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FOREWORD

In the past few decades, new socio-ecomomic indicators have been developed in Korea in order to adequately reflect the dramatic changes in many spheres of the society. These indicators have been widely utilized by researchers and general users. Also, these indicators have helped policy makers to establish right policies for the nation, thereby contributing to the increase of national competitiveness and the quality of life of the people.

The need to develop comparable indicators in the field of vocational education and training(VET) in Korea did not go unnoticed. Right after her launching, KRIVET initiated a study called 'Basic Research to Develop Vocational Education and Training Indicators' in 1998. The result of the study has been published in April, 1999, in a book titled "Vocational and Training Indicators in Korea, 1998." However, due to the limit in time and raw data, the book mostly focused on reconstructing existing data on vocational education and training. This book "Vocational Education and Training Indicators in Korea, 1999" is made with an effort to revise the system of VET indicators established in 1998 and to reinforce the international comparison part. The VET indicators in the field of international comparison are prepared based on the standard of international indicators set by OECD.

We hope the data and statistics included in this book will be utilized as valuable data resources for policy makers, vocational education and training professionals, administrators, researchers, and the general public. We will make continuous efforts to improve and supplement the vocational education and training indicators, and to develop new indicators for new areas. We ask the reader and user of this book for continued interest and comments, which we will reflect on our next edition of vocational education and training indicators.

Last but not least, we thank every project team member in their efforts. Special thanks goes to our research assistants in their exhaustive efforts of entering the extensive list of data.

Mu-Keun Lee President, KRIVET

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How to Read the Book

- The data included in this book is based on the statistics released by go vernment agencies and major research institutions in Korea. Data sources are included at the bottom of each table.
- 2. The overall structure of the indicators and the order of the statistical tables included in this book reflect the results of the project Basic Research for Vocational Education and Training Indicators (1998). Due to the lack of available data and editing difficulties, some deviation from the guidelines was necessary.
- Most individual indicator items are shown in both table and graph. However, some
 including international comparison indicators on VET are shown only in table. To
 denote a graph which is connected to a specific table, G is attached to the serial
 number of the table.
- 4. Statistical tables, whenever possible, include data information that goes as far back as 1980. In other cases, data collection for the indicator items started in the earlist year on the tables.
- 5. Some of the numerical information shown in the tables, particularly percentages and population statistics, do not add up to the total due to rounding errors. (In most cases, the numbers are rounded to the second place below the decimal point.)
- 6. Among the types of vocational high school(ex: Table # 3-2), the category 'comprehensive' indicates schools having both vocational and general education programs, and the category 'vocational' indicates schools comprised of general, technical, commercial and home economics departments.
- 7. The name for polytechnic universities have been changed from industrial junior colleges to industrial universities (1981, May), and to polytechnic colleges in December, 1991. Due to the changes, the data on polytechnic universities (ex; Table 2-1) are missing in the previous years.
- 8. The note (-) on the statistical tables indicates that the pertinent data is missing.
- 9. All the questions and comments for the data included in the book should be addressed directly to the institutions which originally released the statistics, or to the manager of Publication & Marketing Team at KRIVET.

Phone : 02) 3485-5051Fax : 02) 3485-5046

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I. Overview of the Vocational Education & Training Indicators

1. Definition

The VET indicators included in this book represent the current status of vocational education and training in Korea. The book is an attempt to capture the general status of VET in Korea, and to evaluate how closely the current status meets the original purpose and goal of the vocational education and training.

2. Function

This book aims to accomplish the following functions;

- (1) Measuring the current status of VET in Korea and reporting the outcomes of VET
- (2) Capturing and forecasting the changes in VET
- (3) Measuring and evaluating the goal, the process, and results of VET policies

3. Scope

The VET indicators include the following areas.

(1) Vocational Education

Vocational education refers to the vocational education programs at the level of upper secondary education and higher education offered in regular schools as specified by the industrial education promotion act and other laws of vocational education. The details are shown in <Figure 1>.

(2) Vocational Training

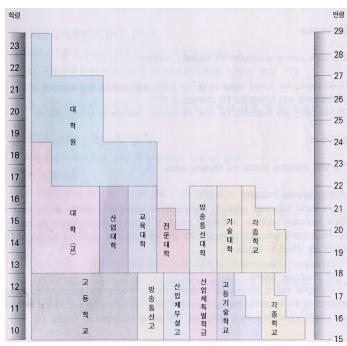
Vocational training includes the programs offered in vocational training institutions as specified in the vocational training foundation act. It includes programs offered in public and private vocational training institutions. The details are shown in <Table 1>.

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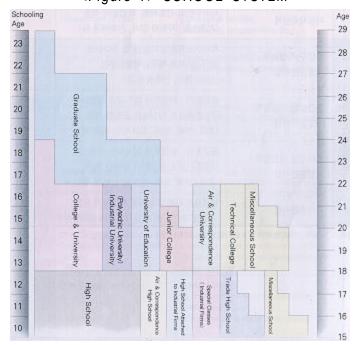


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(3) Other Vocational Education and Training

Other vocational education and training includes programs offered in vocational education and training institutions other than those specified in (1) and (2).

Examples are vocational education and training programs offered in university continuing education centers, private institutes, and vocational training programs administered by authorities other than the ministry of education (MOE) and the ministry of labor (MOL).



<Figure 1> SCHOOL SYSTEM

Source: Ministry of Education, Statistical Yearbook of Education, 1999

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<Table 1> Vocational Training

public	Public Organizations - Korea Manpower Agency - Korean Chamber of Commerce & Industry - Korea Employment Promotion for the Disabled	- Trades in demand by all industries (metal and machine processing, fine machineries) - Trades for export-oriented industries (jewelry processing, dying, weaving) - Training of Skilled Workers (Electronic Appliance Machines)		
training	Central Governmental Agencies - Department of Law	Trades for the youth and the inmates in correctional facilities (bricklaying, woodworking etc.)		
	Local Autonomies	Trades demended by local industries (machine assembly, automobile repairs, building pipelining etc.)		
	Employer's Vocational Competency Developing Training Facilities (EVCDT)	Trades in demand by the companies (shelving, electronics, construction woodworking, etc.)		
private	Training Cooperation's Vocational Competency Developing Training Facilities	Trades not included in public training and employer's vocational competency training (cooking, off-set printing, wallpapering, data processing, hair-salons)		
training	Other Designated Vocational Competency Developing Training Facilities	Trades not included in public training and employer's vocational competency training (cooking, off-set printing, wallpapering, data processing, hair-salons)		
	Other Traning Facilities	Types of training - to improve the re-employability of the unemployed - to improve job ability of the employed		

Source: Ministry of Labor, Yearbook of Vocational Training, 1999. 8

" (system approach model)"

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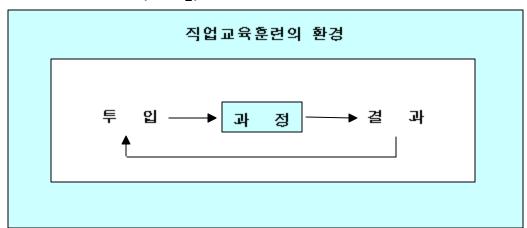
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II. The System of Vocational Education and Training Indicators

The system of VET indicators is established based on the "system's approach model". As shown in the <Figure 2>, the system is largely divided into the area of vocational education and training which is the inner part, and the environment which comprised the outer part of VET. The inner part is further divided into categories of input, process, and result. Altogether, the environment, input, process, and the result constitute a system of vocational education and training and, at the same time, the goal areas of vocational education and training indicators. Each goal area is comprised of related areas of concern, and each area of concern is comprised of areas of sub-concern. Areas of concern and areas of sub-concern are as shown in <Table 2>. This framework is extended to the area of international comparison. The part of international comparison, which is an additional goal area, is also comprised of environment, input, proceess, and result.

Environment of Vocational Education and Training

Input
Process Result

< Figure 2> System of Vocational Education and Training indicator

(1) The Environment of VET Indicators

The area of environment covers the factors surrounding vocational education and training and concerns the political,, economic, social, and cultural backdrops for vocational education and training to take place.

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(2) The Input of VET Indicators

The area of input includes the factors related to the support of vocational education and training. It covers human, physical and financial resources needed for vocational education and training.

(3) The Process of VET Indicators

The area of process represents the organization of vocational education and training, and the distribution and conversion process of the input factors. It explains the process vocational education and training takes place and the resources invested turn into results.

(4) The Result of VET Indicators

The area of result shows the effect and outcome of vocational education and training. It provides the data based on which the outcomes of vocational education and training are evaluated and a new standard is established.

(5) International Comparison of VET Indicators

In the era of globalization, the area of international comparison compares the level of vocational education and training in Korea with those of leading countries. This area represents the level of international competitiveness of Korea in terms of human resource development. This area, based on system approach, is comprised of environment, input, process, and result. The indicators on this area are prepared based on the international standards of major international organizations such as OECD, ILO, and UNESCO.

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<Table 2> Table of Vocational Education and Training Indicator System

Goal	Concerns		
	1-1. Demographics		
1. Environment	1-2. Socio-Economic Structure		
1. Environment	1-3. Labor Markets		
	1-4. Vocational Consciousness		
	2-1. Opportunities		
2. Input	2-2. Facilities		
	2-3. Administration / Finance		
	3-1. Structure		
	3-2. Students / Trainees		
3. Process	3-3. Teachers		
	3-4. Learning Process		
	3-5. Career Guidance		
	4-1. Graduation		
4. Result	4-2. Earnings		
4. Result	4-3. Qualification		
	4-4. Achievement		
	5-1. Environment		
5. International Comparison	5-2. Input		
5. International Companson	5-3. Process		
	5-4. Result		

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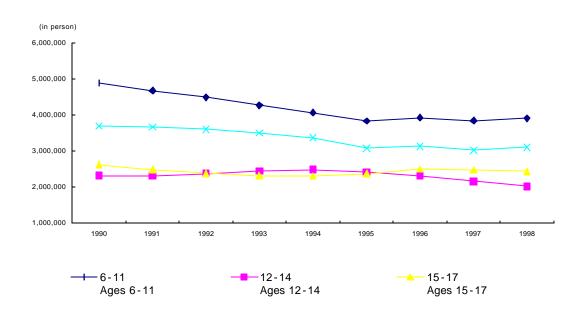
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1-1. Distribution of School-Age Population

:							In	person
	6 - 11		12 - 14		15 - 17		18 - 21	
	Ages		Ages		Ages		Ages	
	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female
1980	5,499,265	2,646,349	2,599,386	1,255,111	2,670,705	1,285,237	3,631,634	1,753,973
1985	4,862,906	2,353,645	2,780,223	1,347,679	2,708,942	1,313,893	3,394,665	1,640,240
1990	4,876,801	2,358,682	2,312,263	1,123,644	2,618,360	1,280,426	3,690,170	1,780,091
1991	4,662,554	2,248,883	2,313,018	1,118,300	2,481,058	1,200,170	3,658,231	1,774,392
1992	4,481,734	2,157,970	2,363,981	1,143,523	2,378,830	1,150,191	3,600,032	1,747,045
1993	4,265,756	2,050,544	2,438,089	1,180,007	2,311,165	1,117,951	3,493,266	1,694,347
1994	4,057,704	1,945,012	2,479,888	1,200,682	2,302,398	1,114,359	3,358,497	1,627,387
1995	3,824,982	1,829,759	2,414,491	1,166,369	2,371,503	1,150,797	3,070,349	1,476,018
1996	3,914,706	1,850,381	2,312,164	1,136,235	2,497,547	1,208,287	3,124,101	1,510,715
1997	3,836,160	1,816,277	2,157,944	1,038,973	2,469,001	1,196,411	3,012,794	1,488,669
1998	3,900,665	1,838,845	2,012,965	966,345	2,433,946	1,178,633	3,097,238	1,501,286
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					Th	ne Future Es	timated Popu	<i>Ilation</i> , 1996.

1-1G.
Distribution of School-Age Population



1-2. • Average Years of Education by Sex and Age

In years 6-19 20-29 30-39 40-49 50 Average Ages Ages Ages Ages Ages 50 & Over 1975 8.83 6.62 6.16 8.12 6.56 2.74 7.61 6.26 9.25 9.33 7.90 4.02 Male 6.08 5.70 8.41 6.88 4.75 1.72 Female 1980 7.61 6.53 9.88 9.17 7.52 4.16 8.67 6.60 10.33 10.19 9.01 5.03 Male 9.44 6.63 6.10 8.10 5.95 2.25 Female 1985 6.71 10.96 10.12 8.52 8.58 4.55 9.66 6.71 11.34 10.93 9.88 6.49 Male 7.58 6.71 10.61 9.28 7.14 3.08 Female 1990 7.74 12.03 9.52 5.53 9.54 11.09 10.55 7.70 12.26 11.78 10.64 7.56 Male 7.79 10.37 3.92 8.58 11.81 8.35 Female 1995 10.25 6.97 12.70 12.13 10.51 6.46 11.18 6.74 12.70 12.69 11.39 8.52 Male 7.22 9.37 12.70 11.56 9.58 4.81 Female

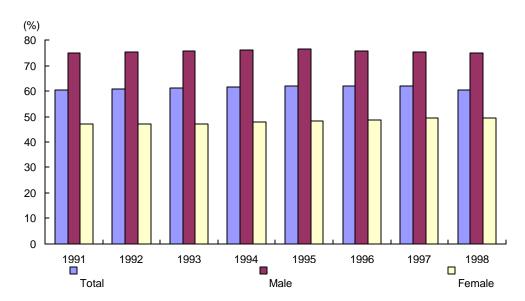
> Source: National Statistical Office, Population & Housing Census, various years.

1-3. 가 Economically Active Population & Labor Force Participation Rate

:	, %			In 1,000	persons, %	
	15 Population 15years old and	Economically Active Population	Labor F	가 Force Participatio	가 Participation Rate	
			Total	Male	Female	
1980	24,463	14,431	59.0	76.4	42.8	
1985	27,553	15,592	56.6	72.3	41.9	
1990	30,887	18,539	60.0	74.0	47.0	
1991	31,422	19,048	60.6	74.9	47.3	
1992	31,898	19,426	60.9	75.5	47.3	
1993	32,400	19,803	61.1	76.0	47.2	
1994	32,939	20,326	61.7	76.4	47.9	
1995	33,558	20,797	62.0	76.5	48.3	
1996	34,285	21,243	62.0	76.1	48.7	
1997	34,842	21,662	62.2	75.6	49.5	
1998	35,362	21,456	60.7	75.2	49.5	
:	, ,	, 1998 . ,		Source : Nationa Social Indica	al Statistical Office, ators in Korea,	
1998.				Annual Renor	t on Economically	

Annual Report on Economically Active Population Survey, various years.

1-3G. 가 Labor Force Participation Rate by Sex



: %																9
	To	otal	15 - Ag	19 ges	20 - Ag	24 ges	25 - Ag	29 ges	30 - Aç	39 ges	40 - 4 Ag		50 - Ag	59 ges	60 Abo	ve
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
1989	73.4	46.6	11.7	18.7	60.2	63.6	90.8	42.9	97.0	52.9	94.5	62.3	86.6	57.2	49.1	25.8
1990	74.0	47.0	10.8	18.7	60.2	64.6	91.9	42.6	97.1	53.2	95.0	62.2	87.6	57.5	49.9	26.4
1991	74.9	47.3	11.2	18.8	59.8	65.9	92.1	42.6	97.2	53.7	95.5	61.1	88.4	57.4	50.7	26.5
1992	75.5	47.3	11.7	17.4	58.2	65.3	91.3	44.1	97.1	52.3	95.9	60.7	88.6	57.8	53.2	27.8
1993	76.0	47.2	10.5	16.7	56.5	64.5	90.7	44.5	97.1	52.9	95.7	61.9	88.4	55.7	52.3	26.8
1994	76.4	47.9	10.4	15.5	58.2	64.6	90.2	45.6	96.9	53.9	95.8	62.8	88.2	56.5	53.8	28.0
1995	76.5	48.3	9.3	14.5	57.9	66.1	89.7	47.8	97.0	53.2	96.0	63.8	87.9	56.4	54.2	28.9
1996	76.1	48.7	8.7	13.4	58.1	66.0	88.5	51.0	96.9	54.6	96.1	64.1	87.9	55.5	54.6	29.3
1997	75.6	49.5	8.6	13.0	56.9	66.4	88.1	54.1	96.8	55.8	95.5	65.0	88.2	56.1	54.9	30.3
1998	75.2	47.0	9.2	12.0	54.3	61.0	86.9	51.8	96.3	53.1	94.8	62.7	87.1	53.1	52.1	28.1
:	,		, 1998	3.				,	Source :	National	Statistica	al Office,	Social	Indicators	in Kore	a, 1998

Source: National Statistical Office, Social Indicators in Korea, 1998.

Annual Report on the Economically Active Populaion Survey, various years.

1-5. Distribution of the Employed by Industry

	Agriculture, Forestry & Fishery	%	Mining & Manufacturin	%	Mining	Manufac- turing	SOC & Other Services	%	Construction	n Wholesale and Retail Trade, Restaurant s & Hotels	Storage & Communi-	Community Social & Personal Services
1980	4,654	34.0	3,079	22.5	124	2,995	5,951	43.5	843	2,625	619	332
1985	3,733	24.9	3,659	24.4	155	3,504	7,578	50.6	911	3,377	701	563
1990	3,237	17.9	4,990	27.6	79	4,911	9,858	54.5	1,346	3,935	923	945
1991	3,064	16.5	5,061	27.2	66	4,994	10,487	56.3	1,550	4,086	983	1,023
1992	2,998	15.8	4,923	25.9	64	4,860	11,111	58.4	1,663	4,433	1,641	3,374
1993	2,849	14.7	4,730	24.5	53	4,677	11,750	60.8	1,689	4,852	1,714	3,496
1994	2,731	13.7	4,754	23.9	40	4,714	12,420	62.4	1,781	5,207	1,763	3,671
1995	2,534	12.4	4,508	23.6	27	4,797	13,074	64.0	1,905	5,378	1,859	3,933
1996	2,429	11.7	4,715	22.6	23	4,692	13,673	65.7	1,971	5,643	1,927	4,132
1997	2,385	11.3	4,508	21.4	26	4,482	14,213	67.3	2,004	5,805	2,000	4,404
1998	2,480	12.4	3,919	19.6	21	3,898	13,595	68.0	1,578	5,571	1,992	4,453

: , 1999.

Source: National Statistical Office, Social Indicators in Korea, 1999.

1) 1992

After 1992, the new classification system of industries is applied.

1-6. **Production Structrue**

: % % . 가 가 Minin Manufac Electricity, ConstructicWholesale **Producers** Industri Import Aari. & Retail Tranport, Finance, Community, of Forestry 9 Producers of Duties Imputed es Gas & n Governmen turing Trade, Storage Insurance, Social & Non-Profit Bank & Fishery Water Restauran t Services Real Estate Personal Services to Service ts & Commun& Business Services Households Change Hotels Services 1980 89.0 14.7 8.0 13.3 7.6 11.1 2.5 1.9 4.9 1.5 28.2 2.1 7.6 3.4 1985 89.3 12.5 29.3 3.4 7.2 3.9 2.7 1.1 3.0 7.6 13.6 7.3 11.5 2.4 8.5 7.4 1990 90.3 0.8 28.8 2.1 11.4 13.4 6.7 14.7 3.9 2.0 3.9 3.5 1991 90.8 7.6 0.7 29.0 2.0 12.6 13.0 6.6 15.2 4.0 7.4 1.9 3.3 3.4 16.5 7.7 1992 91.1 7.4 0.6 28.7 2.1 12.0 12.8 6.7 4.3 2.0 3.0 3.8 1993 7.7 3.4 90.9 6.7 0.5 28.8 2.2 12.0 12.6 6.6 17.1 4.4 2.0 2.7 1994 17.7 0.5 29.0 90.9 6.5 2.2 11.2 12.6 6.6 4.5 7.6 2.1 2.8 3.4 1995 91.1 6.2 0.5 29.4 2.1 11.3 12.5 18.1 7.4 2.1 3.1 3.8 6.6 4.6 1996 90.8 5.8 28.9 2.1 11.6 12.0 6.6 18.6 4.8 2.3 3.2 3.9 0.4 7.6 90.5 5.4 2.1 6.6 19.1 5.0 2.4 3.4 28.9 11.4 7.6 3.9 1997 0.4 11.6 1998 90.5 4.9 2.5 0.4 30.7 2.3 10.1 10.6 6.9 19.6 5.0 8.0 2.8 3.9

, 1999.

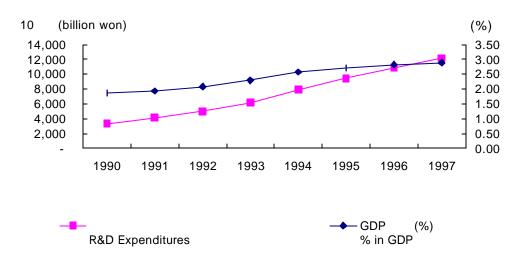
Source: National Statistical Office, Major Statistics of Korean Economy, 1999.

1-7. GDP Research & Development Expenditures in GDP

	Number o	of R & D Orgar	() lizations (I	() R&D	(10) _ R & D		
	Total	R & D Institutes	College Univ.	Companie s	Personnel (In Persons)	Expenditures (In Billion Won)	GDP (%) % in GDP
1980	647	124	202	321	18,434	183	0.74
1985	1,291	119	217	928	41,473	1,237	1.51
1990	2,105	167	220	1,718	70,503	3,350	1.87
1991	2,351	187	221	1,943	76,252	4,158	1.93
1992	3,106	212	237	2,657	88,764	4,989	2.08
1993	3,318	210	244	2,864	98,764	6,153	2.30
1994	2,640	217	244	2,179	117,446	7,895	2.58
1995	2,587	178	257	2,152	128,315	9,441	2.71
1996	2,856	163	258	2,435	132,023	10,878	2.82
1997	2,962	184	271	2,507	138,438	12,186	$2.89^{3)}$

Source: Ministry of Science & Technology, Science & Technology Annual, various years.

1-7G. GDP Research & Development Expenditures in GDP



^{1) 1985}

Starting from 1985, medical institutions with R & D activities are included in total R & D organizations.

R & D expenditures in social sciences and humanities are excluded. 3) 1997 GDP . The ratio to GDP in 1997 is a provisional value.

