classes. Also, in the subject with which advanced media etc., lab class, the loss of time was mainly caused by the class preparation, and teachers' lab material manipulation, and in the general subject by the checking of presence and the text progress etc.

(3) The loss of learning time between "the whole lesson opportunity" and "the actual lesson opportunity" occurred from the students finished the learning task early, and from the students who waiting their turns in the lab class whose material was insufficient.

2. Conclusion

Consequently, in the aspect of the teaching-learning quality, it proved that (1) the student's activity centered lesson(individual, group etc.) and (2) the students' real life, experience centered teaching method enhanced the concentration times spans most effectively among the high school students. Practicing the teaching- learning method, we pointed out the causes of the time loss in the lesson as a physical factor; teacher's delay of walking into the classroom, students' waiting for their turns and classroom touring etc. caused by insufficiency of lab material. So it was required that the eliminating of these causes at best in the teaching-learning method.

Applying this data based on the desirable teaching-learning methode and the model class in vocational high schools as the appropriate methods, what should be ahead of for improvement in educational field were as followed.

The effective devices of the teaching- learning method in qualities were, first, the evaluation of the learner's level and capacity through the

placement test from the beginning of the class, second, the selection of the curriculums that exposes the student's real life and experience, third, the arrangement of student's activity centered class hour, and in last, the effective application of diverse lesson material.

The issues and resolutions for the quantitative aspect of the teaching-learning were (1) the set up of successive lesson both general subjects and major theoretical subjects, (2) the running of full time subject classes, (3) the installment of facility and equipment, (4) the emphasizing of the general subject teacher's training, (5) connection between the general subjects and major subjects, (6) the text revise that pursuing students' activities, (7) the improvement of curriculum and time for the employment of highly qualified expertises, and (8) the searching and extension of the high-quality teaching-learning methods in the real classroom.

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Unit	2. Does the Sun Shine in Your Country? (A play in main text)		Class	1st Year	Date	
			Period	8 9/ 15	Teacher	
Objective	1. Students are able to understand and explain a main text. 2. Students are able to use the expressions of 'must be, to tell the truth, for.'					
	Activities					
Step	Procedure	Teacher	Learner		Aids	time
Intro- duction	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Greeting • Roll call • Review • Aims 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To share greeting • To check the attendance • Asking those words and phrases : to tell the truth must be for • Presenting today's key point explain today's lesson 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To share greeting • To listen to teacher • Answering teacher's questions • To listen to teacher 			5'
Devel- opment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Main Text 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Checking the small groups • Explaining the difficult sentences that they don't understand well. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To look all unknown words by using their English Dictionary. • To memorize them one another • To comprehend the main text. • To explain the sentences one another 			30'
Consoli- -dation	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explaining 		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explaining the main text 		OHP, Computer	10'
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Summar-izing 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Summarizing the lesson • Presenting next lesson 				5'

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	<p>(1) Reviewing : · ask individually</p> <p>(2) Development :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Have students close their English books and just listen to the Reading and ask them what they've heard or grasped. · Through OHP, present the Reading which students're gonna learn today. · Have students read it through and tell its content. · Go over the lesson : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> check new words & expressions have students themselves interpret the text and then check their interpretation by doing together with the teacher. after that, reinterpret the text without the teacher. while listening to the explanation, take notes if necessary. · Show the words & expressions cards related to the today's lesson and have students pronounce each card and tell its meaning. · Give students some time they can review.(3 5minutes) · Group Activity (with OHP) : divide the class into four teams and have each team make its own name. The team will be the winner who guess right the most. To the team, give candies as the reward. <p>(3) Conclusion :</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> · Give again some time which students can review . · Give each student a test-paper related to the today's lesson and have students solve it. · Give instant feedback-their results of the test- . · Again give some time to study and retest students. <p>If students cannot show their developed grade even in the second test, give them some homework-ex) write several times the part they couldn't reach.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> · OHP · words & expressions cards · OHP · candies & stationery goods · test-paper 	