1-8. Distribution of the Employed by Occupation

: ,	%									In 1,000 p	persons, %
											,
	Total Employed Persons	Pro., Tech. Manag	., Adm., iers	Clerk	s	Services & Work		Agri., Fore Fishery Wo	estry & orkers	Craft, Ma Operato Assemb	rs &
		Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
1980	13,706	730	5.3	1,266	9.2	3,068	22.4	4,652	33.9	3,990	29.1
1985	14,935	1,087	7.3	1,723	11.5	3,927	26.3	3,675	24.6	4,522	30.3
1990	18,085	1,575	8.7	2,352	13.0	4,645	25.7	3,216	17.8	6,298	34.8
1991	18,677	1,720	9.2	2,487	13.3	4,875	26.1	3,036	16.3	6,558	35.1
1992	19,033	1,907	10.0	2,739	14.4	5,015	26.3	2,974	15.6	6,397	33.6
1993	19,328	1,981	10.2	2,898	15.0	5,450	28.2	2,823	14.6	6,176	32.0
1994	19,837	3,074	15.5	2,433	12.3	4,288	21.6	2,671	13.5	7,370	37.2
1995	20,377	3,336	16.4	2,510	12.3	4,464	21.9	2,511	12.3	7,556	37.1
1996	20,817	3,529	17.0	2,568	12.3	4,688	22.5	2,319	11.1	7,714	37.1
1997	21,106	3,687	17.5	2,572	12.2	4,868	23.1	2,273	10.8	7,706	36.5
1998	19,994	6,741	18.7	2,418	12.1	4,736	23.7	2,364	11.8	6,741	33.7

, , 1997. Source : National Statistical Office, , . Annual Report on the Economically Active

Source: National Statistical Office, Social Indicators in Korea, 1997.

Annual Report on the Economically Active Population Survey, various years.

1-9. Distribution of the employed by Worker Status

: (%) In 1,000 persons, (%)

			Unpaid W	orkers		Wage & Salary Workers					
	Total Employed	Self-Employed	가 Non paid-Family Workers	Sub Total	Regular Employees	Temporary Employees	Daily Workers	Sub Total			
	Persons										
1980	13,706	4,645(33.9)	2,577(18.8)	7,222(52.7)	4,171(30.4)	1,013(7.4)	1,301(9.5)	6,485(47.3)			
1985	14,935	4,663(31.2)	2,132(14.3)	6,795(45.5)	5,081(34.0)	1,622(10.9)	1,386(9.3)	8,089(54.2)			
1990	18,085	5,068(28.0)	2,067(11.4)	7,135(39.5)	5,938(32.8)	3,171(17.5)	1,840(10.2)	10,949(60.5)			
1991	18,677	5,236(28.0)	2,036(10.9)	7,272(38.9)	6,294(33.7)	3,275(17.5)	1,836(9.8)	11,405(61.1)			
1992	19,033	5,421(28.5)	1,993(10.5)	7,414(39.0)	6,617(34.8)	3,223(16.9)	1,778(9.3)	11,618(61.0)			
1993	19,328	5,451(28.2)	2,084(10.8)	7,535(39.0)	6,929(35.8)	3,139(16.2)	1,725(8.9)	11,793(61.0)			
1994	19,905	5,542(27.8)	2,037(10.2)	7,579(38.1)	7,131(35.8)	3,421(17.2)	1,773(8.9)	12,325(61.9)			
1995	20,432	5,694(27.9)	1,955(9.6)	7,649(37.4)	7,429(36.4)	3,545(17.4)	1,809(8.9)	12,783(62.6)			
1996	20,817	5,811(27.9)	1,941(9.3)	7,752(37.2)	7,401(35.6)	3,860(18.5)	1,804(8.7)	13,065(62.8)			
1997	21,106	5,981(28.3)	1,899(9.0)	7,880(37.3)	7,151(33.9)	4,182(19.8)	1,892(9.0)	13,225(62.7)			
1998	19,994	5,776(28.9)	2,208(10.1)	7,804(39.0)	6,457(32.3)	3,998(20.0)	1,735(8.7)	12,190(61.0)			

, . Source : National Statistical Office,
Annual Report on the Economically Active Population Survey, various years.

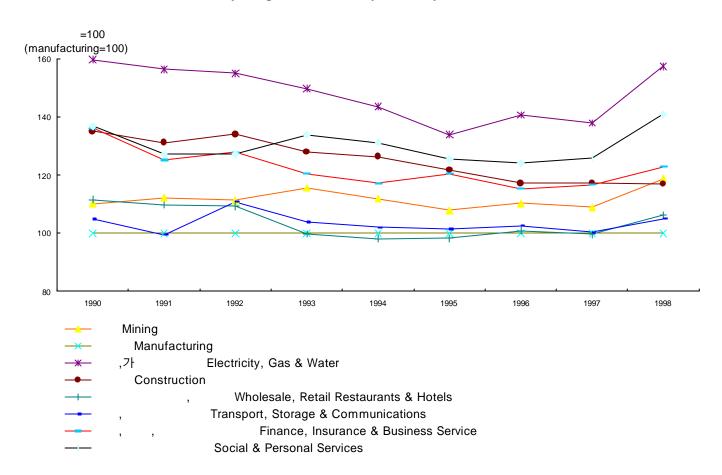
1-10.

Monthly Wages by Industry

=100, (In 1,000 Won, Manufacturing=100, (Wage differences) Monthly Wages , 가 Social & Personal Mining Manufac Electricity, Construction Wholesale and Transport, Total Wage Index Finance, Employe d Gas & Water Services -turing Retail Trade Storage & (1995=10)Insurance & Restaurants Communicatio 0) Business Service Persons ns & Hotels 14.5 203(145.4) 147(100.0) 1980 176 283(179.5) 258(197.2) 211(139.1) 203(136.9) 282(170.6) 275(187.4) 26.3 325(130.8) 1985 324 270(100.0) 575(199.2) 400(168.7) 372(132.5) 342(133.2) 519(183.7) 484(185.8) 51.6 605(110.2) 591(100.0) 1990 642 953(159.9) 745(135.2) 655(111.6) 584(104.9) 852(136.2) 827(136.9) 61.3 711(112.3) 690(100.0) 1,124(156.6) 885(131.2) 773(109.8) 699(99.5) 1991 754 930(125.3) 939(127.2) 72.5 860(111.4) 884(109.3) 1992 869 799(100.0) 1,216(155.2) 1,020(134.1) 778(110.9) 1,054(127.9) 1,079(127.2) 80.0 980(115.6) 885(100.0) 1,324(149.8) 1,155(128.0) 942(99.8) 863(103.9) 1,171(120.5) 1,256(134.0) 1993 975 1994 1.099 87.6 1.096(111.9) 1,022(100.0) 1,425(143.6) 1,270(126.5) 1,035(98.2) 955(102.1) 1.273(117.2) 1,407(131.2) 1995 1.222 100.0 1,195(107.9) 1,124(100.0) 1,608(134.0) 1,384(121.8) 1,144(98.3) 1,070(101.5) 1,459(120.5) 1,553(125.5) 113.0 1,380(110.4) 1,261(100.0) 1,695(124.1) 1996 1.367 1,917(140.8) 1,501(117.2) 1,284(100.9) 1,260(102.6) 1,567(115.4) 1997 1.463 123.2 1,535(109.0) 1,326(100.0) 2,079(138.0) 1,624(117.4) 1,394(99.7) 1,398(100.4) 1,646(116.8) 1,816(125.9) 1998 1,427 119.3 1,525(118.8) 1,284(100.0) 2,022(157.5) 1,502(117.0) 1,365(106.3) 1,350(105.1) 1,579(123.0) 1,811(141.0)

Source: Ministry of Labour, Report on Monthly Labour Survey, various issues.

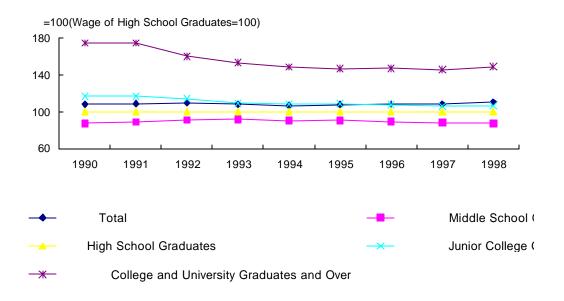
1-10G.
Monthly Wage Differnces by Industry



1-11. Wage Differences by Educational Attainment

:	=10	0		Wage of High School Graduat					
	Total	Middle School Graduates and Under	High School Graduates	Junior College Graduates	College and University Graduates and Over				
1980	96.9	72.7	100.0	145.7	217.3				
1985	104.5	79.3	100.0	129.5	214.7				
1990	108.0	87.7	100.0	116.7	174.6				
1991	108.8	89.0	100.0	116.7	174.6				
1992	109.7	91.2	100.0	114.1	160.3				
1993	108.0	91.9	100.0	109.0	153.1				
1994	106.9	90.5	100.0	108.0	148.4				
1995	107.8	90.9	100.0	108.7	146.8				
1996	108.5	89.4	100.0	107.7	147.2				
1997	108.5	88.5	100.0	106.0	145.5				
1998	110.4	87.5	100.0	106.6	149.0				
:	,	,	· s		ource:Ministry of Labour, oge S <i>tructure,</i> various year.				

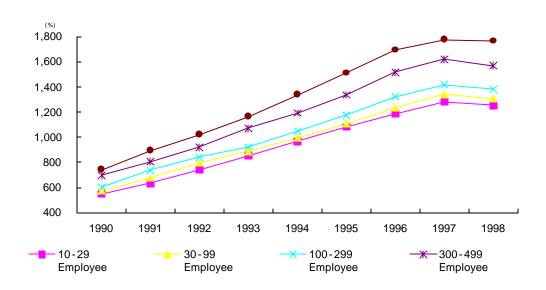
1-11G.
Wage Differences by Educational Attainment



1-12. Wages by Establishment Size

: ,	%					In 1,000	Won, %
	Total	10-29 Employee	30-99 Employee	100-299 Employee	300-499 Employee	500 Above 500 employee	Wage Difference
1980	176	166	177	173	183	178	107.2
1985	324	308	314	308	340	344	111.7
1990	642	549	572	603	698	741	135.0
1991	754	633	676	736	804	892	140.9
1992	869	740	794	841	920	1.019	137.7
1993	975	854	888	921	1,070	1,164	136.3
1994	1,099	969	995	1,046	1,194	1,338	138.1
1995	1,222	1,082	1,108	1,175	1,334	1,511	139.6
1996	1,367	1,187	1,233	1,323	1,517	1,693	142.6
1997	1,463	1,283	1,342	1,418	1,619	1,774	138.3
1998	1,427	1,255	1,307	1,382	1,570	1,765	140.6
:	,		,			ource : Minis	

1-12G. Wages by Establishment Size



1-13. , Average Working Hours per Week by Sex and Industry

						, 가			,	, ,	n hours
	Whole Industry		stry	Mining	Manufacturi ng	Electricity, Gas & Water	Constructio n	Wholesale and Retail Trade, Restaurants & Hotels	Transport, Storage & Communications	Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Service	Social & Personal Services
	Total	Male	Female								
1980	51.6	50.9	52.6	42.0	53.1	48.6	50.4	50.5	50.4	45.4	47.2
1985	51.9	51.5	52.8	41.4	53.8	50.0	49.0	50.0	53.2	45.8	46.6
.990	48.2	48.2	48.4	36.2	49.8	47.8	45.8	47.5	48.8	43.6	44.5
991	47.9	48.0	47.8	39.5	49.3	48.6	45.6	47.8	48.7	44.2	44.6
992	47.5	47.7	47.3	39.5	48.7	49.2	46.0	47.5	48.3	44.4	44.8
993	47.5	47.7	47.1	40.7	48.9	48.0	46.6	46.5	47.2	45.6	44.7
994	47.4	47.6	47.0	41.8	48.7	47.7	45.8	46.6	47.0	45.9	44.2
995	47.8	47.9	47.1	43.6	49.2	48.9	45.8	46.3	47.7	45.6	44.4
996	47.3	47.7	46.4	43.6	48.4	49.7	45.0	45.5	49.3	46.2	44.5
997	46.7	47.1	45.8	43.9	47.8	49.2	44.5	44.9	48.4	45.9	44.3
998	45.9	46.2	45.1	43.8	46.1	49.0	44.3	44.7	47.7	46.2	44.3

, , 1998. Source : National Statistical Office, Social Indicators in Korea, 1998. , , , Ministry of Labour, Report on Monthly Labor Survey, various issues.

1-14.
Average Working Days per Month by Industry

				, 가					
	Whole Industry	Mining	Manufacturi ng	Electricity Gas & Water	Construction	Wholesale and Retail Trade, Restaurants & Hotels	Transport, Storage & Communications	Finance, Insurance, Real Estate & Business Service	&
1980	24.6	24.7	24.8	24.7	24.9	25.7	22.3	24.7	25.0
1985	24.7	24.2	24.2	25.1	25.3	25.6	23.3	24.6	24.9
1990	24.7	22.9	24.8	25.3	25.0	25.2	24.1	24.6	24.8
1991	24.7	23.7	24.7	25.3	25.0	25.3	24.3	24.8	24.8
1992	24.7	23.5	24.6	25.5	25.1	25.3	24.1	24.7	24.9
1993	24.7	23.5	24.7	25.4	25.1	25.0	23.9	24.6	24.9
1994	24.6	23.7	24.7	25.1	25	25.1	23.8	24.6	24.8
1995	24.6	23.8	24.6	25.4	24.9	25.0	23.8	24.5	24.8
1996	24.4	24.3	24.4	25.5	24.6	24.8	24.5	24.1	24.7
1997	24.2	24.2	24.1	25.5	24.6	24.7	24.4	23.9	24.6
1998	24.0	24.2	23.6	25.6	24.6	24.6	24.2	23.9	24.7

Source: National Statistical Office, Social Indicators in Korea, 1998. Ministry of Labour, Report on Monthly Labor Survey, various issues.

1-15. Employees and Regular Employees in Total Employment

:	, %								In 1,0	00 persons	, %
						Percentage	e of Employees		Re	egular Emp Rate	oloyment
	Total Employed Persons	Employees	Total	Male	Female	Agri., Forestry & Fishery	Mining & Manufacturing	SOC & Other Services	Total	Male	Female
1980	13,683	6,464	47.2	52.2	39.2	11.8	79.9	58.1	79.9	80.4	78.8
1985	14,970	8,104	54.1	58.0	48.2	11.7	86.1	59.6	82.8	85.8	77.3
1990	18,085	10,950	60.5	63.1	56.8	7.8	86.9	64.6	83.2	86.9	77.2
1991	18,612	11,349	61.0	63.4	57.4	7.3	85.6	64.8	83.9	86.6	79.4
1992	18,961	11,568	61.0	63.3	57.5	7.2	84.6	65.1	84.7	86.9	81.0
1993	19,253	11,751	61.0	63.5	57.4	6.9	84.9	64.5	85.4	87.4	82.1
1994	19,837	12,297	62.0	64.2	58.7	6.7	85.0	65.2	85.6	87.3	82.9
1995	20,377	12,736	62.5	64.8	59.1	7.1	84.6	65.2	85.9	87.5	83.2
1996	20,764	13,043	62.8	65.0	59.6	6.6	64.2	65.4	86.2	87.7	83.9
1997	21,048	13,228	62.8	64.8	60.1	6.8	83.0	65.6	85.7	87.3	83.2
1998	19,994	12,190	61.0	63.0	58.1	6.5	83.0	64.6	85.8	88.2	81.9

: , , 1998. , , , 1998. Source: National Statistical Office, Social Indicators in Korea,1998.

Annual Report of the Economically Active Population Survey, 1998.

1-16. Rate of Employment by Industry

				, 가					
	Average	Mining	Manufac -turing	Electricity, Gas & Water	Construction	Wholesale and Retail Trade Restaurants & Hotels	Transport, Storage & Communications	Finance, Insurance & Business Service	Social & Persona Services
1980	4.4	3.8	4.9	1.7	4.9	3.2	3.5	2.6	2.3
1985	3.7	3.2	4.3	1.5	3.7	3.1	2.9	2.0	1.9
1990	3.0	2.6	3.3	1.4	3.1	3.2	2.3	2.4	2.1
1991	3.1	2.4	3.5	1.3	2.9	3.3	2.4	2.8	1.9
1992	3.0	2.6	3.3	1.4	2.8	3.2	2.6	2.7	1.8
1993	3.0	3.2	3.4	0.8	3.9	3.0	2.8	2.4	1.5
1994	2.9	2.2	3.2	1.0	3.5	3.1	2.6	2.5	1.5
1995	2.8	2.0	3.0	1.5	3.6	3.2	2.7	2.6	1.6
1996	2.8	2.6	2.9	1.0	3.8	3.2	2.3	2.6	1.8
1997	2.3	1.9	2.5	0.8	2.6	2.7	2.0	2.1	1.6
1998	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.0	2.6	1.8	1.7	2.0	1.2

. , , , 1998.

Source: National Statistical Office, Social Indicators in Korea, 1998. Ministry of Labour, Report on Monthly Labor Survey, various issues.

1-17. Separation Rate by Industry

				, 가					
	Average	Mining	Manufac -turing	Electricity, Gas & Water	Construction	Wholesale and Retail Trade Restaurants & Hotels	Transport, Storage & Communications	Finance, Insurance & Business Service	Social & Persona Services
1980	4.8	3.7	5.6	1.5	4.9	3.5	3.8	2.5	2.0
1985	3.9	3.1	4.5	1.3	4.7	3.1	3.0	2.2	1.7
1990	3.2	3.2	3.8	0.8	2.4	3.2	2.2	2.1	1.7
1991	3.3	3.7	3.9	1.0	2.3	3.3	2.4	2.3	1.8
1992	3.2	3.6	3.9	1.0	2.5	3.3	2.5	2.5	1.7
1993	3.1	3.6	3.6	1.0	4.0	3.2	2.6	2.4	1.4
1994	2.9	3.1	3.1	1.0	3.4	3.2	2.7	2.5	1.4
1995	2.9	2.8	3.1	1.1	3.6	3.4	2.6	2.4	1.4
1996	2.9	2.6	3.1	0.9	4.0	3.5	2.3	2.5	1.6
1997	2.7	2.7	2.9	0.9	3.0	3.1	2.2	2.3	1.5
1998	2.7	2.8	2.9	1.1	3.3	3.3	2.0	2.7	1.4

; , , , , 1998.

Source: National Statistical Office, Social Indicators in Korea, 1998. Ministry of Labour, Report on Monthly Labor Survey, various issues.

1-18. The Unemployed by Age

: , % In 1,000 persons, % 15-19 Age 20-24 Age 25-29 40-49 Above Age 30-39 Age Age 50-59 Age 60 Total Number % 1980 557 14.9 23.7 21.2 14.9 0.7 83 132 97 83 40 17.4 118 7.2 5.5 1985 622 79 12.7 180 28.9 130 20.9 116 18.6 80 12.9 34 3 0.5 454 1.1 1990 59 13.0 126 27.8 23.1 83 18.3 48 10.6 32 7.0 5 105 433 13.5 32.6 92 21.0 68 15.5 10.5 25 5.7 0.9 1991 59 143 46 1992 466 13.1 32.0 103 22.1 80 17.2 44 9.4 25 5.4 1.1 61 149 5 551 57 22.3 20.2 48 8.7 27 4.9 0.9 10.3 186 33.8 1993 123 110 1994 490 45 9.2 151 30.8 23.7 97 19.8 51 10.4 23 4.7 1.0 116 5 1995 420 36 8.6 130 31.0 86 20.5 84 20.0 49 11.7 28 6.7 7 1.7 1996 426 32 7.5 29.6 22.8 86 20.2 51 12.0 27 6.3 1.6 126 97 7 1997 556 42 7.6 149 26.8 122 21.9 114 20.5 73 13.1 40 7.2 15 2.7 19.2 1998 1,461 86 5.9 258 17.7 268 18.3 359 24.6 281 162 11.1 47 3.2

, 1998.

:

Source: National Statistical Office, Annual Report of the Economically Active Population Survey, 1998.

1-19. , Unemployment Rate by Age & Sex

15 - 19 20 - 24 25 - 29 30 - 39 40 - 49 50 - 59 60 Total Age Age Age Age Age Age Above 60 Female Male Female 1.8 1.9 0.4 1989 3.1 7.7 7.9 9.5 4.5 5.1 1.6 2.1 1.2 0.7 1.8 0.3 0.2 2.9 1.8 10.1 8.7 9.3 4.5 4.9 1.9 2.0 0.9 1.7 0.5 1.6 0.3 0.6 0.2 1990 1991 2.5 1.9 10.9 8.1 9.2 5.3 4.1 1.9 1.5 0.8 1.5 0.7 1.2 0.3 0.4 0.2 2.6 2.1 11.8 9.2 8.7 5.9 4.8 2.0 1.7 0.9 1.3 0.7 1.1 0.2 0.5 0.2 1992 1993 3.2 2.2 12.9 10.0 11.9 6.5 5.6 2.3 2.2 0.9 1.5 0.7 1.2 0.4 0.5 0.2 2.7 5.2 1.1 0.1 1994 1.9 10.2 8.9 9.0 5.4 2.0 2.0 0.8 1.6 0.8 0.4 0.4 2.2 1.7 3.7 1.9 1.7 1.4 1.3 0.3 1995 9.1 7.5 7.7 4.9 0.8 0.7 0.4 0.6 1.6 0.4 1996 2.3 8.9 6.6 8.2 4.4 4.2 2.0 1.6 0.9 1.4 0.7 1.2 0.5 0.1 2.8 2.3 11.6 8.7 8.9 6.2 4.9 2.8 2.1 1.6 1.6 1.3 1.6 0.7 1.0 0.4 1997

6.5

11.0

6.2

4.8

6.3

4.4

: , , 1998. , , , 1998.

5.6

25.3

17.5

19.6

11.9

7.6

1998

: %

Source : National Statistical Office, Social Indicators in Korea, 1998. Annual Report of the Economically Active Population Survey, 1998.

6.5

3.1

3.2

1.3

%

1-20. , Unemployment Rate by Educational Attainment & Sex

:	%													%	, o
		Total		Primary S	School Gr Under	aduates &	Middle S	School G	raduates	High So	chool Gi	aduates	College, l	Jniversity & Over	Graduates
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
1980	5.2	6.2	3.5	2.7	3.9	1.4	6.3	7.4	4.2	9.3	8.8	10.7	6.2	5.6	9.2
1985 1990	4.0 2.4	5.0 2.9	2.4 1.8	1.5 0.7	2.6 1.2	0.6 0.3	4.1 1.8	5.3 2.3	1.8 1.1	5.9 3.4	6.3 3.5	5.0 3.1	6.6 4.4	5.9 4.1	10.1 5.3
1991	2.3	2.5	1.9	0.6	1.1	0.3	1.7	2.0	1.2	3.2	3.1	3.5	3.6	3.3	4.5
1992 1993	2.4 2.8	2.6 3.2	2.1 2.2	0.6 0.8	1.0 1.3	0.3 0.4	1.9 2.2	2.3 2.7	1.4 1.5	3.3 3.6	3.3 3.7	3.5 3.3	3.4 4.0	3.0 3.7	4.7 4.7
1994 1995	2.4 2.0	2.7 2.3	1.9 1.7	0.8 0.7	1.2 1.2	0.5 0.4	1.9 1.6	2.4 2.0	1.2 1.0	3.0 2.5	3.1 2.6	2.7 2.4	3.6 2.7	3.3 2.5	4.2 3.3
1996 1997	2.0 2.6	2.3 2.8	1.6 2.3	0.7 1.0	1.1 1.5	0.4 0.6	1.6 2.2	1.9 2.5	1.2 1.7	2.5 3.3	2.7 3.3	2.1 3.3	2.6 3.0	2.5 2.6	2.9 3.7
1998	6.8	7.6	5.6	4.1	5.9	2.9	7.8	9.6	5.5	8.2	8.7	7.2	5.7	5.6	6.1

Source: National Statistical Office, Social Indicators in Korea, 1998.

Annual Report of the Economically Active Population Survey, various years.

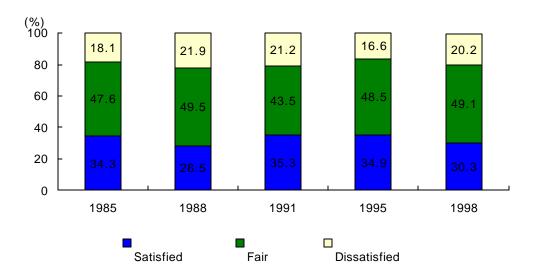
, , 1998. , , .

1-21. Satisfaction with Selected Working Conditions by Sex & Occupation

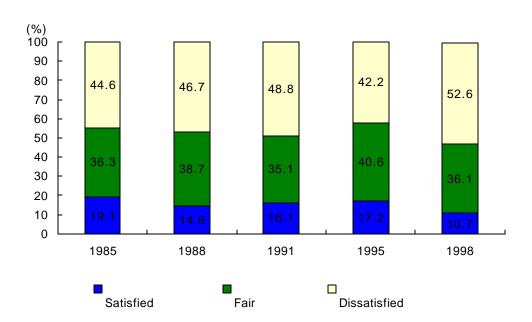
: %						%
	Т	ype of Wo	ork		Wages	
	Satisfied	Fair	Dissatisfied	Satisfied	Fair	Dissatisfied
1985	34.3	47.6	18.1	19.1	36.3	44.6
1988	28.5	49.5	21.9	14.6	38.7	46.7
1991	35.3	43.5	21.2	16.1	35.1	48.8
1995	34.9	48.5	16.6	17.2	40.6	42.2
1998	30.3	49.1	20.2	10.7	36.1	52.6
			by Se	ex (1998)		
Male	31.8	48.1	19.8	11.1	35.2	53.2
Female	27.9	50.7	20.9	10.1	37.6	51.6
			by Occu	ıpation (1998	3)	
Pro., Tech., Adm., Managers	51.8	39.3	8.8	17.4	39.3	42.8
Clerical	36.7	50.2	13.0	13.4	42.0	44.4
Service, Sales	21.1	52.6	25.6	8.1	38.7	52.7
Skilled Agri., Fishery	11.9	52.1	34.6	4.6	39.0	55.3
Craft, Operator, Laborers	19.4	52.7	27.2	6.9	31.2	61.2
: ,	, 19	98.	De			atistical Office,

Source: National Statistical Office, Report on the Social Statistics Survey, 1998.

1-21G1.
Satisfaction with Type of Work



1-21G2. Satisfaction with Wage



1-22. **Determinants of Job Selection by Sex & Educational Attainment**

: %						%
	, Prestige	Stability	Income	Meaningfulness	Promotion Opportunity	Others
1988 1991	4.3 3.1	43.1 37.2	25.0 29.7	12.8 15.1	14.5 14.3	0.3 0.5
1995	3.3	29.6	27.1	10.5	29.2	0.5
1998	2.1	41.5	18.2	16.2	20.7	1.4
			by	/ Sex(1998)		
Male Female	2.6 1.6	40.6 42.3	17.2 19.1	16.1 16.3	22.7 18.9	0.9 1.9
			by Education	onal Attainment(19	98)	
Primary School Graduates & Under	2.5	47.0	25.3	6.7	14.2	4.4
Middle School Graduates	2.4	40.5	18.7	15.9	21.6	1.0
High School Graduates	1.6	41.8	17.1	16.4	22.6	0.5
College, University Graduates & Over	2.2	34.9	11.6	27.7	23.4	0.2
: ,		, 1998.		Source :	National Statis	

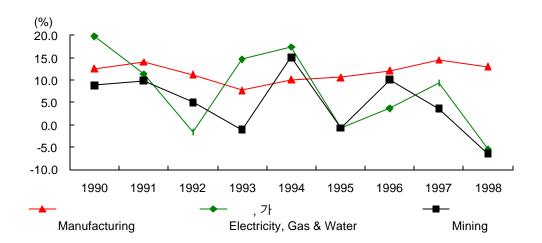
Source: National Statistical Office, Report on the Social Statistics Survey, 1998.

1-23. **Labor Productivity Indexes**

: 1995	= 100, %						1995 =	100, %
	All ind	ustries	Mii	ning	Manufa	acturing	, 가 Electric W	ity, Gas & ater
	Index	Growth Rate	Index	Growth Rate	Index	Growth Rate	Index	Growth Rate
1980 1985 1990	28.7 38.8 60.1	-2.7 2.1 12.8	53.3 56.7 76.7	-9.1 8.4 8.8	28.0 38.5 60.1	-4.4 1.9 12.5	38.6 43.1 68.4	-9.4 -5.5 19.8
1991 1992 1993 1994 1995	68.5 76.0 82.1 90.5 100.0	13.9 11.0 8.0 10.2 10.5	84.2 88.5 87.5 100.7 100.0	9.8 5.0 -1.1 15.1 -0.7	68.5 76.2 82.1 90.4 100.0	14.0 11.2 7.7 10.1 10.6	76.1 74.9 85.8 100.7 100.0	11.3 -1.6 14.6 17.4 -0.7
1996 1997 1998	112.2 128.4 145.0	12.2 14.4 12.7	110.1 114.1 109.8	10.1 3.6 -6.5	112.1 128.3 145.5	12.1 14.5 13.0	103.7 113.4 105.7	3.7 9.3 -5.5
:	,	, 199 ,	8. 1999. 3.					tistical Office, Korea, 1998.

¹⁾ Korea Productivity Center, *Productivity Review*, 1999. 3.
2) Growth rate indicates the rate of growth based on the previous year.
3) 1998
The values in 1998 are provisinal.

1-23G. **Growth Rate of Labor Productivity Index**



2-1. Number of Vocational School Entrants by Education Level

In person **Total High Schools Vocational High Schools** Universities **Junior Colleges Industrial Universities** (Polytechnic Universities) Female Female Total Total Female Total Female Total Total Female 1980 627,053 268,026 284,735 122,407 115,755 29,029 80,620 22,728 1985 759,553 350,866 306,535 152,872 201.934 65,730 108,483 44.112 5,509 764,085 357,941 273,134 142,926 76,182 130,670 60,101 9,221 1990 196,397 272,010 1991 729,130 343,624 142,819 201,107 78,709 141.115 65.313 11.418 326,062 144,244 82,316 159,432 74,300 12,679 1992 689,135 277.079 211,884 82,214 1993 708,926 338,542 298,648 155,502 220,774 87,690 174,964 16,698 1994 717.211 340,682 307,528 159,317 231,617 91,182 197,143 94,515 20,896 379,816 343,799 179,791 106,068 223,689 111,552 1995 790,905 253,605 24,571 6,749 1996 806,161 387,707 341,601 174,206 271,208 114,252 252,868 127,784 29,106 7,928 276,231 1997 816,695 392,726 336,609 169,211 295,739 126,871 135,192 27,837 7,475 1998 782,275 374,843 311,560 154,491 312,293 133,836 304,637 146,206 29,164 8,130 709,940 264,467 319,278 30,882 1999 339,125 128,830 137,967 306,802 147,553 8,572

The numbers do not include transferers.

2-2. Vocational High School Entrants by Field of Study

: , (%) In person, (%)

	Total	Agriculture	Industry	Commerc e	Fishery & Marine	가 Vocational Home Economics	Humanitie s	Arts
1985	306,535 (100.0)	22,439 (7.3)	77,978 (25.4)	163,362 (53.3)	3,904 (1.3)	1,427 (0.5)	37,425 (12.2)	<u>-</u>
1990	273,134	17,417	67,977	151,739	3,444	209	31,234	1,114
	(100.0)	(6.4)	(24.9)	(55.6)	(1.3)	(0.1)	(11.4)	(0.4)
1991	272,020	14,048	74,641	149,626	3,122	202	28,929	1,452
	(100.0)	(5.2)	(27.4)	(55.0)	(1.1)	(0.1)	(10.6)	(0.5)
1992	277,079	11,536	85,471	147,740	2,551	785	28,755	241
	(100.0)	(4.2)	(30.8)	(53.3)	(0.9)	(0.3)	(10.4)	(0.1)
1993	297,872	11,566	97,731	150,871	2,487	1,708	33,203	306
	(100.0)	(3.9)	(32.8)	(50.6)	(0.8)	(0.6)	(11.1)	(0.1)
1994	307,528	11,467	108,502	150,172	2,680	1,352	33,099	256
	(100.0)	(3.7)	(35.3)	(48.8)	(0.9)	(0.4)	(10.8)	(0.1)
1995	343,799	12,533	123,229	167,669	2,909	2,124	34,828	507
	(100.0)	(3.6)	(35.8)	(48.8)	(0.8)	(0.6)	(10.1)	(0.1)
1996	341,601	12,868	127,606	160,925	2,730	2,173	34,807	492
	(100.0)	(3.8)	(37.4)	(47.1)	(0.8)	(0.6)	(10.2)	(0.1)
1997	336,609	12,465	129,804	156,672	2,611	2,234	32,275	548
	(100.0)	(3.7)	(38.6)	(46.5)	(0.8)	(0.7)	(9.6)	(0.2)
1998	311,560	11,556	120,854	141,458	2,677	1,901	31,359	1,704
	(100.0)	(3.7)	(38.8)	(45.4)	(0.9)	(0.6)	(10.1)	(0.5)
1999	264,467	9,883	106,434	117,526	2,840	1,718	24,363	1,703
	(100.0)	(3.7)	(40.2)	(44.4)	(1.1)	(0.6)	(9.2)	(0.6)

2-3.
Junior College Entrants by Field of Study

: , (%) In person, (%)

	Total	Humanities	Social Sciences	Natural Sciences	Medical & Pharmacy	Arts & Physical Ed.	Teaching Profession
1980	80,620	<u>-</u>	8,882	60,893	7,374	3,471	-
	(100.0)	-	(11.0)	(75.5)	(9.1)	(4.3)	-
1985	108,486	2,506	21,959	53,342	13,716	9,307	7,653
	(100.0)	(2.3)	(20.2)	(49.2)	(12.6)	(8.6)	(7.1)
1990	130,670	4,941	25,707	64,610	14,812	13,598	7,002
	(100.0)	(3.8)	(19.7)	(49.4)	(11.3)	(10.4)	(5.4)
1991	141,115	5,423	28,658	69,488	15,377	15,130	7,039
	(100.0)	(3.8)	(20.3)	(49.2)	(10.9)	(10.7)	(5.0)
1992	159,432	6,742	33,415	78,170	17,294	16,771	7,040
	(100.0)	(4.2)	(21.0)	(49.0)	(10.8)	(10.5)	(4.4)
1993	174,964	7,525	39,401	84,232	17,298	19,467	7,041
	(100.0)	(4.3)	(22.5)	(48.1)	(9.9)	(11.1)	(4.0)
1994	197,143	9,462	44,161	94,644	18,101	22,786	7,989
	(100.0)	(4.8)	(22.4)	(48.0)	(9.2)	(11.6)	(4.1)
1995	223,689	11,433	49,978	106,400	20,766	26,263	8,849
	(100.0)	(5.1)	(22.3)	(47.6)	(9.3)	(11.7)	(4.0)
1996	252,868	12,475	56,249	121,841	22,349	29,618	10,336
	(100.0)	(4.9)	(22.2)	(48.2)	(8.8)	(11.7)	(4.1)
1997	276,231	13,467	62,110	133,460	23,563	33,148	10,483
	(100.0)	(4.9)	(22.5)	(48.3)	(8.5)	(12.0)	(3.8)
1998	304,637	14,476	72,964	143,258	24,268	38,855	10,816
	(100.0)	(4.8)	(24.0)	(47.0)	(8.0)	(12.8)	(3.6)
1999	306,802	13,880	69,604	147,759	22,509	41,553	11,497
	(100.0)	(4.5)	(22.7)	(48.2)	(7.3)	(13.5)	(3.7)

2-4. (, ,)

: , %

	Participatior Rate	Participation Workplace Training Rate			Training	Educational Program		
		Rate	Day	Rate	Day	Rate	Day	
	17.37	9.08	1.12	3.47	2.71	3.13	0.54	
	21.62	13.18	1.66	3.35	2.46	2.45	0.23	
	13.49	5.34	0.62	3.58	2.94	3.74	0.82	
	4.28	0.54	0.05	0.17	0.14	0.82	0.14	
	8.29	2.32	0.15	0.66	0.41	1.83	0.23	
	18.53	9.07	0.93	3.52	2.69	3.60	0.56	
	41.82	27.54	3.97	10.68	8.57	6.55	1.32	
	44.56	32.50	4.67	9.43	7.51	6.69	1.11	
	39.53	29.33	3.51	11.49	9.45	4.17	0.77	
	11.38	4.49	0.48	1.77	1.32	2.31	0.33	
	13.67	0.27	0.02	0.30	0.20	1.65	0.10	
	12.67	7.15	0.68	1.59	0.98	1.62	0.17	
: ,		, 1997.						

3

2-4. Annual Participation in Adult Learning Programs (by Sex, Educational Attainment, and Occupation), 1996

days, % TV, **Vocational Training** Massmedia Lecture Others Rate Day Rate Day Rate Day 2.24 0.20 3.79 1.07 0.38 0.10 Total By Sex 3.73 0.28 3.78 1.00 0.42 0.12 Male 0.88 3.79 0.35 0.13 1.13 0.09 Female By Educational Attainment Primary School Graduates 2.38 0.07 0.59 0.09 0.08 0.01 & Under Middle School Graduates 2.39 0.19 2.09 0.34 0.22 0.04 2.19 0.26 4.25 1.04 0.27 0.06 **High School Graduates** College, Univ. Graduates & Over 2.01 0.26 8.87 3.21 1.23 0.40 By Occupation Prof., Tech., Adm., 2.35 0.27 8.26 3.22 1.19 0.41 Managerial 5.30 1.88 0.38 1.84 0.67 0.17 Clerical 0.11 2.85 0.17 0.02 Services, Sales 1.65 0.55 Skilled Agri., 11.61 0.39 1.24 0.17 0.05 0.00 Fishery Craft, Operator, 1.86 0.26 2.73 0.23 0.06 0.60 Laborers

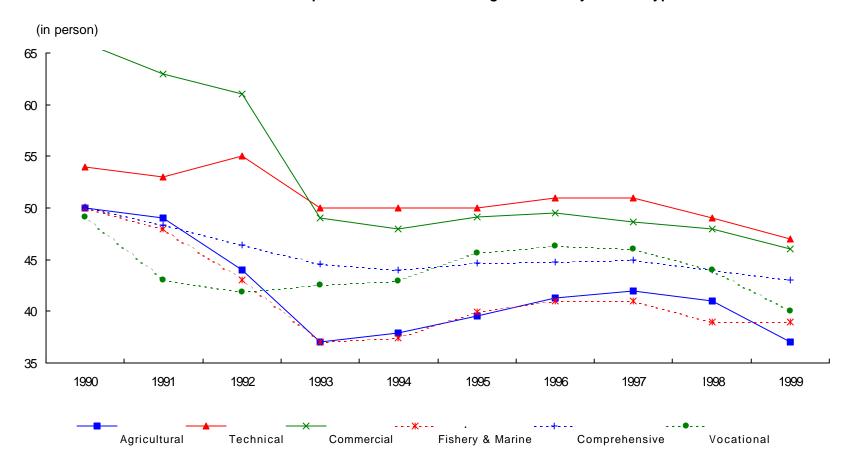
Source: National Statistical Office, Report on the Social Statistics Survey, 1997.

2-5. Number of Students per Class in Vocational High Schools by School Type

: ,	, I									In	person, E	ach		
	T	otal	Agric	vultural	Tool	nnical	Com	moreial	Fichory		Compr	ohonsiyo	Voc	ational
	10	Total Agricultural		160	echnical Commercial		Fishery & Marine		Comprehensive		Vocational			
	Classes	Students per Class		Students per Class	Classes	Students per Class	Classes	Students per Class	Classes	Students per Class	Classes	Students per Class	Classes	Students per Class
985	15,958	56	1,098	47	3,574	55	6,618	57	197	51	3,712	55	759	55
990	15,622	52	984	50	3,692	54	6,908	66	200	50	3,613	50	340	49
.991	16,190	50	891	49	3,823	53	7,089	63	194	48	3,717	48	476	43
992	16,922	48	859	44	4,041	55	7,174	61	188	43	4,015	46	645	42
993	17,651	47	630	37	4,584	50	7,201	49	134	37	4,126	45	976	43
994	18,197	47	512	38	5,014	50	7,156	48	150	37	4,225	44	1,140	43
.995	19,034	48	539	40	5,426	50	7,242	49	170	40	4,219	45	1,438	46
.996	19,430	48	498	41	5,875	51	7,267	50	186	41	4,122	45	1,482	46
997	19,689	49	524	42	6,236	51	7,302	50	182	41	3,955	45	1,490	46
998	19,689	47	512	41	6,423	49	7,091	48	177	39	1,546	44	3,940	44
999	19,116	45	553	37	6,313	47	7,012	46	173	39	1,843	43	3,222	40

2-5G.

Number of Students per Class in Vocational High Schools by School Type

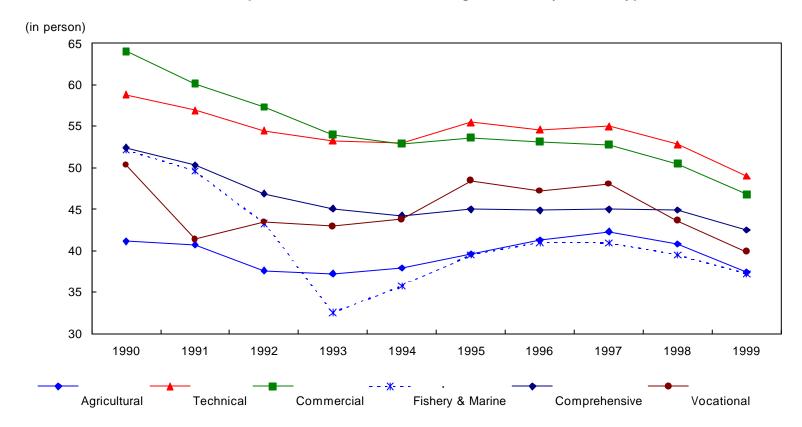


2-6. Number of Students per Classroom in Vocational High Schools by School Type

: , In person, Each

	Total		Agricultural		Tech	Technical Commercial		Fishery & Marine		Comprehensive		Vocational		
	per	of	per	of	Students per Classroo m	of	per	of	per	of	per	of	per	of
1985	63.5	13,945	46.7	1,111	62.7	3,162	69.4	5,478	54.5	184	59.7	3,410	69.7	600
1990	57.9	14,009	41.1	988	58.8	3,264	64.1	5,790	52.2	179	52.4	3,456	50.3	332
1991	55.0	14,625	40.7	911	56.9	3,385	60.1	6,086	49.6	173	50.3	3,575	41.4	495
1992	52.2	15,569	37.6	847	54.5	3,689	57.3	6,259	43.2	173	46.9	3,979	43.4	622
1993	50.2	16,584	37.2	630	53.3	4,261	54.0	6,491	32.5	151	45.0	4,084	42.9	967
1994	49.6	17,170	37.9	512	53.0	4,686	52.9	6,496	35.8	157	44.2	4,202	43.8	1,117
1995	51.2	17,815	39.6	539	55.5	4,932	53.6	6,628	39.5	172	45.0	4,189	48.5	1,355
1996	50.8	18,484	41.3	498	54.6	5,455	53.2	6,776	41.0	186	44.9	4,115	47.2	1,454
1997	51.0	18,806	42.3	524	55.0	5,783	52.8	6,919	40.9	182	45.0	3,956	48.0	1,442
1998	49.0	18,933	40.8	511	52.8	5,995	50.5	6,789	39.5	177	43.6	3,930	44.9	1,531
1999	45.5	18,714	37.4	548	49.0	6,043	46.8	6,837	37.2	181	39.9	3,260	42.5	1,845

2-6G.
Number of Students per Classroom in Vocational High Schools by School Type



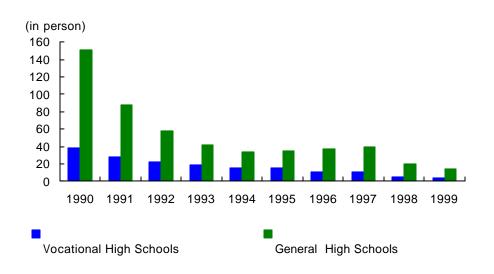
2-7. PC PC 1

Number of Students per Computer
(Vocational High Schools vs. General High Schools)

	Vocatio	nal High Schools	Gene	ral High Schools
	Total Computer	Students per Computer	Total Computer	Students per Compute
1990	21,081	38.5	9,748	151.1
1991	28,847	27.9	16,076	87.5
1992	36,948	22.0	22,859	57.4
1993	44,908	18.5	29,612	41.8
1994	57,214	14.9	35,376	34.2
1995	60,827	15.0	36,045	34.6
1996	85,220	11.0	35,227	37.0
1997	85,220	11.3	35,227	39.1
1998	168,611	5.5	71,386	19.6
1999	206,043	4.1	96,650	14.5
999	, ,	.549 . 3,455 .)		urce: Ministry of Education

2-7G. PC 1

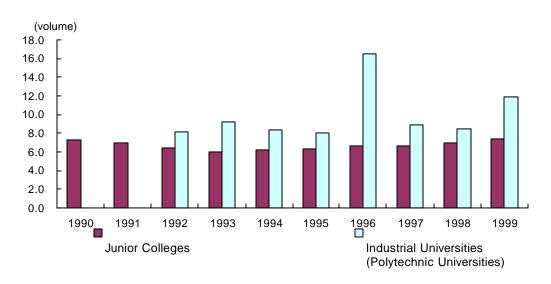
Number of Students per Computer
(Vocational High Schools vs. General High Schools)



2-8. 1
Library Books per Student in Junior Colleges & Industrial Universities

:				Volume		
	Juni	or Colleges	Industrial Univ	ersities(Polytechnic		
	Books per	Books per Student	Books per School	Books per Student		
1980	5,729.4	4.4	-	-		
1985	11,831.5	5.9	-	-		
1990	20,200.1	7.3	-	-		
1991	21,036.3	6.9	-	-		
1992	20,592.6	6.4	70,781.1	8.1		
1993	21,421.5	6.0	64,113.7	9.2		
1994	23,191.8	6.2	60,811.7	8.4		
1995	24,803.9	6.3	56,718.4	8.0		
1996	27,853.5	6.6	130,127.2	16.5		
1997	30,844.8	6.6	66,254.3	8.9		
1998	35,761.6	7.0	69,153.3	8.5		
1999	39,463.5	7.4	99,382.1	11.9		

2-8G. 1
Library Books per Student in Junior Colleges & Industrial Universities



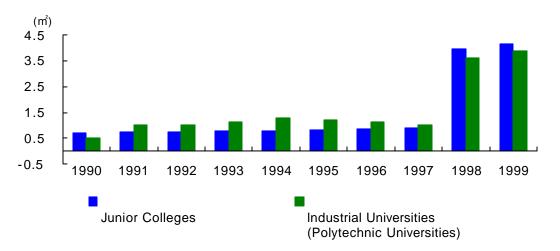
2-9. 1 Size of Classroom per Student in Junior Colleges & Industrial Universities

: m ²			m²						
	Junior Co	lleges	Industrial Universities (Polytechnic Universities)						
	1		1						
	Area per Student	Total Area	Area per Student	Total Area					
1990	0.72	448,308	0.52	99,428					
1991	0.76	472,928	1.00	57,266					
1992	0.75	541,814	1.00	70,073					
1993	0.78	587,225	1.12	74,994					
1994	0.77	661,475	1.30	77,746					
1995	0.83	683,700	1.21	100,116					
1996	0.87	736,632	1.15	123,288					
1997	0.90	802,597	1.01	139,706					
1998	3.95	3,170,646	3.61	528,568					
1999	4.15	3,569,589	3.88	614,293					

Source: Ministry of Education, Statistical Yearbook of Education, various year.