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3		HC- 8902A	1	4			
5		ED- 1400	1	6			
1	IC	7404	1	14		28 × 62	1
2	"	7408	1	15			
3	"	7411	1	16			
4	"	7432	1	17			
5	"	7486	1	18			
6	IC	8	1	19			
7	"	14	5	20			
8	SW	KSD- 04	1	21			
9		1k	4	22			
10	"	330	4	23			
11		ø 0.5	3m	24			
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13		SN 60%	1m	26			
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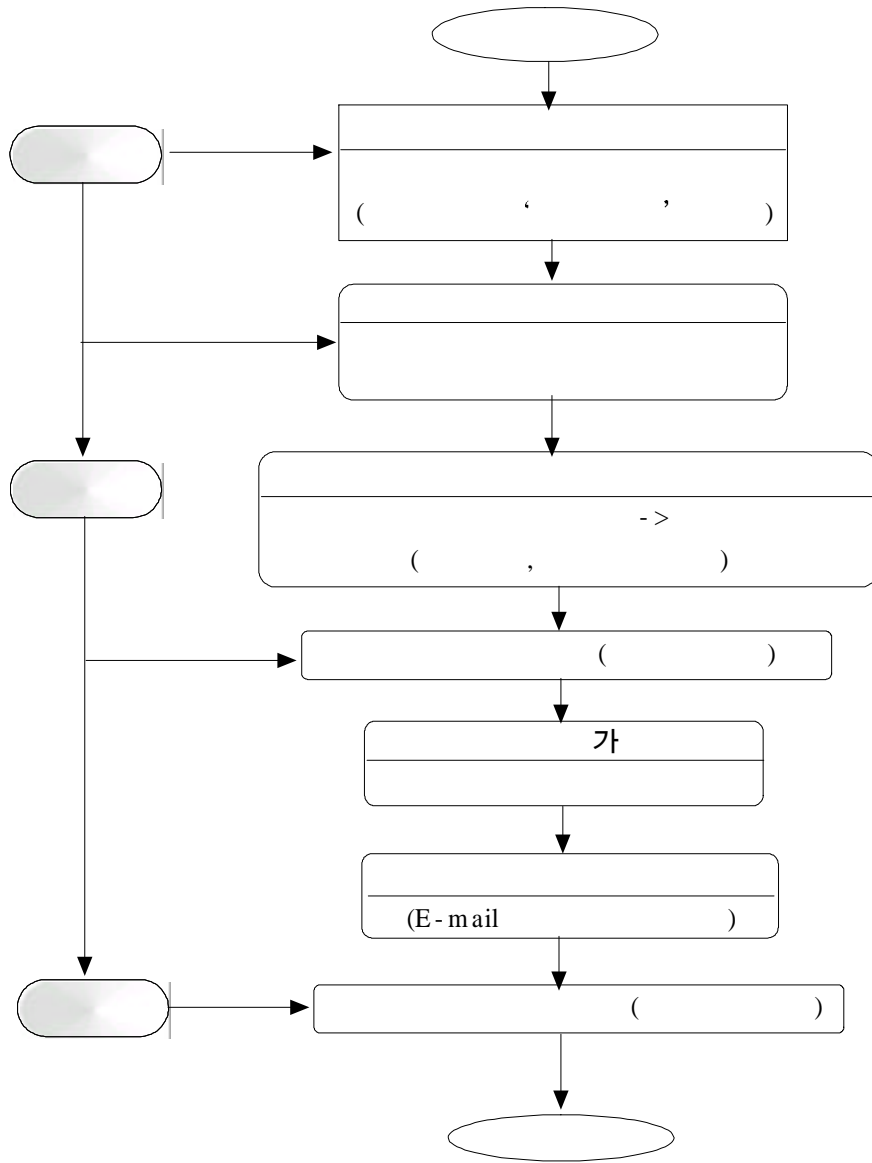
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		1. event procedure event 가 .			가 · homepage - Docucom ()	

				()	
		<p>1. 가 (1) 가</p> <p>2. 가</p> <p>3. (event) : ()</p> <p>4. : 가</p> <p>5. 「 2」 textbox 大韓民國 가</p> <p>1) command button 「 2 」 「 」</p> <p>txtdata.text= "大韓民國"</p> <p>2)</p>	.vbp open	30	

			()	
		<p>6. 「 3」 textbox 「 」 1) command button 「 3 」 「 」 txtdata.text= " " 2) 3 7.</p>		
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		<p>1) 2) 가</p>		5 1

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: [http:// www.krivet.re.kr](http://www.krivet.re.kr)

: (02) 3485-5113

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16-1681 (1998. 6. 11)

ISBN 89-8436-021-2 93370

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