The data for 1998 & 1999 does not indicate the classroom area per student, but the area of the total educational facility per student.

2-9G. 1 Size of Classroom per Student in Junior Colleges & Industrial Universities

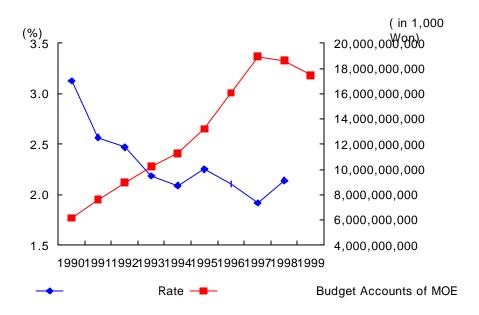


¹⁹⁹⁸

2-10. Expenditures on Vocational Education in MOE Budget

: 1,000 , % In 1,000 Won, % **Total MOE** Expend on Vocational Government Budget **Expenditures** Education Rate 1980 5,804,061,441 1,187,804,408 18.9 55,911,529 4.7 1985 12,532,361,835 19.9 3.5 2,566,041,041 90,987,812 1990 22,689,432,968 6,168,974,911 22.3 192,889,998 3.1 1991 28,972,825,000 22.8 2.6 7,618,642,936 195,439,640 1992 36,223,971,000 8,946,973,128 22.7 221,080,476 2.5 1993 41,936,226,000 10,224,807,015 23.4 223,492,256 2.2 1994 11,278,941,616 22.9 2.1 47,593,865,794 235,859,563 1995 54,845,022,310 13,216,474,042 22.8 297,754,240 2.3 1996 64,926,817,730 24.0 2.1 16,073,791,813 338,690,318 1997 76,639,467,222 18,939,884,505 23.9 363,191,386 1.9 1998 77,737,582,000 23.3 2.1 18,636,134,873 398,786,407 1999 88,302,427,989 17,456,265,315 19.8

2-10G. Expenditures on Vocational Education in MOE Budget



2-11.

Annual Cost and Annual Practice Cost per Student in Polytechnic Colleges & Vocational Training Institutes

In 1000 Won Polytechnic Colleges Vocational Training Institutes **Training Cost Practice Cost Training Cost Practice Cost** 1980 676,386 114,323 1981 791,553 131,864 1982 1,249,041 150,848 1983 2,987,146 135,198 1,410,884 166,211 1984 3,283,196 228,334 1,509,717 205,218 1985 3,302,953 218,388 1,619,073 202,125 1986 3,549,638 218,388 1,738,400 201,093 205,816 1987 3,674,377 220,303 1,840,672 1988 3,838,904 215,703 2,122,063 204,111 1989 187,951 3,781,873 199,287 2,061,752 1990 4,045,807 199,287 2,175,571 187,641 1991 4,031,534 215,720 2,220,292 181,988 1992 4,061,797 216,847 2,278,783 201,094 1993 3,938,255 231,385 2,562,107 225,275 1994 4.086,410 230,257 2,945,596 224,954 1995 5,304,045 265,580 4,040,081 283,640 1996 6,060,800 271,246 4,930,600 304,219 1997 6,081,230 239,883 5,543,680 327,966 1998 5,547,022 241,728 5,035,110 1999 4,008,388 241,960 4,360,240

: , Source : Ministry of Labour, Yearbook of Vocational Training, various years.

 ^{1) 1994} Until 1994, the cost in polytechnic colleges is based on the cost of the Changwon Polytechnic College.

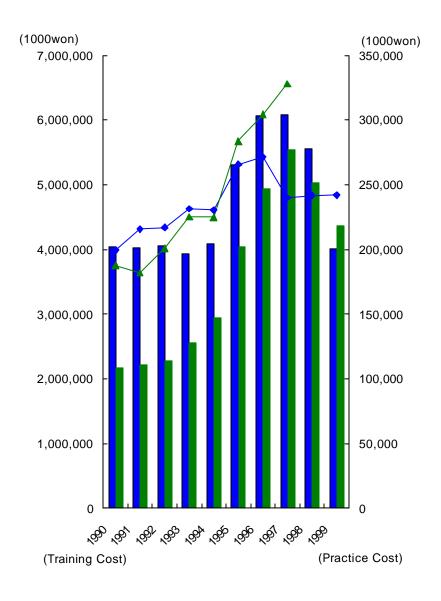
 2) 1991

Until 1991, the cost in vocational training institutes is based on the cost of the vocational training institutes administered by Korea Manpower Agency.

Practice cost for polytechnic colleges is based on the cost in the apprentice courses.

2-11G. 1

Annual Cost and Annual Practice Cost per Student in Polytechnic Colleges & Vocational Training Institutes





Training Cost in P.C.

Practice Cost in P.C.



Training Cost in

Practice Cost in

3-1. Number of Vocational Schools by Education Level

: In each

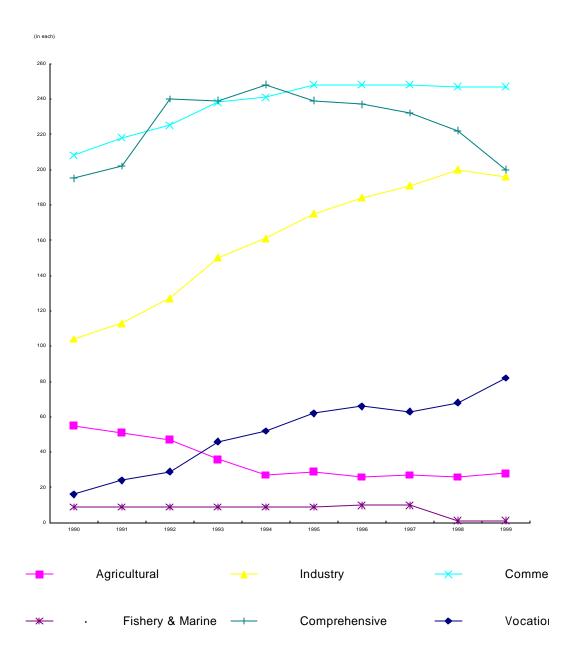
	Total of High	Vocational \ High Schools	/ocational High Schools Ratio %	Universities	Junior Colleges	Industrial Universities (Polytechnic Universities)
1980	1,353	605	44.7	85	128	_
1985	1,602	635	39.6	100	120	6
1990	1,683	587	34.9	107	117	6
1991	1,702	617	36.3	115	118	8
1992	1,735	677	39.0	121	126	8
1993	1,757	718	40.9	127	128	12
1994	1,784	738	41.4	131	135	14
1995	1,830	762	41.6	131	145	17
1996	1,856	771	41.5	134	152	18
1997	1,892	771	40.8	150	155	19
1998	1,921	772	40.2	156	158	18
1999	1,943	762	39.2	158	161	19

3-2. Number of Vocational High Schools by School Type

: , (%) In each, (%)

	, (70)						04011, (70)
	Total	Agricultural	Technical	Commercia	Fishery & Marine	Comprehensiv e	Vocational
1985	635	61	102	227	9	204	32
	(100.0)	(9.6)	(16.1)	(35.7)	(1.4)	(32.1)	(5.0)
1990	587	55	104	208	9	195	16
	(100.0)	(9.4)	(17.7)	(35.4)	(1.5)	(33.2)	(2.7)
1991	617	51	113	218	9	202	24
	(100.0)	(8.3)	(18.3)	(35.3)	(1.5)	(32.7)	(3.9)
1992	677	47	127	225	9	240	29
	(100.0)	(6.9)	(18.8)	(33.2)	(1.3)	(35.5)	(4.3)
1993	718	36	150	238	9	239	46
	(100.0)	(5.0)	(20.9)	(33.1)	(1.3)	(33.3)	(6.4)
1994	738	27	161	241	9	248	52
	(100.0)	(3.7)	(21.8)	(32.7)	(1.2)	(33.6)	(7.0)
1995	762	29	175	248	9	239	62
	(100.0)	(3.8)	(23.0)	(32.5)	(1.2)	(31.4)	(8.1)
1996	771	26	184	248	10	237	66
	(100.0)	(3.4)	(23.9)	(32.2)	(1.3)	(30.7)	(8.6)
1997	771	27	191	248	10	232	63
	(100.0)	(3.5)	(24.8)	(32.2)	(1.3)	(30.1)	(8.2)
1998	772	26	200	247	9	222	68
	(100.0)	(3.4)	(25.9)	(32.0)	(1.2)	(28.8)	(8.8)
1999	762	28	196	247	9	200	82
	(100.0)	(3.7)	(25.7)	(32.4)	(1.2)	(26.2)	(10.8)

3-2G.
Number of Vocational High Schools by School Type



3-3. Number of Vocational Training Institutions and Trades

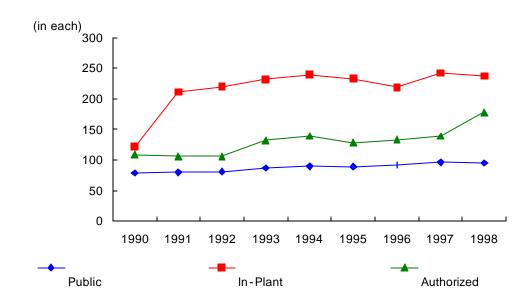
In each, Kind Total **Public** In-Plant Authorized V.T.I.¹⁾ Trade V.T.I. Trade V.T.I. V.T.I. Trade Trade , 1998. Source: Ministry of Labour, : , 1999. 8. Yearbook of Labour Statistics, 1998. Vocational Review Ability

Development

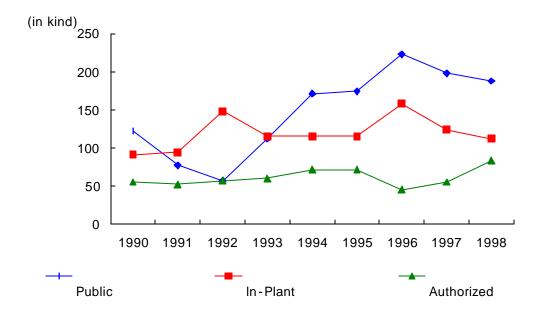
1) V.T.I.: Vocational Training Institutions

Training Project, 1999. 8.

3-3G1. Number of Vocational Training Institutions



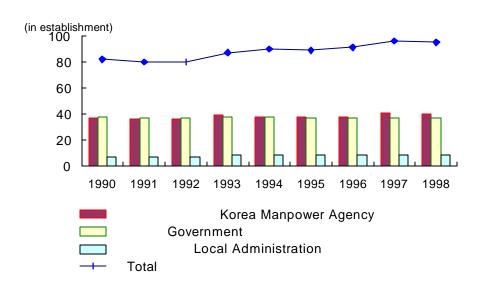
3-3G2. Number of Training Trades by Institution Type



3-4. Number of Public Vocational Training Institutions by Governmental Agency

:					In est	tablishment
	Total	Korea Manpower Agency	Korea Chamber of Commerce & Industry	Government	Local Administratio n	Korea Employment Promotion Agency the Disabled
1985	78	25	-	37	16	-
1990	82	37		38	7	-
1991	80	36	-	37	7	-
1992	80	36	_	37	7	_
1993	87	39	_	38	9	1
1994	90	38	4	38	9	1
1995	89	38	4	37	9	1
1996	91	38	6	37	9	1
1997	96	41	8	37	9	1
1998	95	40	8	37	9	1
: , , Development	,	1998. , 199	99. 8.	Yea Review	of Voca	try of Labour, or Statistics, 1998. otional Ability Project, 1999. 8.

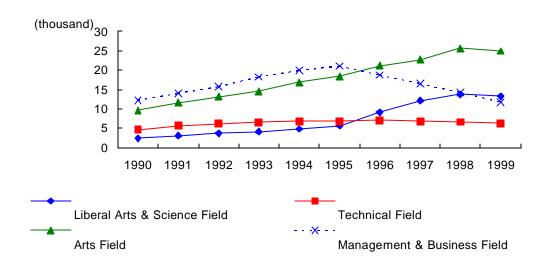
3-4G.
Number of Public Vocational Training Institutions by Governmental Agency



3-5. Number of Private Institutes

:						_	Ir	n each
						가		
	Total	Liberal Arts & Sciences	Technical	Arts	Manageme nt & I Business	Home Economic S	Physical Course	Others
1980	5,023	381	651	1,485	1,367	162	918	59
1985	11,196	544	1,250	4,293	3,428	129	1,310	242
1990	28,862	2,359	4,629	9,615	12,179	80	_	_
1991	34,429	3,063	5,670	11,611	14,006	79	_	_
1992	38,865	3,690	6,188	13,142	15,746	99	_	_
1993	43,599	4,087	6,568	14,560	18,262	122	_	_
1994	48,476	4,784	6,770	16839	19,936	147	_	_
1995	52,058	5,630	6,770	18,385	21,093	180	_	_
1996	56,133	9,119	7,078	21,197	18,739	_	_	_
1997	58,134	12,133	6,804	22,725	16,472	_	-	_
1998	60,222	13,727	6,617	25,670	14,208	_	_	_
1999	56,120	13,204	6,228	24,951	11,737	_	_	_
:	,	,			Statistical		Ministry of Education, v	Education, arious years.

3-5G. Number of Private Institutes

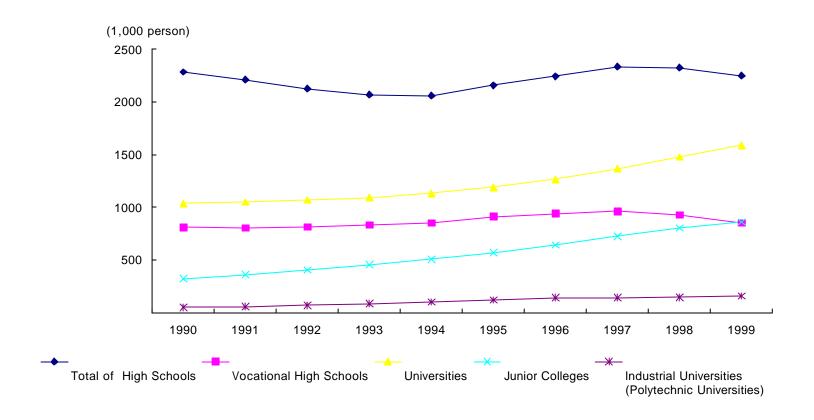


3-6. Number of Vocational School Students by Education Level

: In person

	Total High Schools		Vocational High Schools		Universities		Junior Colleges		Industrial Universities (Polytechnic Universities)	
	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female
1980	1,696,792	722,394	764,187	322,078	402,979	90,634	151,199	39,883	_	_
1985	2,152,802	992,231	885,962	437,038	931,884	250,088	242,114	87,123	24,719	2,485
1990	2,283,806	1,073,189	810,651	428,097	1,040,166	296,129	323,825	119,345	51,970	7,867
1991	2,210,912	1,046,341	804,021	427,714	1,052,140	308,193	359,049	131,414	57,381	10,259
1992	2,125,573	1,012,405	812,492	432,469	1,070,169	321,315	404,996	146,250	70,205	12,811
1993	2,069,210	990,729	832,028	441,371	1,092,464	334,568	456,227	165,567	83,904	15,957
1994	2,060,825	989,380	851,495	448,764	1,132,437	351,106	506,806	186,509	101,412	19,972
1995	2,157,880	1,038,596	911,453	480,697	1,187,735	378,418	569,820	214,310	120,670	24,464
1996	2,243,307	1,081,507	939,433	489,689	1,266,876	415,302	642,697	251,266	141,826	30,029
1997	2,336,725	1,128,098	960,037	494,059	1,368,461	463,739	724,741	277,658	141,099	30,958
1998	2,326,880	1,123,119	927,486	469,795	1,477,715	515,869	801,681	301,351	146,563	32,471
1999	2,251,140	1,081,623	851,751	418,809	1,587,667	559,836	859,547	319,687	158,444	34,619

3-6G. Number of Vocational School Students by Education Level

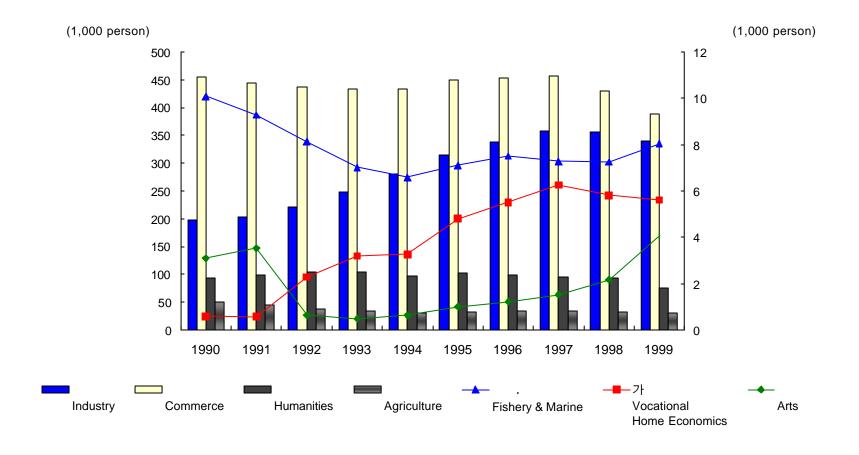


3-7. Enrollment in Vocational High Schools by Field of Study

: In person

	Total	Agriculture	Industry	Commerce	Fishery & Marine	가 Vocational Home Economics	Humanities	Arts
1985	885,962	63,950	223,494	477,900	10,753	4,859	105,006	-
1990	810,651	49,586	198,394	454,806	10,095	587	94,095	3,088
1991	804,021	44,082	203,593	444,113	9,278	564	98,878	3,513
1992	812,492	37,809	221,675	437,070	8,125	2,281	104,899	633
1993	830,947	33,109	248,755	433,752	7,027	3,182	104,644	478
1994	851,495	31,084	279,885	432,722	6,589	3,271	97,312	632
1995	911,453	32,405	315,093	448,732	7,105	4,807	102,312	999
1996	939,433	33,726	338,871	453,169	7,505	5,504	99,433	1,225
1997	960,037	34,632	358,614	456,327	7,283	6,250	95,420	1,511
1998	927,486	32,678	356,172	430,745	7,254	5,803	92,584	2,171
1999	851,751	29,648	340,428	387,880	8,037	5,600	75,741	4,057

3-7G. Enrollment in Vocational High Schools by Field of Study



3-8. Ratio of Vocational High School Students to General High School Students

: , (%) In person, (%) Vocational High School General High School(A) Total (A)/(B) Total(B) Fish. & Mar. Agri. Tech. Commer. Compr. Voc. 932,605 (55.1) 758,504 (44.9) 323,816 (42.7) 21,121 (16.0) 53.678 200,367 7,096 52,426 1.23 1980 1.691.109 (7.1)(0.9)(6.9)(26.4)1,266,840 (55.4) 1,021,566 (44.6) 477,900 (46.8) 63,950 (6.3) 223,494 (21.9) 10,753 (1.1) 203,659 (19.9) 41,810 (4.1) 1.24 1985 2,288,406 1,473,155 (61.8) 910,681 (38.2) 49,586 (5.4) 198,394 (21.8) 454,806 (49.9) 10,095 (1.1) 181,094 (19.9) 16,706 (1.8) 1990 2,383,836 1.62 901,296 (39.0) 1,406,891 (61.0) 44,082 (4.9) 203,593 (22.6) 444,113 (49.3) 9,278 (1.0) 179,748 (19.9) 20,482 (2.3) 2,308,187 1.56 1991 221,675 (24.1) 8,125 (0.9) 186,451 (20.3) 27,024 (2.9) 1.313.081 918,154 37,809 437,070 1992 2,231,235 1.43 (58.8)(41.2) (4.1)(47.6)7,027 (0.7) 183,968 (19.4) 948,958 1,237,182 33,109 249,499 433,830 41,525 1.30 1993 2,186,140 (43.4) (26.3)(45.7) (4.4)(56.6)(3.5)1.209,330 984.884 31.084 279.885 432,722 (43.9) 6,589 185,706 48,898 2,194,214 1.23 1994 (5.0)(44.9)(28.4)(0.7)(18.9)(55.1)(3.2)1,246,427 (54.1) 1,057,472 (45.9) 32,405 (3.1) 315,093 (29.8) 448,732 (42.4) 188,484 (17.8) 65,653 (6.2) 7,105 (0.7) 2,303,899 1.18 1995 1,303,874 (54.5) 1,086,620 (45.5) 338,871 (31.2) 453,169 (41.7) 184,693 (17.0) 68,656 (6.3) 33,726 (3.1) 7,505 2.390,494 1.20 1996 1,376,688 (55.5) 1,104,050 (44.5) 34,632 (3.1) 358,614 (32.5) 456,327 (41.3) 7,283 (0.7) 177,933 (16.1) 69,261 (6.3) 1997 2,480,738 1.25 927,486 (39.9) 20,838 (0.9) 342,644 (14.7) 6,983 (0.3) 68,680 (3.0) 1,399,394 316,828 171,513 2.326.880 1.51 1998 (60.1)(13.6)(7.4)1,399,389 (62.2) 851,751 (37.8) 295,930 (13.1) 320,156 (14.2) 78,360 (3.5) 20,517 6,739 130,049 1999 2.251.140 1.64 (0.9)(0.3)(5.8)

:

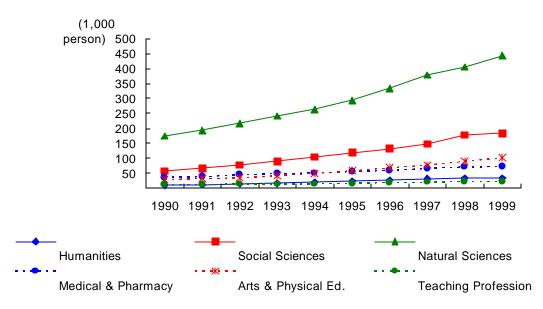
3-9.

Junior College Students by Field of Study

:						In	person
	Total	Humanities	Social Sciences	Natural Sciences	Medical & Pharmacy	Arts & Physical Ed.	Teaching Profession
1980	151,199	_	15,764	116,480	12,244	6,711	_
1985	242,114	4,799	44,164	128,033	31,974	18,706	14,438
1990	323,825	10,419	58,441	174,815	37,532	28,759	13,859
1991	359,049	12,105	67,224	193,785	38,736	33,073	14,126
1992	404,996	14,638	77,730	217,454	45,565	35,359	14,250
1993	456,227	17,198	90,994	241,528	49,783	42,498	14,226
1994	506,806	20,705	104,956	263,748	51,905	50,269	15,223
1995	569,820	25,114	118,505	294,477	56,142	58,641	16,941
1996	642,697	28,330	132,262	334,061	59,868	68,790	19,386
1997	724,741	31,853	148,351	378,657	66,942	77,822	21,116
1998	801,681	34,448	178,341	404,964	71,808	90,085	22,035
1999	859,547	34,461	183,617	443,127	72,264	102,405	23,673
:	,	, .				rce: Ministry o	

3-9G.
Junior College Students by Field of Study

Statistical Yearbook of Education, various years.



3-10. Number of Vocational Trainees

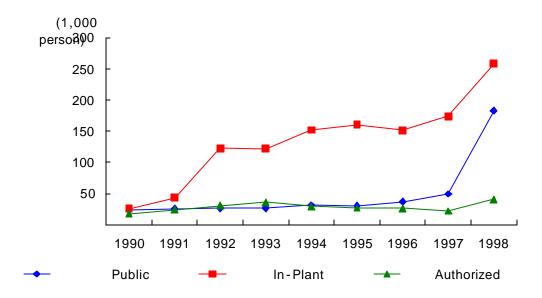
:							ln	person
	Total			Public			In-Plant	Authorized
		sub-total	KMA	Governmen t	Local Administratio	Others		
1980	104,480	31,131	15,007	8,330	7,191	603	66,213	7,136
1985	55,385	22,583	12,957	6,787	2,521	318	23,876	8,926
1990	67,702	24,441	17,343	4,254	2,844	-	25,690	17,571
1991	93,503	25,950	18,465	4,433	3,052	-	43,304	24,249
1992	178,864	26,131	18,116	5,082	2,933	-	122,457	30,276
1993	184,034	26,206	18,407	4,991	2,615	193	122,151	35,677
1994	213,005	31,671	22,704	4,815	2,104	2,048	152,030	29,304
1995	217,660	30,508	21,220	4,825	2,248	2,215	160,413	26,739
1996	214,259	36,644	25,615	4,570	3,008	3,451	151,303	26,312
1997	245,044	49,257	36,970	4,355	2,287	5,645	173,686	22,101
1998	481,595	182,853	169,153	3,011	2,380	8,309	258,037	40,705

: , Source : Ministry of Labour, Yearbook of Labour statistics, various years.

1) : , KNOP, Others include KEPAD, KNOP, KCCI.

3-10G.

Number of Vocational Trainees



3-11. Number of Vocational Trainees by Training Field

	. , %																	In pe	rson, %	
	Total	Machin -ery	Metal	Chemistr y & Ceramic s			Commu -nicatio n	Ship- buildin g	Aviatio n	Civil Engi- neerin g	Constru -ction	Textile	Minin g	Data Proc-	Agricul -true & Forestr V	Craft Work	Applied Industry	Service	Clerical Man-	VOC. Compe- tency
1993	184,034 (100.0)	45,996 (25.0)		4,998 (2.7)	9,356 (5.1)	13,795 (7.5)	1,405 (0.8)	992 (0.5)	644 (0.3)	412 (0.2)	6,174 (3.4)	5,509 (3.0)	265 (0.1)	16,566 (9.0)		1,622 (0.9)	4,233 (2.3)	4,623 (2.5)	2,269 (1.2)	63,269 (34.4)
1994	213,005 (100.0)	48,915 (23.0)		4,114 (1.9)	8,404 (3.9)	13,772 (6.5)	3,660 (1.7)	1,031 (0.5)	1,833 (0.9)	395 (0.2)	5,478 (2.6)	5,307 (2.5)	83 (0.0)	12,992 (6.1)		1,801 (0.8)	4,408 (2.1)	4,468 (2.1)	2,288 (1.1)	92,191 (43.3)
1995	217,733 (100.0)	38,781 (17.8)	1,753 (0.8)	3,149 (1.4)	6,035 (2.8)	16,530 (7.6)	5,265 (2.4)	945 (0.4)	2,168 (1.0)	243 (0.1)		4,356 (2.0)	109 (0.1)	10,010 (4.6)	336 (0.2)	1,689 (0.8)	2,168 (1.0)	3,386 (1.6)	13,004 (6.0)	102,848 (47.2)
1996	213,259 (100.0)			2,346 (1.1)	5,845 (2.7)	10,907 (5.1)	4,691 (2.2)	1,044 (0.5)	1,622 (0.8)	518 (0.2)	3,850 (1.8)	3,298 (1.5)	107 (0.1)	8,917 (4.2)	141 (0.1)	1,425 (0.7)	4,253 (2.0)	3,334 (1.6)	2,502 (1.2)	122,962 (57.7)
1997	245,044 (100.0)	34,920 (14.3)	2,228 (0.9)	2,853 (1.2)	6,536 (2.7)	11,889 (4.9)	4,049 (1.7)	1,422 (0.6)	1,296 (0.5)	747 (0.3)	4,650 (1.9)	3,347 (1.4)	105 (0.0)	9,082 (3.7)	989 (0.4)	1,976 (0.8)	6,135 (2.5)	4,565 (1.9)	6,104 (2.5)	142,241 (58.0)
1998	481,595 (100.0)	63,229 (13.1)	5,521 (1.1)	3,881 (0.8)	16,592 (3.4)	9,982 (2.1)	6,387 (1.3)	3,944 (0.8)	1,407 (0.3)	429 (0.1)	15,003 (3.1)	7,415 (1.5)	87 (0.0)	17,051 (3.5)		5,967 (1.2)	10,841 (2.3)	13,255 (2.8)	7,198 (1.5)	289,764 (60.2)

Source: Ministry of Labour, Review of Vocational Ability Development Training Projects, 1999. 8.

The numbers in parentheses are percentage distributions.

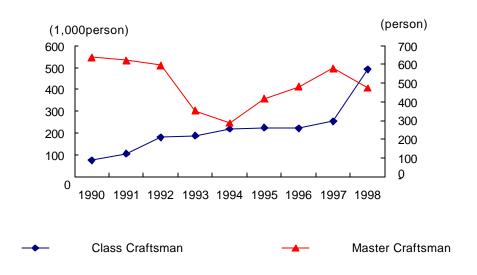
, 1999. 8.

3-12. Number of Vocational Trainees by Skill Level

:						In person
	Total	Class Craftsman	Technician	Master Craftsman	Training Instructor	, Supervisor & Manager
1980	105,696	104,480	_	_	1,216	_
1985	56,714	55,385	243	127	959	_
1990	75,463	67,702	_	637	225	6,899
1991	104,558	93,503	-	622	194	10,239
1992	180,018	178,864	_	594	560	_
1993	188,408	184,034	_	352	4,022	_
1994	218,239	213,005	961	286	3,987	_
1995	223,935	217,660	3,004	417	2,854	_
1996	222,094	214,259	4,733	480	2,622	_
1997	253,558	245,044	5,843	579	2,092	_
1998	491,529	481,595	7,177	474	2,283	_
: , ,	į	, 1999. 8.		Source Yearbook of Labour S	e : Ministry of Labour, Statistics,various years.	

Review of Vocational Ability Development Training Project, 1999. 8.

3-12G. Number of Vocational Trainees by Skill Level



3-13. Attendants of Private Institutes by Field

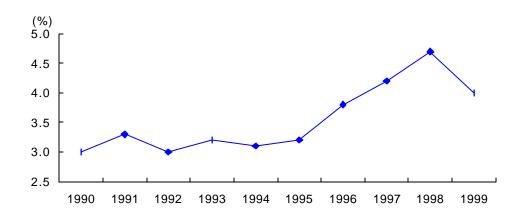
:									In p	erson
	To	1) otal	Liberal Arts	& Science	Tech	nical	А	rts	Manage Busii	
	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female
1980	411,162	183,748	117,618	35,905	52,030	12,076	52,808	35,261	123,922	87,147
1985	654,039	292,967	126,456	37,568	72,503	21,056	129,752	86,166	232,352	129,353
1990	1,793,583	856,457	408,205	145,616	267,289	94,847	383,569	241,286	731,138	372,277
1991	2,193,947	1,048,391	519,237	193,999	357,474	134,234	455,831	287,590	857,007	429,376
1992	2,541,065	1,229,147	596,607	227,614	422,751	164,952	553,674	346,294	961,899	485,560
1993	2,733,899	1,339,868	626,192	246,402	427,509	178,515	616,556	387,708	1,058,119	522,847
1994	3,065,918	1,497,382	778,378	312,150	454,766	199,251	701,474	434,870	1,124,540	545,770
1995	3,230,275	1,606,536	879,993	375,574	435,869	193,465	721,381	457,183	1,185,096	573,887
1996	3,438,802	1,729,678	1,146,704	509,432	452,391	219,436	848,656	519,935	991,051	480,875
1997	3,537,673	1,783,962	1,298,773	592,055	432,518	210,087	892,498	539,162	913,884	442,658
1998	3,130,951	1,585,181	1,149,656	515,788	378,348	189,021	901,912	538,523	701,035	341,849
1999	3,153,532	1,599,850	1,216,194	555,156	399,252	201,112	608,686	294,127	929,400	549,455

¹⁾ 가 , , 가 The total includes attendants also in the field of home economics, physical education, and other fields.

 $3\text{-}14. \tag{} \\$ Discontinuation of Study among Vocational High School Students by Reason

: , %						In p	erson, %
		A Register,	, Drop-outs, and			Nore	Discontinuatio _ n
	Total	Death	Disease	가 Domestic Affairs	Behavior	Others	Rate
1980	16,675	-	2,135	9,390	-	5,150	2.1
1985	36,403	-	2,401	22,998	-	11,004	4.1
1990	24,641	-	940	15,313	-	8,388	3.0
1991	26,216	-	991	15,391	-	9,834	3.3
1992	24,517	-	1,024	13,445	-	10,048	3.0
1993	26,899	-	1,159	14,476	-	11,264	3.2
1994	26,651	-	1,057	13,640	-	11,954	3.1
1995	29,045	-	1,179	13,886	-	13,980	3.2
1996	36,133	504	1,142	15,589	8,764	10,134	3.8
1997	40,066	567	1,088	16,640	12,635	9,136	4.2
1998	43,212	527	1,127	16,470	14,278	10,810	4.7
1999	33,714	380	1,131	11,673	2,961	17,569	4.0
					Sourc	e : Ministry	of Education.

3-14G. Discontinuation Rate of Vocational High School Students



3-15.

Annual Mobility of Junior College Students

In person Absentees for a Semester or Longer Transferred In **Transferred Out** Total Reinstated to Removed from Returned to School the Register **Original Register Female** Female Female Total Female Total Total **Female** Total Female **Female** Total Total Total 1980 15,968 1,717 8,863 233 1,403 77 4,754 872 85 12 753 488 105 35 1985 48,054 19,500 1,330 10,652 578 3,962 491 62 710 185 78 5 6,122 16,623 74,500 1,476 22,020 927 7,430 1,623 300 22 2 2 1990 4,126 44,571 177 76 83,805 1991 4,844 49,709 1,593 26,009 1,022 7,224 1.863 355 31 507 334 1 1 1992 97,050 1,819 29,818 8,320 1,999 260 24 1 5,111 58,393 1,137 258 132 1993 106,903 5.852 64,016 2,423 33,817 1.242 8.393 2.034 150 11 526 141 1 1 80 1,383 124,511 8,635 72,659 3,069 38,945 9,444 2,448 2,465 1994 1.564 616 382 91 75,807 512 1,140 847 1995 136,660 10,868 3,640 44,412 1,905 14,675 4,371 76 114 29 162,102 14,973 4,949 50,222 2,372 598 136 980 727 1996 90,711 19,066 6.555 525 234 1997 181,746 20,180 109,361 7,087 48,097 3,622 20,688 7,763 678 186 1,577 473 1,049 1,345 252,883 30,243 160,153 12,977 60,782 11,672 1,331 522 24 1998 5,029 30,440 40 19 137 1999 267,185 40,230 163,774 19,110 62,421 6,450 39,191 14,172 1,191 364 63 148 71 460

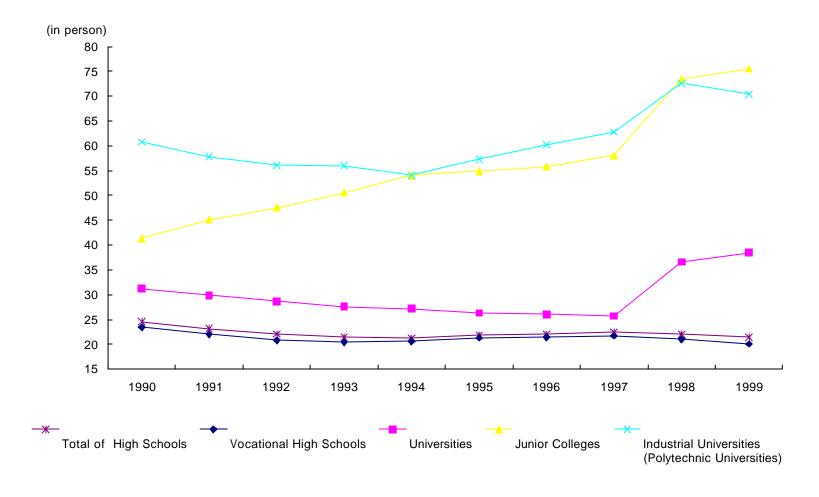
:

3-16. Number of Students per Teacher by Vocational Education Level

:									I)	n person
	Total Hi	gh Schools	Vocational	High Schools	Univ	ersities	Junior	Colleges		Universities c Universities)
		1		1		1		1		1
	Teachers	Students per Teacher	Teachers	Students per Teacher	Teachers	Students per Teacher	Teachers	Students per Teacher	Teachers	Students per Teacher
1980	50,948	33.3	23,468	32.3	14,458	27.9	5,488	30.1	_	_
1985	69,546	31.0	29,506	30.0	26,047	35.8	6,406	37.8	_	_
1990	92,683	24.6	34,609	23.4	33,340	31.2	7,832	41.3	855	60.8
1991	95,272	23.2	36,515	22.0	35,175	29.9	7,953	45.1	993	57.8
1992	96,342	22.1	38,984	20.8	37,287	28.7	8,518	47.5	1,252	56.1
1993	96,698	21.4	40,658	20.5	39,511	27.6	9,024	50.6	1,497	56.0
1994	97,064	21.2	41,311	20.6	41,576	27.2	9,375	54.1	1,873	54.1
1995	99,067	21.8	42,656	21.4	45,087	26.3	10,384	54.9	2,106	57.3
1996	101,591	22.1	43,788	21.5	48,582	26.1	11,515	55.8	2,355	60.2
1990	101,391	22.4	44,294	21.7	53,300	25.7	12,468	58.1	2,333	62.8
1998	105,945	22.0	44,265	21.7	40,345	36.6	10,926	73.4	2,019	72.6
1999	105,304	21.4	42,360	20.1	41,226	38.5	11,381	75.5	2,252	70.4

: 1998 , Starting from 1998, teaching assistents are not counted in the number of teachers in universities, junior colleges and industrial universities.

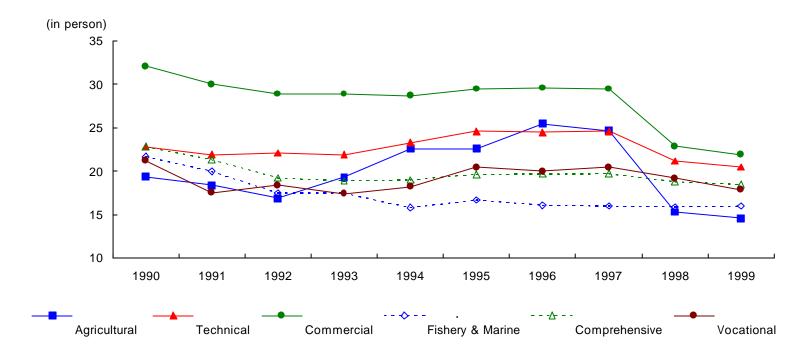
3-16G. 1
Number of Students per Teacher by Vocational Education Level



3-17. 1
Number of Students per Teacher in Vocational High Schools by School Type

:												In perso	n
	Total	Agric	ultural	Tech	nical	Comm	ercial	Fishery	& Marine	Compre	hensive	Voca	tional
			1		1		1		1		1		1
		Teachers	per Student										
1980	23,468	1,930	27.8	6,782	29.5	9,167	35.3	257	27.6	3,789	32.0	1,368	38.3
1985	29,506	2,335	27.4	7,382	30.3	11,675	40.9	397	27.1	6,669	30.5	1,048	39.9
1990	34,609	2,552	19.4	8,701	22.8	14,167	32.1	465	21.7	7,937	22.8	787	21.2
1991	36,515	2,399	18.4	9,280	21.9	14,789	30.0	463	20.0	8,417	21.4	1,167	17.6
1992	38,984	2,239	16.9	10,015	22.1	15,098	28.9	465	17.5	9,697	19.2	1,470	18.4
1993	40,658	1,715	19.3	11,411	21.9	15,012	28.9	401	17.5	9,739	18.9	2,380	17.4
1994	41,311	1,374	22.6	11,999	23.3	15,072	28.7	416	15.8	9,769	19.0	2,681	18.2
1995	42,656	1,432	22.6	12,804	24.6	15,206	29.5	425	16.7	9,578	19.7	3,211	20.4
1996	43,788	1,325	25.5	13,845	24.5	15,334	29.6	467	16.1	9,382	19.7	3,435	20.0
1997	44,294	1,400	24.7	14,565	24.6	15,461	29.5	456	16.0	9,023	19.7	3,389	20.4
1998	44,265	1,364	15.3	14,924	21.2	14,969	22.9	440	15.9	3,644	18.8	8,924	19.2
1999	42,360	1,402	14.6	14,408	20.5	14,609	21.9	422	16.0	4,235	18.5	7,284	17.9

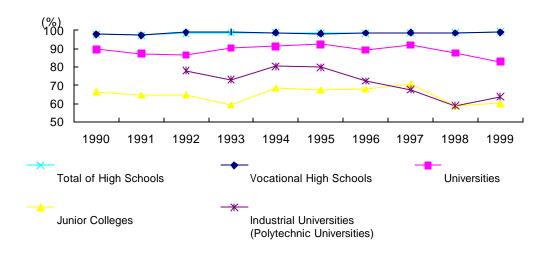
3-17G. 1
Number of Students per Teacher in Vocational High Schools by School Type



3-18. **Provision Rates of Teachers by Vocational Education Level**

: %				IJ	%
	Total High schools	Vocational High Schools	Universities	Junior Colleges	Industrial Universities (Polytechnic Universities
1980	95.5	96.5	86.7	79.1	_
1985	97.8	97.0	89.4	71.2	_
1990 ²⁾	97.9	97.9	89.7	66.5	_
1991	97.4	97.4	87.3	64.6	_
1992	98.4	99.0	86.6	64.7	77.9
1993	98.6	99.1	90.4	59.2	73.1
1994	98.7	98.7	91.2	68.5	80.4
1995	98.3	98.2	92.4	67.3	79.8
1996	98.4	98.5	89.3	67.9	72.3
1997	98.6	98.8	92.0	70.5	67.6
1998	98.8	98.6	87.6	58.6	58.8
1999	99.4	98.9	82.9	60.1	63.7

Provision Rates of Teachers by Vocational Education Level



 ^{1) 1998} Starting from 1998, teaching assistents are not counted in the number of teachers in universities, junior colleges, and industrial universities.

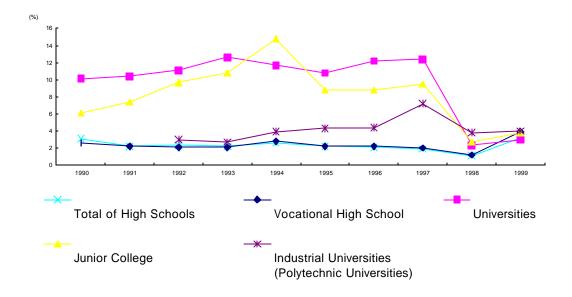
 2) 1990

 Starting from 1990 the number of teachers in high schools exclude teachers on leave.

3-19. Seperation Rates of Teachers by Vocational Education Level

	Total High Schools	Vocational High Schools	Universities	Junior Colleges	Industria Universitie (Polytechr Universitie
1980	8.1	8.4	2.4	4.5	-
1985	4.3	4.5	8.2	5.6	-
1990	3.1	2.6	10.1	6.1	-
1991	2.2	2.2	10.4	7.4	-
1992	2.3	2.1	11.1	9.7	3.0
1993	2.2	2.1	12.6	10.8	2.7
1994	2.6	2.8	11.7	14.8	3.9
1995	2.2	2.2	10.8	8.8	4.3
1996	2.1	2.2	12.2	8.8	4.4
1997	1.9	2.0	12.4	9.5	7.2
1998	1.1	1.2	2.3	2.7	3.8
1999	3.2	3.9	3.0	3.8	4.0

3-19G. Seperation Rates of Teachers by Vocational Education Level



3-20. 1
Number of Students & Teachers per Supportive Staff by Vocational Education Level

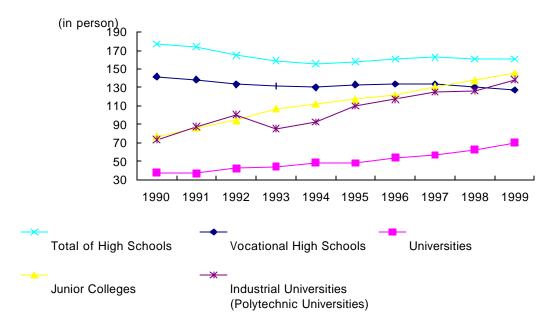
:									In p	erson
	Total of Hig	gh Schools	Vocational H	ligh Schools	Unive	rsities	Junior C	Colleges	Industrial U (Polytechnic	Jniversities Universities)
	1 Students per Clerical Staff	1 Teachers pe Clerical Staft	1 r Students per f Clerical Staff	1 Teachers per Clerical Staff	1 Students per Clerical Staff	1 Teachers pe Clerical Sta	1 er Students per ff Clerical Staff	1 Teachers per Clerical Staff	1 Students per Clerical Staff	1 Teachers pe Clerical Staf
1980	134.8	4.0	130.8	4.0	25.9	0.9	47.4	1.6	-	-
1985	172.8	5.6	151.4	5.0	46.9	1.3	59.9	1.6	-	-
1990	177.1	7.2	141.5	6.0	37.7	1.2	76.9	1.9	73.4	1.2
1991	174.3	7.5	138.3	6.3	37.1	1.2	86.0	1.9	87.6	1.5
1992	164.9	7.5	133.2	6.4	42.7	1.5	94.4	2.0	100.6	1.8
1993	159.1	7.4	131.5	6.4	44.5	1.6	107.2	2.1	85.6	1.5
1994	155.5	7.3	129.9	6.3	48.5	1.8	112.2	2.1	92.7	1.7
1995	157.8	7.2	132.9	6.2	48.4	1.8	117.1	2.1	110.1	1.9
1996	160.7	7.3	133.7	6.2	54.2	2.1	121.8	2.2	117.4	1.9
1997	162.5	7.3	133.5	6.2	57.0	2.2	130.6	2.2	125.1	2.0
1998	160.8	7.3	130.0	6.2	62.8	1.7	137.6	1.9	126.3	1.7
1999	161.0	7.5	127.4	6.3	70.3	1.8	145.8	1.9	138.3	2.0

Source: Korea Education Development Institute, *Handbook of Educational Statistics*, 1998.

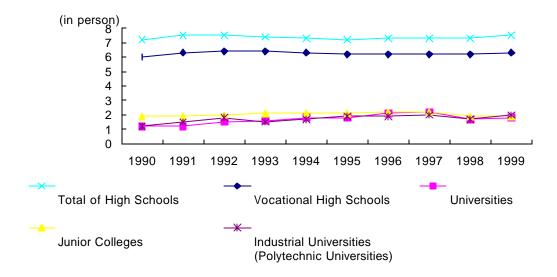
Ministry of Education, *Statistical Yearbook of Education*, various years.

, , 1998.

3-20G1. 1
Number of Students per Supportive Staff by Vocational School Level



3-20G2. 1
Number of Teachers per Supportive Staff by Vocational School Level



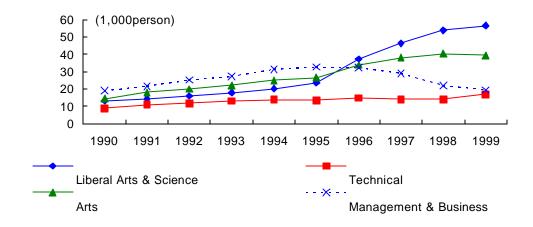
3-21. Number of Private Institute Instructors by Field

:		1)							In per	son
	To	otal		I Arts & nces	Technical		A	rts		ement & ness
	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female
1980	13,332	3,583	3,051	268	3,098	217	2,646	1,921	2,675	697
1985	22,559	9,266	4,470	582	4,230	641	6,040	4,898	5,407	2,535
1990	55,409	32,781	13,200	3,834	8,747	4,438	14,355	11,625	18,956	12,757
1991	65,356	40,449	14,475	4,459	10,906	5,683	18,158	15,028	21,655	15,143
1992	73,385	46,156	16,011	5,284	11,848	6,209	20,060	16,529	25,252	17,946
1993	80,556	50,827	17,936	6,482	12,994	6,924	22,135	17,396	27,236	19,806
1994	90,720	58,345	20,240	7,767	13,839	7,035	24,941	20,305	31,393	22,959
1995	96,591	63,668	23,613	10,374	13,374	7,170	26,513	21,723	32,760	24,104
1006	110.502	70.004	25.220	10.260	14.050	0.001	22.044	25.455	22.250	22.042
1996	118,502	78,896	37,338	19,268	14,870	8,091	33,944	27,675	32,350	23,862
1997	127,551	81,636	46,319	23,759	14,066	7,633	38,158	29,200	29,008	21,044
1998	130,534	84,291	53,960	28,594	14,025	7,550	40,535	32,124	22,014	16,023
1999	132,466	81,793	56,548	26,870	16,932	9,165	39,467	31,651	19,519	14,107
:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,					S	ource : M	inistry of	Educati

Statistical Yearbook of Education, various years.

3-21G.

Number of Private Institute Instructors by Field

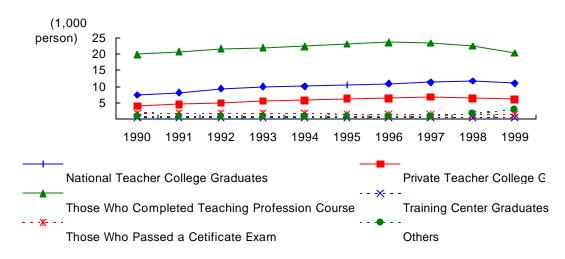


^{1) 7, 7, 7} The total number of instructors includes also instructors in home economics, physical education, and other fields.

3-22. Vocational High School Teachers by Educational Background

:						In p	erson
	Total	National Teacher College Graduates	Private Teacher College Graduates	Those Who Completed Teaching Profession Course	Training Center Graduates	Those Who Passed a Cetificate Exam.	Others
1980	23,468	2,359	1,596	13,387	883	2,540	2,703
1985	29,506	3,847	2,755	18,916	512	2,090	1,376
1990	34,606	7,436	4,038	19,844	483	1,955	850
1991	36,515	8,146	4,621	20,654	485	1,833	776
1992	38,984	9,365	4,941	21,595	493	1,810	780
1993	40,658	9,951	5,641	21,856	538	1,821	851
1994	41,311	10,082	5,792	22,324	469	1,801	843
1995	42,656	10,484	6,266	23,035	502	1,534	835
1996	43,788	10,896	6,402	23,572	486	1,483	949
1997	44,294	11,311	6,839	23,332	457	1,437	918
1998	44,265	11,680	6,374	22,409	529	1,488	1,785
1999	42,360	11,026	6,105	20,287	518	1,473	2,951
					0	. Minister of C	- 1 - 21

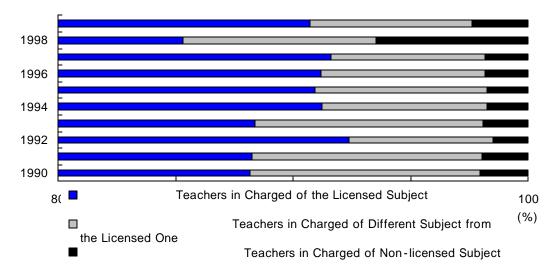
3-22G. Vocational High School Teachers by Educational Background



3-23. Vocational High School Teachers in Charge of the Licenced Subject

: ,	%					In p	erson, %
	Total	Teachers in the Licens	in Charge of sed Subject	Teachers i the Licens and Othe	n Charge of sed Subject er Subject	Teachers ir Different S the Lice	n Charge of a Subject from nsed One
		Number	Proportion	Number	Proportion	Number	Proportion
1980	10,344	8,583	83.0	1,504	14.5	257	2.5
1985	12,464	10,693	85.8	1,592	12.8	179	1.4
1990	15,401	13,578	88.2	1,506	9.8	317	2.1
1991	86,161	76,042	88.3	8,400	9.7	1,719	2.0
1992	37,295	34,451	92.4	2,278	6.1	566	1.5
1993	90,422	79,930	88.4	8,766	9.7	1,726	1.9
1994	39,476	36,013	91.2	2,774	7.0	689	1.7
1995	40,759	37,054	90.9	2,980	7.3	725	1.8
1996	41,870	38,178	91.2	2,912	7.0	780	1.9
1997	42,350	38,800	91.6	2,761	6.5	789	1.9
1998	42,331	36,118	85.3	3,467	8.2	2,746	6.5
1999	40,568	36,808	90.7	2,783	6.9	977	2.4
:	,	, .			Source	e: Ministry o	t Education,

3-23G. Vocational High School Teachers in Charge of the Licenced Subject

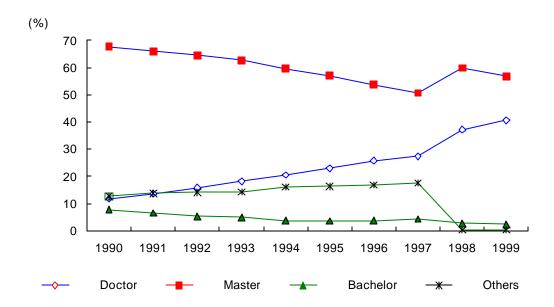


3-24. Type of Degrees Held by Faculty Members in Junior Colleges

: ,	(%)				In person, (%)
	Total	Doctor	Master	Bachelor	Others
1980	5,488	77 (1.4)	2,738 (49.9)	1,998 (36.4)	675 (12.3)
1985	6,406	201 (3.1)	4,430 (69.2)	802 (12.5)	973 (15.2)
1990	7,382	872 (11.8)	5,003 (67.8)	572 (7.7)	935 (12.7)
1991	7,953	1,085 (13.6)	5,254 (66.1)	520 (6.5)	1,094 (13.8)
1992	8,518	1,355 (15.9)	5,501 (64.6)	455 (5.3)	1,207 (14.2)
1993	9,024	1,635 (18.1)	5,652 (62.6)	447 (5.0)	1,290 (14.3)
1994	9,375	1,924 (20.5)	5,593 (59.7)	345 (3.7)	1,513 (16.1)
1995	10,384	2,388 (23.0)	5,925 (57.1)	374 (3.6)	1,697 (16.3)
1996	11,515	2,966 (25.8)	6,182 (53.7)	425 (3.7)	1,942 (16.9)
1997	12,468	3,424 (27.5)	6,323 (50.7)	536 (4.3)	2,185 (17.5)
1998	10,926	4,058 (37.1)	6,539 (59.8)	305 (2.8)	24 (0.2)
1999	11,381	4,621 (40.6)	6,457 (56.7)	278 (2.4)	25 (0.2)
:	,	, .	Statistical		Ministry of Education, cation, various years.

3-24G.

Type of Degrees Held by Faculty Members in Junior Colleges (% distribution)



3-25.

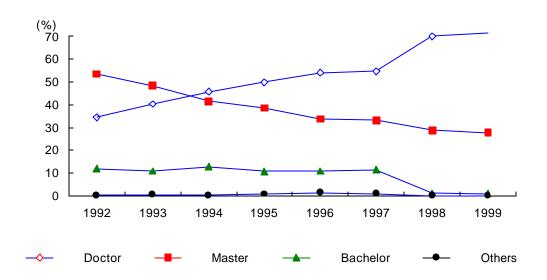
Type of Degrees Held by Faculty Members in Industrial Universities (Polytechnic Universities)

:	, (%)				In person, (%)
	Total	Doctor	Master	Bachelor	Others
1992	1,252	432 (34.5)	670 (53.5)	148 (11.8)	2 (0.2)
1993	1,497	603 (40.3)	725 (48.4)	162 (10.8)	7 (0.5)
1994	1,873	855 (45.6)	776 (41.4)	240 (12.8)	2(0.1)
1995	2,106	1,050 (59.9)	812 (38.6)	227 (10.8)	17 (0.8)
1996	2,355	1,273 (54.1)	796 (33.8)	256 (10.9)	30 (1.3)
1997	2,248	1,227 (54.6)	746 (33.2)	256 (11.4)	19 (0.8)
1998	2,019	1,414 (70.0)	580 (28.7)	23 (1.1)	2(0.1)
1999	2,252	1,608 (71.4)	623 (27.7)	19 (0.8)	2 (0.1)
:	,	, .		Source : Mi	nistry of Education,

3-25G.

Type of Degrees Held by Faculty Members in Industrial Universities (Polytechnic Universities)(% distribution)

Statistical Yearbook of Education, various years.



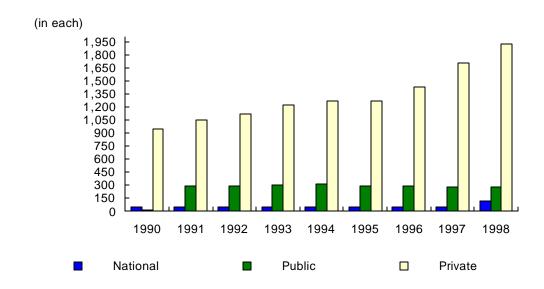
3-26. Number of Employment Security Offices

In each Total **National Public Private** 1980 7 338 36 295 1985 319 42 7 270 1990 1,016 53 16 947 1991 1,392 51 291 1,050 1992 1,468 52 296 1,120 1,575 1993 52 298 1,225 1994 1,638 52 312 1,274 52 1995 1,610 287 1,271 1996 1,771 52 287 1,432 1997 2,046 53 283 1,710 1998 2,325 119 281 1,925

> Source: Ministry of Labour, Yearbook of Labour Statistics, various years.

3-26G.

Number of Employment Security Offices



3-27.

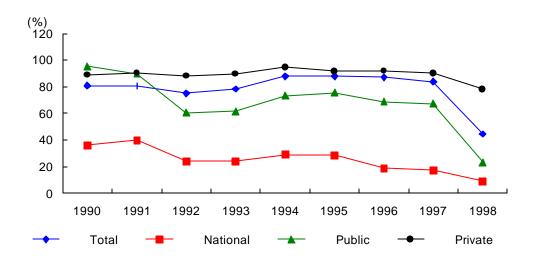
Job Placement by Type of Employment Security Offices

	Tot	al	Natio	onal	Pub	lic	Priva	ite
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
1980	205,993	80.01	27,425	69.77	15,261	78.28	163,307	82.2
1985	571,927	85.45	104,283	68.23	12,026	66.36	455,618	91.4
1990	628,235	80.81	51,679	36.16	174,473	95.48	402,083	89.0
1991	572 520	80.56	54.751	39.77	127 777	89.97	201.002	90.4
1991	573,530 739,820	75.12	54,751 19,063	23.90	127,777 173,126	69.97 60.76	391,002 547,631	88.3
1993	955,182	78.44	17,577	24.09	173,120	61.64	744,386	89.5
1994	1,207,076	87.88	19,213	28.94	171,433	73.29	1,016,430	94.7
1995	1,460,053	87.92	15,676	28.46	137,633	75.57	1,306,744	91.8
1996	1,936,344	87.18	16,209	18.72	126,315	68.91	1,793,820	91.9
1997	2,289,544	83.88	30,023	17.23	143,384	67.29	2,116,137	90.3
1998	1,842,840	44.53	129,598	9.15	175,385	23.16	1,537,857	78.2

Yearbook of Labour Statistics, various years.

3-27G.

Job Placement Rate by Type of Employment Security Offices



4-1. Number of Graduates by Vocational Education Level

In person **Total of High Schools Vocational High Schools** Universities **Junior Colleges Industrial Universities** (Polytechnic Universities) Total Total Female Total **Female** Female **Female Female** Total Total 1980 467,388 193,077 201,057 79,835 15,812 49,735 642,354 289,372 276,535 128,825 118,584 42,771 73,927 33,260 848 1985 1990 761,922 354,836 274,150 142,522 87,131 46,022 165,916 61,289 7,565 754,496 355,799 272,365 144,348 175,586 63,816 93,166 50,803 7,808 1991 1992 740,288 9,511 351,587 274,677 147,484 178,631 66,088 106,417 56,876 1993 722,451 345,384 272,541 147.813 184,868 71.636 111.855 60,287 10,831 1994 687,794 330,479 263,962 142,740 179,519 72,843 128,366 70,467 11,512 1995 649,653 311,538 259,133 138,144 180,664 74,811 143,075 14,560 3,938 77,640 1996 670,161 324,336 274,696 147,054 184,212 76,316 155,326 83,806 17,147 4,452 324,966 273,912 145,551 192,465 78,204 175,965 98,357 20,018 5,103 1997 671.614 736,889 356,151 302,416 159,615 196,566 80,932 196,551 111,481 20,850 5,981 1998 747,723 361,624 290,892 148,121 204,390 93,700 212,726 115,774 21,535 6,433 1999

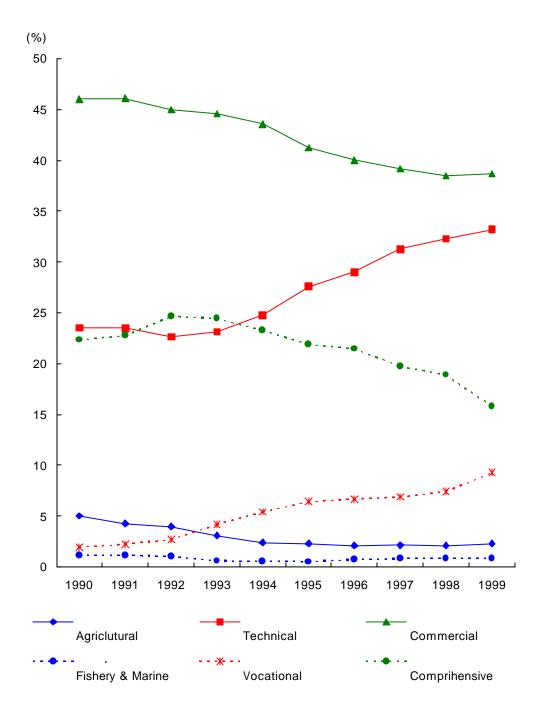
:

4-2. Vocational High School Graduates by School Type

: , (%) In person, (%)

	Total	Agricultural	Technical	Commercia I	Fishery & Marine	Comprehensiv e	Vocational
1980	198,478	15,857	55,308	85,088	2,133	30,439	9,653
	(100.0)	(8.0)	(27.9)	(42.9)	(1.1)	(15.3)	(4.9)
1985	276,535	17,239	63,613	115,096	3,253	64,160	13,174
	(100.0)	(6.2)	(23.0)	(41.6)	(1.2)	(23.2)	(4.8)
1990	274,050	13,716	64,470	126,171	3,166	61,204	5,323
	(100.0)	(5.0)	(23.5)	(46.0)	(1.2)	(22.3)	(1.9)
1991	272,365	11,642	63,955	125,620	3,074	61,979	6,095
	(100.0)	(4.3)	(23.5)	(46.1)	(1.1)	(22.8)	(2.2)
1992	274,677	10,945	62,173	123,629	2,812	67,742	7,376
	(100.0)	(4.0)	(22.6)	(45.0)	(1.0)	(24.7)	(2.7)
1993	272,541	8,392	63,012	121,524	1,604	66,640	11,369
	(100.0)	(3.1)	(23.1)	(44.6)	(0.6)	(24.5)	(4.2)
1994	263,962	6,349	65,409	115,076	1,472	61,406	14,250
	(100.0)	(2.4)	(24.8)	(43.6)	(0.6)	(23.3)	(5.4)
1995	259,133	5,975	71,486	106,912	1,317	56,779	16,664
	(100.0)	(2.3)	(27.6)	(41.3)	(0.5)	(21.9)	(6.4)
1996	274,696	5,779	79,692	109,996	1,977	58,937	18,315
1997	(100.0)	(2.1)	(29.0)	(40.0)	(0.7)	(21.5)	(6.7)
	273,912	5,833	85,649	107,322	2,187	54,081	18,840
	(100.0)	(2.1)	(31.3)	(39.2)	(0.8)	(19.7)	(6.9)
1998	302,416	6,274	97,749	116,320	2,406	57,164	22,503
	(100.0)	(2.1)	(32.3)	(38.5)	(0.8)	(18.9)	(7.4)
1999	290,892	6,557	96,609	112,662	2,122	45,907	27,035
	(100.0)	(2.3)	(33.2)	(38.7)	(0.7)	(15.8)	(9.3)





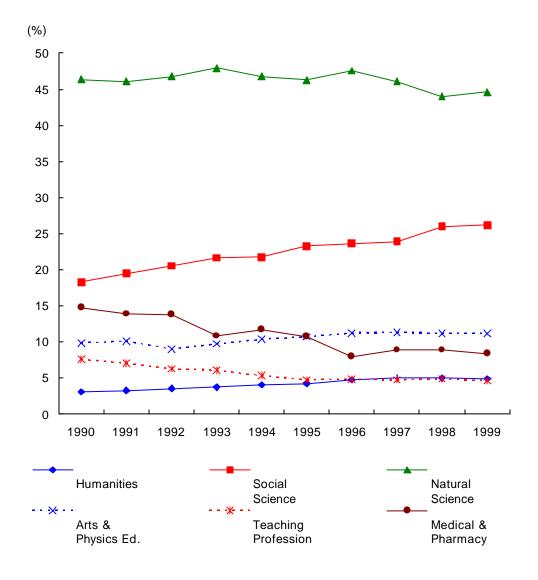
4-3.

Junior College Graduates by Field of Study

: , (%) In person, (%)

	Total	Humanities	Social Sciences	Natural Sciences	Arts & Physical	Medical & Pharmacy	Teaching Profession
1985	73,927	1,182	13,266	36,877	5,891	10,096	6,615
	(100.0)	(1.6)	(17.9)	(49.9)	(8.0)	(13.7)	(8.9)
1990	87,131	2,700	15,930	40,402	8,590	12,863	6,646
	(100.0)	(3.1)	(18.3)	(46.4)	(9.9)	(14.8)	(7.6)
1991	93,166	3,085	18,167	42,942	9,437	12,975	6,560
	(100.0)	(3.3)	(19.5)	(46.1)	(10.1)	(13.9)	(7.0)
1992	106,417	3,804	21,870	49,767	9,596	14,671	6,709
	(100.0)	(3.6)	(20.6)	(46.8)	(9.0)	(13.8)	(6.3)
1993	111,855	4,202	24,219	53,589	10,892	12,126	6,827
	(100.0)	(3.8)	(21.7)	(47.9)	(9.7)	(10.8)	(6.1)
1994	128,366	5,199	27,944	60,024	13,308	15,043	6,848
	(100.0)	(4.1)	(21.8)	(46.8)	(10.4)	(11.7)	(5.3)
1995	143,075	5,999	33,308	66,211	15,336	15,407	6,814
	(100.0)	(4.2)	(23.3)	(46.3)	(10.7)	(10.8)	(4.8)
1996	155,326	7,417	36,736	73,863	17,437	12,377	7,496
	(100.0)	(4.8)	(23.7)	(47.6)	(11.2)	(8.0)	(4.8)
1997	175,965	8,859	42,108	81,057	19,933	15,666	8,342
	(100.0)	(5.0)	(23.9)	(46.1)	(11.3)	(8.9)	(4.7)
1998	196,551	9,858	51,023	86,475	22,106	17,492	9,597
	(100.0)	(5.0)	(26.0)	(44.0)	(11.2)	(8.9)	(4.9)
1999	212,726	10,426	55,822	94,978	23,911	17,825	9,764
	(100.0)	(4.9)	(26.2)	(44.6)	(11.2)	(8.4)	(4.6)



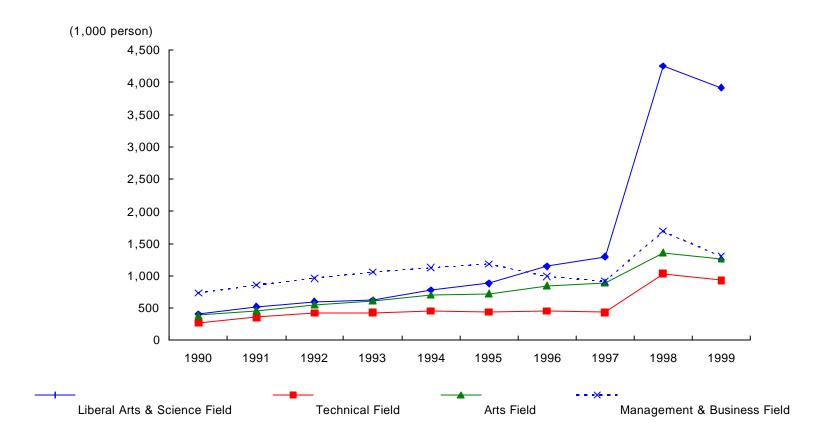


4-4. **Graduates from Private Institutes by Field**

		1)								person
	То	tal	Liberal Arts	& Science	Tech	nical	A	rts	Managemen	t & Business
	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female	Total	Female
1980	411,162	183,748	117,618	35,905	52,030	12,076	52,808	35,261	123,922	87,147
1985	654,039	292,967	126,456	37,568	72,503	21,056	129,752	86,166	232,352	129,353
1990	1,793,583	856,457	408,205	145,616	267,289	94,847	383,569	241,286	731,138	372,277
1991	2,193,947	1,048,391	519,237	193,999	357,474	134,234	455,831	287,590	857,007	429,376
1992	2,541,065	1,229,147	596,607	227,614	422,751	164,952	553,674	346,294	961,899	485,560
1993	2,733,899	1,339,868	626,192	246,402	427,509	178,515	616,556	387,708	1,058,119	522,847
1994	3,065,918	1,497,382	778,378	312,150	454,766	199,251	701,474	434,870	1,124,540	545,770
1995	3,230,275	1,606,536	879,993	375,574	435,869	193,465	721,381	457,183	1,185,096	573,887
1996	3,438,802	1,729,678	1,146,704	509,432	452,391	219,436	848,656	519,935	991,051	480,875
1997	3,537,673	1,783,962	1,298,773	592,055	432,518	210,087	892,498	539,162	913,884	442,658
1998	8,336,699	4,061,319	4,254,696	1,935,941	1,030,777	528,044	1,359,666	776,420	1,691,560	820,914
1999	7,408,036	3,686,012	3,919,554	1,838,351	927,472	479,238	1,261,366	732,348	1,299,644	636,075

Source: Ministry of Education, Statistical Yearbook of Education, various years. The total number of graduates includes graduates in the field of home economics, physical education, and other fields.

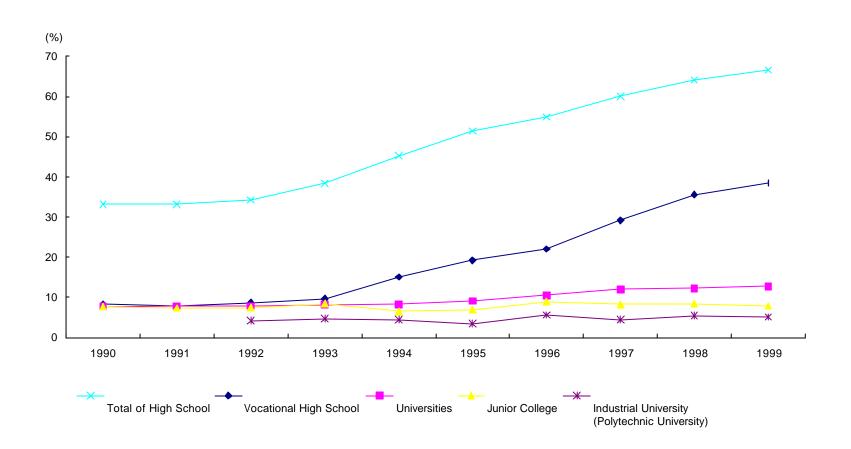
4-4G. Graduates from Private Institutes by Field



4-5.
Advancement Rate of Vocational School Graduates to the Higher Educational Institutions

, %									In persor	ո, %
	Total High	Schools	Vocational Hi	gh Schools	Univer	sities	Junior C	olleges	Industrial U (Polytechnic	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
1980	110,817	23.7	20,242	10.2	7,674	15.4	887	_	_	_
1985	233,737	36.4	36,910	13.3	12,278	10.4	6,991	9.5	_	_
1990	252,831	33.2	22,710	8.3	12,783	7.7	6,718	7.7	-	-
1991	250,370	33.2	21,302	7.8	13,784	7.9	6,875	7.4	_	_
1992	253,742	34.3	23,851	8.7	14,040	7.9	7,878	7.4	399	4.2
1993	277,267	38.4	26,481	9.7	15,211	8.2	9,399	8.4	510	4.7
1994	311,296	45.3	39,914	15.1	14,835	8.3	8,417	6.6	515	4.5
1995	333,950	51.4	49,699	19.2	16,500	9.1	9,972	7.0	504	3.5
1996	368,164	54.9	60,373	22.0	19,329	10.5	13,874	8.9	962	5.6
1997	403,791	60.1	79,961	29.2	23,078	12.0	14,671	8.3	884	4.4
1998	472,252	64.1	107,824	35.6	24,141	12.3	16,591	8.4	1,130	5.4
1999	498,183	66.6	112,130	38.5	26,141	12.8	16,867	7.9	1,099	5.1

4-5G.
Advancement Rate of Vocational School Graduates to the Higher Educational Institutions

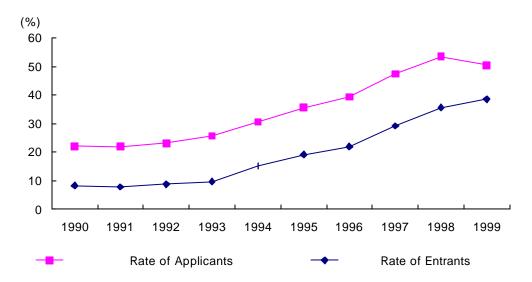


4-6.
Advancement Rate of Vocational High School Graduates to the Higher Educational Institutions

: ,	%		_				In pers	on, %
					Entrants fo	r Higher Scl	hooling	
	Applicants	Rate of Applicants	lotal	Junior Colleges	Leachers' Colleges	Colleges & Universitie S	Miscel- laneous School	Kate
1980	62,678	31.6	20,242	11,023	307	8,104	808	10.2
1985	83,033	30.0	36,910	24,386	219	11,842	463	13.3
1990	60,570	22.1	22,710	14,989	106	7,261	354	8.3
1991	59,789	22.0	21,302	13,544	112	7,266	380	7.8
1992	63,517	23.1	23,851	15,110	172	8,135	434	8.7
1993	70,045	25.7	26,481	16,266	171	9,527	517	9.7
1994	80,675	30.6	39,914	26,628	296	12,131	859	15.1
1995	92,288	35.6	49,699	33,070	317	15,957	355	19.2
1996	107,962	39.3	60,373	40,171	311	19,225	666	22.0
1997	129,934	47.4	79,961	54,163	210	24,751	837	29.2
1998	162,088	53.5	107,824	78,941	138	27,313	1,432	35.6
1999	146,835	50.4	112,130	81,488	139	29,470	1,033	38.5
:	,	,			.	Source :	Ministry of	Education,

Statistical Yearbook of Education, various years.

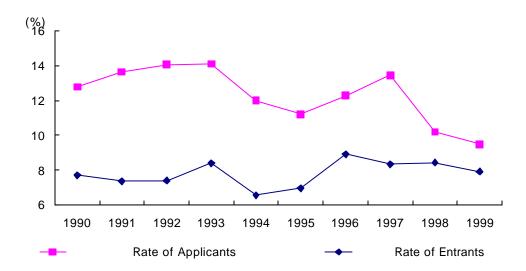
4-6G.
Advancement Rate of Vocational High School Graduates to the Higher Educational Institutions



4-7.
Advancement Rate of Junior College Graduates to the Higher Educational Institutions

: , %	6					In pers	on, %
				Entra	ints for High	er Schooling	9
	Applicants	Rate of Applicants	Total	Colleges & Universities	Graduates	Miscel- laneous School	Rate
1985	16,205	21.9	6,991	5,896	_	1,095	9.46
1990	11,141	12.8	6,718	4,609	-	2,109	7.71
1991	12,720	13.7	6,875	5,911	_	964	7.38
1992	14,969	14.1	7,878	7,293	_	585	7.40
1993	15,775	14.1	9,399	8,615	_	784	8.40
1994	15,412	12.0	8,417	8,066	_	351	6.56
1995	16,054	11.2	9,972	8,848	-	1,124	6.97
1996	19,071	12.3	13,874	13,212	1	661	8.93
1997	23,673	13.5	14,671	14,178	10	483	8.34
1998	20,099	10.2	16,591	15,793	9	789	8.44
1999	20,296	9.5	16,867	16,337	14	516	7.93
:	,	, .		Statistical	Sourc Yearbook of	e : Ministry of Education, v	Education arious yea

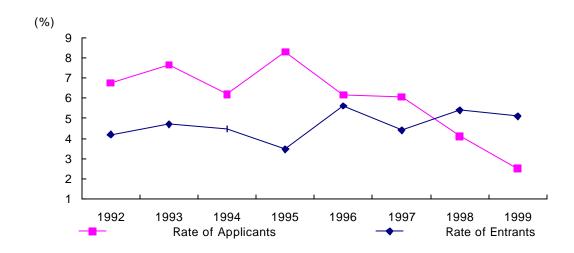
4-7G.
Advancement Rate of Junior College Graduates to the Higher Educational Institutions



4-8.
Advancement Rate of Industrial University Graduates to the Higher Educational Institutions

: , %	6			Entrants for	Higher Sc	In pers	on, %
	- Applicants	Rate of Applicants	Total	Colleges & Universitie		Miscel- laneous School	Rate
1992	642	6.8	399	_	396	3	4.2
1993	829	7.7	510	1	508	1	4.7
1994	712	6.2	515	-	504	11	4.5
1995	1,208	8.3	504	-	493	11	3.5
1996	1,055	6.2	962	5	946	11	5.6
1997	1,212	6.1	884	23	840	21	4.4
1998	864	4.1	1,130	17	1,036	77	5.4
1999	533	2.5	1,099	32	1,026	41	5.1
:	,	, ·		Statistical \		e : Ministry of Education, v	

4-8G.
Advancement Rate of Industrial University Graduates to the Higher Educational Institutions



4-9. Employment Rates of Graduates by Vocational Education Level

: , % In person, %

	Total High	Schools	Vocational Hi	gh Schools	Universities		Junior Colleges		Industrial Ur (Polytechnic U	
	Employed Persons	Rate	Employed Persons	Rate	Employed Persons	Rate	Employed Persons	Rate	Employed Persons	Rate
1985	170,404	42.1	143,214	60.4	48,552	52.1	29,556	57.2	-	-
1990	257,905	51.0	210,113	84.0	79,975	55.0	47,094	71.8	-	_
1991	266,947	53.2	217,344	86.9	90,780	58.7	57,078	77.3	_	-
1992	269,017	55.5	218,888	87.5	91,438	58.0	64,103	75.3	6,444	71.9
1993	256,002	57.9	209,871	86.0	88,429	54.0	65,020	72.5	7,747	72.7
1994	230,052	62.6	192,165	85.5	90,110	56.4	73,665	68.8	7,454	69.3
1995	218,040	69.3	190,148	89.8	97,290	60.9	88,843	74.2	10,161	73.6
1996	218,033	72.4	196,403	91.8	101,911	63.3	102,648	78.2	11,533	72.4
1997	193,736	72.5	177,532	91.7	102,245	61.8	115,096	75.5	12,963	68.7
1998	176,882	67.2	164,075	84.7	85,805	50.5	114,035	66.3	11,581	59.5
1999	161,204	64.9	148,478	83.4	90,147	51.3	128,308	68.1	13,431	66.2

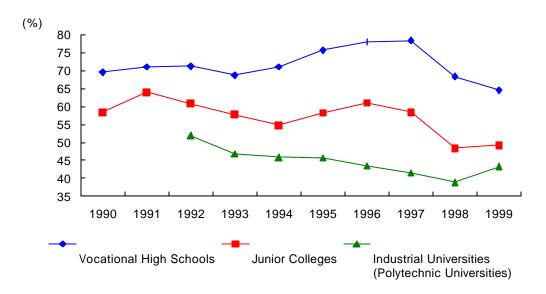
Source: Ministry of Education, Statistical Yearbook of Education, various years.

4-10. Employment Rates of Vocational School Graduates

	Vocational H	gh Schools	Junior C	olleges	Industrial U (Polytechnic	
	Number	Rate	Number	Rate	Number	Rate
1985	122,448	51.6	23,486	45.5	_	_
1990	174,057	69.6	38,361	58.5	-	-
1991	177,915	71.1	47,331	64.1	_	_
1992	178,381	71.3	51,858	60.9	4,943	55.1
1993	167,695	68.8	51,817	57.8	5,075	50.0
1994	159,100	71.1	58,665	54.8	5,286	49.2
1995	158,483	75.8	69,831	58.3	6,649	48.2
1996	167,184	78.1	80,241	61.1	7,446	46.7
1997	152,047	78.5	89,044	58.4	8,313	44.0
1998	132,574	68.4	83,157	48.4	7,577	38.9
1999	114,898	64.6	92,615	49.2	8,790	43.3

Statistical Yearbook of Education, various years.

4-10G. Employment Rates of Vocational School Graduates



4-11. Employment Rates of Polytechnic College & V.T.I.¹⁾ Graduates

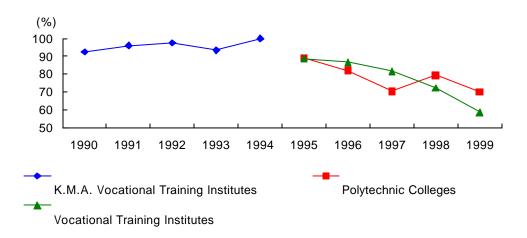
:	, %							In Person	, %
	K.M.A. ²⁾ \	ocational ⁻	Training	Polytechnic Colleges			Vocational Training Institute		
	Graduate	Employ	Employment		Employ	Employment		Employ	yment
									_
		Number	Rate		Number	Rate		Number	Rate
1980	7,307	5,956	81.5	_	_	_	_	_	_
1985	9,387	9,042	96.3	_	_	_	_	_	_
1990	13,375	12,382	92.6	_	_	_	_	_	_
1001	16054	15.622	0.5.0						
1991	16,274	15,622	96.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
1992	16,621	16,215	97.6	_	-	_	_	_	_
1993	16,346	15,285	93.5	_	-	-	_	-	_
1994	13,716	13,716	100.0	_	_	-	_	_	-
1995	-	_	_	15,121	13,475	89.1	8,295	7,366	88.8
1996				12,889	10,558	81.9	7,828	6,783	86.7
1990	_	_	_	2,016	1,419	70.4	6,556	5,350	81.6
1998	_	_	_	2,599	2,063	70. 4 79.4	6,470	3,330 4,674	72.2
	_	_	_	,	,	79.4	,	,	58.5
1999	_	_	_	3,152	2,205	70.0	7,592	4,440	36.3

Source: Ministry of Labour, Yearbook of Vocational Training, various years.

1) V.T.I.: Vocational Training Institutes. 2) K.M.A: Korea Manpower Agency. 3) 1997

Starting from 1997, the number of polytechnic college graduates exclude the graduates from short term (less then 1 year) courses.

4-11G. **Employment Rates of Polytechnic College & V.T.I. Graduates**

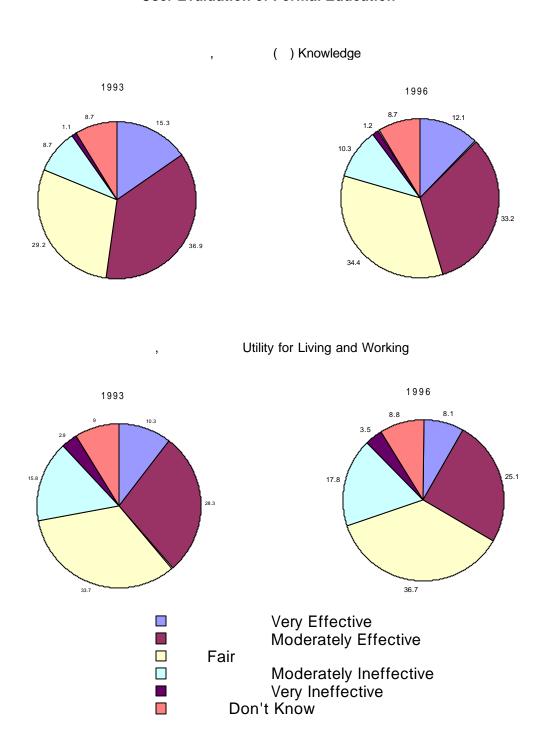


4-12. **User Evaluation of Formal Education**

: %							%
				() Knowledge	9		
	Very Effective	Moderately Effective	Fair	Moderately Ineffective	Very Ineffective	Don't Know	
	15.2	26.0	20.2	1993	1.1	0.7	Total
	15.3	36.9	29.2 1993 B	8.7 y Educational At	1.1 ttainment	8.7	Total
	16.5	32.7	23.4	4.9	0.9	21.7	Graduates & Under
	15.7	37.4	30.8	7.7	1.1	7.3	ivilgale Scriooi Graduates
	13.9	38.2	32.9	10.7	1.2	3.1	riigh School Graduates
	16.7	40.5	28.9	11.3	1.4	1.2	College, Univ. Graduates & Over
	10.1	22.2		1996			
	12.1	33.2	34.4 1996 B	10.3 y Educational At	1.2	8.7	Total
	14.1	28.8	27.1	5.8	0.9	23.3	Primary School Graduates & Under
	12.6	33.0	35.8	9.2	1.0	8.4	ivilgale School Graduates
	10.5	33.9	38.7	12.5	1.4	3.1	rigri Scriooi Graduates
	12.6	38.3	34.0	12.9	1.5	0.8	Graduates & Over
		3		Utility for Living and	Working		
				1993			
	10.3	28.3	33.7	15.8	2.9	9.0	Total
	12.4			y Educational At		21.7	ндшагу эспоог
	12.4	27.1	28.5	8.7	1.7	21.7	Graduates & Under
	10.6	28.9	36.8	13.5	2.3	7.9	Graduates
	8.6	28.2	36.8	19.2	3.6	3.6	Graduates
	10.3	30.0	32.0	22.0	4.3	1.5	Graduates & Over
	0.4	27.1		1996	2.5		
	8.1	25.1	36.7 1996 B	17.8 y Educational At	3.5 ttainment	8.8	Total
	10.3	24.3	30.9	9.7	1.6	23.1	Graduates & Under
	8.5	25.7	39.9	14.9	2.6	8.4	ivilgale Scriool Graduates
	6.4	24.5	40.1	21.1	4.3	3.5	riigh School Graduates
	8.4	27.1	34.5	24.4	4.9	0.8	College, Univ. Graduates & Over
:	,	, 19	98.			e : National Si	tatistical Office,

Source : National Statistical Office, Report on the Social Statistics Survey, 1998.

4-12G.
User Evaluation of Formal Education

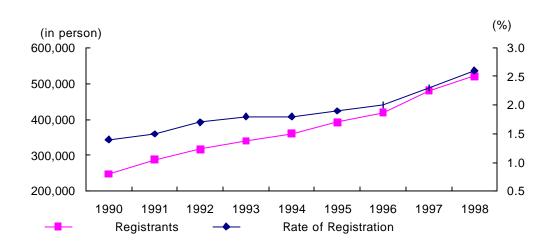


4-13. 가 Registrants of National Technical Qualifications by Qualification Category

: ,	%						In person, %
		Techni	cal Qualificat	ion Registra	nts		
	Total	Technical	Professiona Engineer	^l Craftsman	Master Craftsman	Service	Percentage of Technical Qualification Registrants
1980	134,554	31,769	243	102,785	-	-	1.0
1985	207,379	27,450	234	137,633	23	42,296	1.4
1990	247,837	31,322	513	194,801	72	21,714	1.4
1991	288,176	35,829	671	222,422	94	29,925	1.5
1992	316,362	46,341	1,059	270,021	184	-	1.7
1993	339,564	62,203	1,045	277,361	437	-	1.8
1994	360,051	75,527	1,084	284,524	532	-	1.8
1995	391,842	81,312	2,602	310,530	383	-	1.9
1996	419,338	81,424	2,034	337,914	507	-	2.0
1997	480,953	89,145	2,343	391,808	376	-	2.3
1998	520,202	102,107	2,524	418,095	475	-	2.6
: Office,	,	, 199	99.		Sour	ce : Natior	nal Statistical

Social Indicators in Korea, 1999.

4-13G. 가 Registrants of National Technical Qualifications by Qualification Category

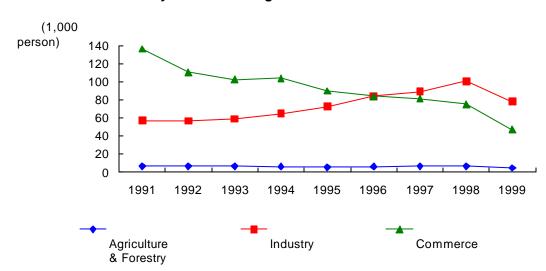


4-14. 기 National Technical Qualifications Acquired by Vocational High School Students

:						I	n person
	Total	Agriculture	Industry	Commerce	Fishery & Marine	가 · Vocational Home Economics	Humanities Arts
1991	203,736	6,523	57,098	136,255	1,932	-	1,928
1992	178,543	6,677	56,581	110,474	1,809	143	2,859
1993	173,590	6,804	58,889	102,436	1,733	52	3,676
1994	180,277	6,350	64,932	104,103	1,362	130	3,400
1995	171,698	5,531	72,563	89,999	1,113	188	2,304
1996	177,975	6,038	83,827	84,183	1,116	527	2,284
1997	180,854	6,812	89,082	81,547	1,626	204	1,583
1998	185,739	6,756	100,507	75,057	1,695	472	1,252
1999	132,862	4,665	78,286	47,006	1,248	423	1,234

Source : Ministry of Education, Statistical Yearbook of Education, various years.

4-14G. 기 National Technical Qualifications Acquired by Vocational High School Students

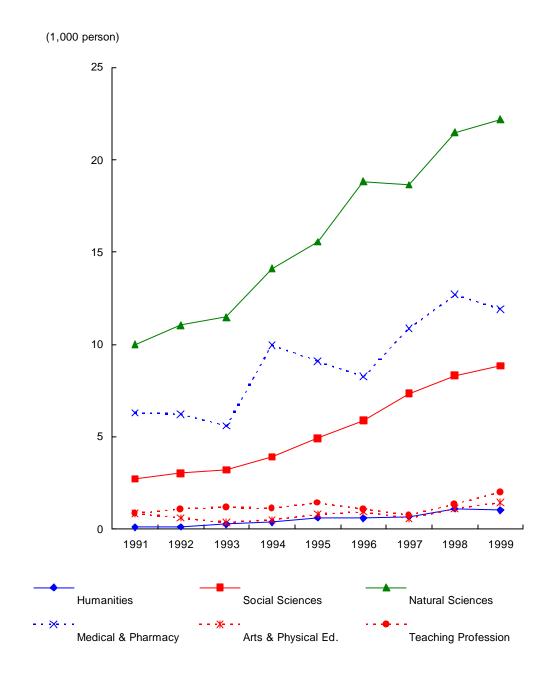


4-15. 가 National Technical Qualifications Acquired by Junior College Students

In person Total Humanities Social Natural Medical Arts & Teaching Sciences & Pharmacy Physical Ed. Profession **Sciences** 1991 99 20,743 2,703 9,995 6,285 832 829 1992 22,026 105 3,019 11,033 6,208 586 1,075 1993 22,027 257 3,203 11,468 5,585 341 1,173 1994 29,910 352 3,899 14,112 9,956 486 1,105 1995 32,359 619 4,912 15,548 9,075 788 1,417 1996 35,527 574 5,883 18,827 8,253 916 1,074 1997 38,801 664 7,340 18,648 10,845 561 743 1998 46,021 1,087 21,490 12,699 1,096 8,314 1,335 1999 47,349 1,009 8,840 22,188 11,903 1,419 1,990

> Source: Ministry of Education, Statistical Yearbook of Education, various years.

4-15G. 기 National Technical Qualifications Acquired by Junior College Students



4-16. 기 National Technical Qualifications Acquired by Polytechnic College Students & VTI Students

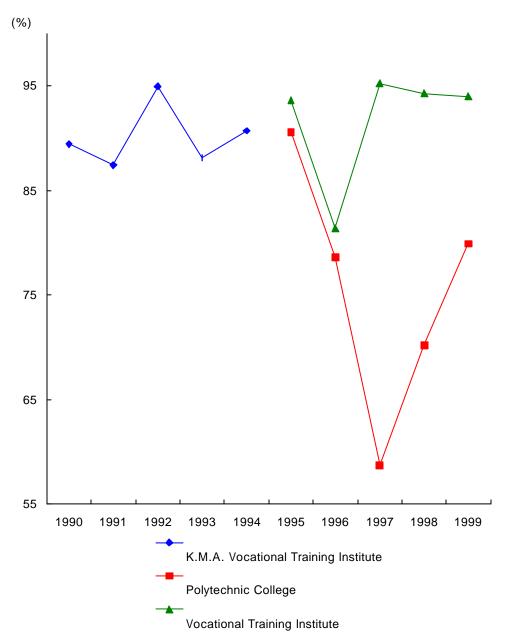
: , % In person, %

	K.M.A. ¹	Vocational Institutes	Fraining	Polyte	echnic Co	olleges	Vocat	Vocational Training		
	Graduates		ication isition	Graduat es		fication iisition	Graduat es	Qualifi Acqui		
		Number	Rate		Numbe	Rate		Number	Rate	
1980	7,307	5,956	81.5	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1985	9,387	9,168	97.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1990	13,375	11,960	89.4	_	-	-	-	-	-	
1991	14,579	12,747	87.4	-	_	-	-	_	-	
1992	13,301	12,630	95.0	-	-	_	-	_	_	
1993	16,385	14,440	88.1	-	-	_	-	_	_	
1994	15,220	13,810	90.7	_	_	_	_	_	_	
1995	-	-	-	15,121	13,697	90.6	8,295	7,765	93.6	
1996	-	-	-	12,889	10,135	78.6	7,828	6,373	81.4	
1997 ²⁾	-	-	_	2,106	1,236	58.7	6,556	6,244	95.2	
1998	-	_	_	2,599	1,824	70.2	6,470	6,103	94.3	
1999	-	-	-	3,152	2,517	79.9	7.592	7,140	94.0	

, Source : Ministry of Labour, rea Manpower Agency. Yearbook of Vocational Training, various years.

¹⁾ K.M.A: Korea Manpower Agency. Yearbook of 2) 1997 1
Starting from 1997, the number of polytechnic college graduates excludes the graduates from short term (less then 1 year) courses.





4-17-1. (1998) Outcomes of Vocational Training, 1998

:	, %								In persons	, %	
		Net Total	(A+B) Total		Regu	(A) ular Training	g		(B) Unemployment Measure Training		
				Subtotal	Initial	%	Further	%		%	
	Total	1,088,112	1,114,146 (26,034)	752,420 (26,034)	73,420 (13,913)	6.6	679,000 (12,121)	60.9	361,726	32.5	
	Subtotal	196,508	222,542 (26,034)	140,590 (26,034)	30,325 (13,913)	13.6	110,265 (12,121)	49.5	81,952	36.8	
	KMA	89,531	100,631 (17,104)	70,057 (17,104)	13,913 (13,913)	13.8	56,144 (3,191)	55.8	36,578	36.3	
	Polytechnic Colleges	93,277	102,207 (8,930)	60,220 (8,930)	7,177	7.0	53,043 (8,930)	51.9	41,987	41.1	
Publi	KCCI	8,076	8,076	4,689	4,099	50.8	590	7.3	3,387	41.9	
C	K.E.P.A.D	233	233	233	233	100.0					
	MOL ()	3,011	3,011	3,011	2,523	83.8	488	16.2			
	Local _Gov't	2,380	2,380	2,380	2,380	100.0					
	Private	889,321	889,321	609,547	40,812	4.6	568,735	64.0	279,774	31.5	
	Training Instrutors	2,283	2,283	2,283	2,283	100.0					

: , 1999, 8.

Source: Ministry of Labour, Review of Vocational Ability Development Training project, 1999, 8.

¹⁾⁽⁾

Numbers in parentheses indicate the number of people double counted in 'unemployment measure training' (UMT).

 <sup>()
 &#</sup>x27;Net Total' is obtained by subtracting the number of people double-counted from the 'total' number of people.

4-17-2. (1999) Plan of Vocational Training, 1999 4-17-2.

In persons

		Net Total	(A+B) Total	(A) Regular Training					(B) Unemployment Measure Training		
				Subtotal	Initial	%	Further	%		%	
	Total	871,198	892,578 (21,380)	554,798 (21,380)	43,009 (16,280)	4.8	511,789 (5,100)	57.3	331,780	37.2	
	Subtotal	101,108	122,488 (21,380)	62,938 (21,380)	37,669 (16,280)	30.8	25,269 (5,100)	20.6	59,550	48.6	
	KMA	53,288	71,476 (18,188)	33,938 (18,188)	13,988 (13,988)	19.6	20,000 (4,200)	28.0	37,488	52.4	
	Polytehnic. Colleges	31,457	34,649 (3,192)	16,057 (3,192)	12,817 (2,292)	37.0	3,240 (900)	9.4	18,592	53.7	
Dorbita	KCCI	7,130	7,130	3,660	3,660	51.3	590		3,470	48.7	
Publi c	K.E.P.A.D	210	210	210	210	100.0					
	MOL ()	4,439	4,439	4,439	2,410	54.3	2,029	45.7			
	Local Gov't	4,584	4,584	4,584	4,584	100.0					
	Private	768,090	768,090	495,860	3,340	0.4	492,520	64.1	272,230	35.4	
	Training Instrutors	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	100.0					
:	,	,	1999, 8.		Source : Ministry o	of Labour, Re	eview of Vocation	al Ability De	velopment Training pro	ject, 1999, 8	

1) 1999 Data for 1999 are planned numbers. 2) ()

Numbers in parentheses indicate the number of people counted also in 'unemployment measure training'(UMT).

Net Total' is obtained by subtracting the number of people double-counted from the 'total' number of people.

4-18-1. (1998)Outcomes of Vocational Training for the Unemployed, 1998

:									In pe	rsons
		Subtotal	Reemployment Training	Employment Promotion	Employment Training	Traning in Promissing Field	Training for Businees Starters	Training for Skilled Laborers	Priority Trades	가 Paid-Leave
	Total Subtotal	361,726 81,952	170,096 54,831	106,222	43,012		13,598 13,208	13,913 13,913	11,000	3,885
	KMA	36,578	19,474				3,191	13,913		
	Polytec. Colleges	41,987	33,057				8,930			
	KCCI	3,387	2,300				1,087			
Public	K.E.P.A.D									
	() MOL Local Gov't									
F	Private Training Instrutors	279,774	115,265	106,222	43,012		390		11,000	3,885
:	,	, 1999	9. 8.	Source : Mir	nistry of Labou	r, <i>Review of V</i>	ocational Ab	ility Developmer	nt Training p	roject, 1999, 8

^{&#}x27;Training in promissing fields' include training for overseas employment. ' Priority trades training' was preously named as 'Government-trusted Training'.

4-18-2. (1999)Plan of Vocational Training for the Unemployed, 1999

:									In pe	rsons
		Subtotal	Reemployment Training	Employment Promotion	Employment Training	Traning in Promissing Field	Training for Businees Starters	Training for Skilled Laborers	Priority Trades	가 Paid-Leave
	Total Subtotal	331,780 59,550	200,000 37,270	55,000	7,000	9,500 2,500	8,000 3,500	16,280 16,280	16,000	20,000
	KMA	37,488	19,300			2,500	1,700	13,988		
	Polytechnic Colleges	18,592	15,400				900	2,292		
	KCCI	3,470	2,570				900			
Public	K.E.P.A.D									
	() MOL Local Gov't									
F	Private Training Instrutors	272,230	162,730	55,000	7,000	7,000	4,500		16,000	20,000
:	,	, 1999	l.	Source : Mir	nistry of Labou	r, <i>Review of</i> V	ocational ab	ility Developmer	nt Training p	project, 1999, 8

1) 1999

Data for 1999 are planned numbers.

^{&#}x27;Training in promissing fields' include trainig for overseas employment.

' Priority trades training' was preously named as 'Government-trusted Training'.

4-19. (1998) Number of Vocational Trainees by Type of VTIs, 1998

: , % In persons, %

	Total	%	Public	%	In-Plant	%	Authored	%	Appointed	%	Private Institutes	%
Total Training	256,106	100.0	47,267	18.5	2,425	1	51,773	20.2	113,559	44.3	41,082	16.1
Reemployment Training	170,096	100.0	17,283	10.2	2,338	1.4	42,609	25	66,784	39.3	41,082	24.2
, Training of Skilled Worker	25,515	100.0	16,371	64.2	-	-	9,144	35.8	-	-	-	-
Training for Business Starters	13,598	100.0	13,598	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
가 Paid-Leave Training	3,885	100.0	15	0.4	87	2.2	20	0.5	3,763	96.9	-	_
Training in Univ.	43,012	100.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	43,012	100	-	-

, . 1999. Source: Ministry of Labour, Analysis of The Statistics of Unemployment Measure Vocational Training, 1999.

4-20. (1998)Course Completion & Job Placement by Type of Vocational Training, 1998

In persons, %

	Total	Reemployment Training	Promotion Training	Skilled Laborers	Gov't Trusted Training	Business Starters	mented) in Junior Colleges & univ.	Others
Number of Trainees	362,941	170,096	101,709	14,515	11,000	13,598	43,012	9,011
1) Course Completors	134,314 (9,011)	73,320	37,465	4,786	2,904	11,051	4,788	(9,011)
Employed	26,582	15,571	7,218	1,286	1,486	547	474	-
Rate of Employment	19.8	21.2	19.3	26.9	51.2	4.9	9.9	-

Source: Ministry of Labour, Analysis of The Statisties of Unemployment Measure Vocational Training, 1999.

4-21.
Funding of Vocational Competency Development Project

: , %			In	1,000 Won, %
_	19	97	19	998
	Amount	% Distribution	Amount	% Distribution
In-Plant Voc. Training Fund	8,634	14.7	9,904	3.8
Reemployment Training	2,262	3.8	191,194	74.2
Reemployment Training Fee	-	-	-	-
Education and Training	19,728	33.5	30,503	11.8
가 Fund for Paid Leave for Educ & Training	13,027	22.1	9,117	3.5
Other	15,223	25.9	16,950	6.6
Total	58,873	100.0	257,671	100.0
Total				

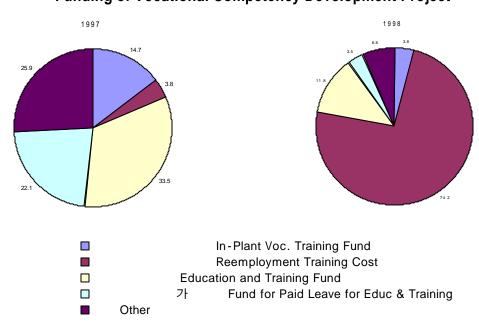
: , , Source : Ministry of Labour,

Monthly Statistics of Employment Insurance, various monthly.

1995 1998

Between 1995 and 1998, the training fee is included in the cost of training for reemployment of the unemployed

4-21G. Funding of Vocational Competency Development Project



5-1. 1 GDP per Capita

:								lı	n US dollars
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	
				Nort	h Ameri	ca			
	21,588	20,998	20,006	19,087	18,701	19,392	20,081	20,655	Canada
	22,983	23,419	24,448	25,385	26,606	27,607	28,646	30,276	U.S.A
					hain 9 D	a a lític			
				,	Asia & Pa	acific			
	5,916	6,795	7,038	7,530	8,528	10,124	11,417	10,363	Korea, Rep. of
	17,271	17,168	16,641	16,042	18,207	19,434	21,383	21,259	Australia
	24,042	27,454	29,918	34,291	37,524	41,009	36,575	33,370	Japan
	12,817	12,276	11,666	12,661	14,728	17,011	18,455	17,324	New Zealand
					a.a				
					Europe				
	20.405	01 107	22.552	22.055	04.670	20.005		25.520	Austria
	20,495	21,127	23,552	22,855	24,672	28,985	-	25,530	Belgium
	19,434	20,150	22,352	21,248	22,993	26,950	- 22 127	23,800	Denmark
	25,122	25,132	27,430	25,984	27,985	33,027	33,127	32,206	Finland
	27,015	23,734	21,119	16,657	19,179	24,457	- 26.257	23,314	France
	21,072	21,052	23,047	21,677	22,988	26,399	26,357	23,758	Germany
	18,947	21,500	24,443	23,503	25,132	29,570	28,720	25,621	Ireland
	12,884	12,954	14,401	13,277	14,619	17,309	21 155	20,008	Italy
	18,973	20,274	21,442	17,268	17,768	18,978	21,155	19,913	Luxembourg
	23,656 18,966	30,846 19,243	35,826 21,207	35,213 20,389	35,853	25 594	25,293	22 100	Netherland
	6,791	7,736	9,336	8,476	21,735 8,806	25,584 10,422	23,293	23,108 10,422	Portugal
	12,666	13,582	14,799	12,256	12,354	14,269	- 14,791	13,531	Spain
	26,841	27,764	28,553	21,308	22,575	26,116	28,308	25,735	Sweden
	17,088	17,620	18,228	16,287	17,550	18,906	20,300	22,135	United
	17,000	17,020	10,220	10,207	17,000	10,700		22,100	Kingdom
			OECD	0	ther OE	CD Cour	trico		
			UECD	U	ther OE	JD Cour	itries		
	27,230	27,643	29,442	26,940	28,455	33,634	36,028	34,776	Norway
	1,547	2,000	2,199	2,236	2,403	3,056	-	3,509	Poland
	34,039	34,221	35,391	34,112	37,363	43,797	41,632	36,007	Switzerland
:	,	, 19	98.						Statistical Office,

Source: National Statistical Office, International Statistics Yearbook, 1998. The Bank of Korea, National Accounts, 1997. IMF, International Financial Statistics, 1998. 3. The Central Bank of China, Financial Statistics, 1998. 2.

5-2. GDP (1994) Expenditures on Education and R&D to GDP, 1994

: %							%
	000	000		ng on forma	al education	on	
	GDP ·	GDP	1	GDP	(%)		
	Public and private	Public only	student as	nual spend a percentag	ina per	Spending on	
				per capita		research and development	
			Primary	Seconda	r Tortiony		
			North	America			
	7.2	6.7	_	_	56	1.6	Canada
	6.8	4.9	21	26	61	2.5	U.S.A
			A	sia & Pacif	ic		
	6.2	3.7	18	21	44	2.7	Korea, Rep. of
	4.9	3.8	19	22	42	2.6	Japan
	6.2	4.8	16	26	52	1.6	Australia
	-	6	16	27	50	1	New Zealand
			Е	urope			
							Austria
	5.6	5.4	27	35	43	1.6	Belgium
	-	5.5	16	28	31	1.6	Denmark
	8.4	6.6	24	31	42	1.9	Finland
	8	6.6	24	28	37	2.3	France
	6.7	5.6	17	30	31	2.4	Germany
	6	4.5	17	31	43	2.3	Greece
	-	3.1	-	13	23	0.5	Ireland
	6	5.2	13	22	48	1.4	Italy
	4.8	4.7	24	28	26	1.2	Netherland
	6 5.7	4.7	16	22	46	2	Portugal
	5.7	5.3	-	- 24	-	0.6	Spain
	6.4	4.8	19	24	30	0.9	Sweden
	9	6.6 4.9	29 19	31 25	73 43	3.6 2.1	United
	-	4.9	19	23	43	2.1	Kingdom
		OEC	D Ot	her OECD	Countries		
	-	5.7	20	30	60	1.3	Czech Rep.
	-	6.8	-	-	-	1.7	Norway
	-	5.6	25	30	66	-	Switzerland
	4.2	3.4	13	10	66	0.4	Turkey
OECD	6.3	5.2	20	26	49	1.6	OECD Average

(source): OECD, Human Capital Investment, 1998.

5-3. 가 Economically Active Population & Labor Force Participation Rate

:	, %					In	1,000 persons, %
					가		
	Year	Economically Activ	e Population L	abor Force	Participat	ion Rate	
		Total	Male	Total	Male	Female	
			North Ame	rica			
	1997	15,354	6,926	64.8	72.5	57.4	Canada
	1997	136,297	63,036	67.1	75.0	59.8	U.S.A
			A-i- O	De elifie			
			Asia &	Pacific			
	1998	21,390	8,507	60.7	75.2	47.0	Korea, Rep. of
	1997	67,870	2,760	63.7	77.8	50.4	Japan
	1997	9,221	3,974	63.3	73.2	53.7	Australia
	1997	1,814	808	62.5	71.2	54.3	New Zealand
			Europe				
	1997	3,884	1,668	58.2	69.2	48.0	Austria
	1997	4,214	1,764	50.4	60.6	40.9	Belgium
	1997	2,856	1,317	78.6	83.6	73.4	Denmark
	1997	2,560	1,208	61.3	67.2	55.9	Finland
	1997	26,404	11,980	55.0	62.3	48.1	France
	1997	39,694	17,063	57.4	67.8	47.7	Germany
	1997	4,293	1,682	49.2	63.1	36.7	Greece
	1997	1,539	602	54.7	67.8	42.0	Ireland
	1996	22,849	8,615	47.6	61.6	34.6	Italy
	1997	7,616	3,225	72.1	82.0	61.9	Netherland
	1997	4,868	2,199	57.8	67.2	49.4	Portugal
	1997	16,121	6,273	49.8	63.0	37.5	Spain
	1997	4,264	2,034	76.8	79.1	74.5	Sweden
	1997	28,716	12,692	62.6	71.7	53.9	United Kingdom
		OECD	Other O	ECD Coun	tries		
	1997	2,285	1,053	72.4	77.5	34.0	Norway
	1997	17,101	7,818	57.7	65.9	50.3	Poland
	1997	3,928	1,716	67.2	78.4	56.8	Switzerland

Source: National Statistical Office, International Statistics Yearbook, 1998. Annual Report on the Economically Active Population Survey, 1997. ILO, Yearbook of Labor Statistics, 1996, 1997.

, 1998.

5-4. Composition of the Employed by Industry

, % In 1,000 person, % Year Total Mining & Manufac-Not & Adequatel y Forestry Manufac- turing SOC Others Employed Person & Fishery turing **North America** 1996 79.4 Canada 13,676 4.1 16.5 15.2 U.S.A 126,708 2.8 16.2 80.3 16.6 1996 Asia & Pacific 1996 Korea, Rep. of 20,764 11.6 22.6 22.5 65.8 1996 64,860 5.5 22.4 22.3 71.7 0.4 Japan Australia 7,921 5.1 15.1 14.0 79.8 1994 New Zealand 1,688 9.5 17.3 17.0 72.8 0.4 1996 Europe 1996 2,130 6.4 27.4 27.0 66.2 Austria 1992 Belgium 3,773 2.7 23.2 22.9 74.1 1996 24.6 69.7 Denmark 1,441 5.5 24.4 0.2 1994 19.1 France 22,110 4.7 18.8 76.2 1996 35,892 3.0 24.5 23.8 72.5 Germany 1996 6,971 3.7 15.6 15.5 78.3 2.4 Netherland 4,467 12.2 22.1 21.7 65.7 Portugal 1996 2.9 Sweden 3,963 19.6 19.4 77.4 0.1 1996 **United Kingdom** 26,219 2.0 19.6 19.2 77.9 0.5 1996 **OECD Other OECD Countries** 1996 Norway 2,137 5.1 16.0 78.9 14.7 75.5 Switzerland 3,789 4.5 20.4 19.7 1996 , 1998.

:

Source: National Statistical Office, Social Indicators in Korea, 1998. Annual Report on the Economically Active Population Survey, 1997. ILO, Yearbook of Labor Statistics, 1996, 1997.

5-5. (1995)**Average Expected Years of Formal Education, 1995**

:			In year
	5 (5 year old) ¹⁾	17 (17 year old) ²⁾	
	Nort	:h America	
		III America	
	16.0	3.7	Canada
	15.8	3.3	U.S.A
		Asia & Pacific	
	14.1	2.6	Korea, Rep. of
	16.3	3.0	Australia
	16.0	2.5	New Zealand
		Europe	
	15.2	1.8	Austria
	17.6	2.5	Belgium
	16.3	2.1	Denmark
	15.9	2.8	Finland
	16.3	2.5	France
	16.2	1.8	Germany
	14.0	1.9	Greece
	15.2	2.1	Ireland
	16.9	2.1	Netherland
	15.7	1.8	Portugal
	16.1	2.3	Spain
	15.8	1.8	Sweden
	15.3	2.0	United Kingdom
	OECD C	Other OECD Countries	
	14.1	1.1	Czech Rep.
	16.2	2.4	Norway
	15.4	1.4	Switzerland
	9.3	1	Turkey
OECD	15.2	2.1	OECD Average

(source): OECD, Human Capital Investment, 1998.

<sup>1) 5
(1995 7).</sup>Estimated average number of years in formal education for a 5-year-old child if 1995 enrollment patterns prevailed in the future.
2) 17
(1995).
Estimated average number of years in tertiary education for a 17-year-old child if 1995 tertiary enrollment patterns prevailed in the future.

(1995, 1996) 5-6. 25-64

Gender Differences in Educational Attainment among the Aged 25-64, 1995-1996

: %							%
		1995			1996		
	Male	Female	Difference	Male	Female	Difference	
			North	America			
	74	76	-2	76	77	-1	Canada
	85	87	-2	85	86	-1	U.S.A
			As	ia & Paci	fic		
	70	50	20	70	52	18	Korea, Rep. of
	64	42	22	66	48	18	Australia
	64	55	9	66	55	11	New Zealand
			Ει	ırope			
	73	62	14	79	64	15	Austria
	55	53	2	54	53	1	Belgium
	66	58	8	70	62	8	Denmark
	64	67	-3	66	67	-1	Finland
	73	64	9	63	57	6	France
	89	78	11	87	76	11	Germany
	45	40	5	47	42	5	Greece
	43	51	-8	47	54	-7	Ireland
	37 - 7	33	4	40	37 57	3	Italy
	67 20	56	11	68	57	11	Netherland
	20	20	0 5	20	20	0	Portugal
	31 73	26 77	-4	32 73	28 75	4 -2	Spain Sweden
	73 81	70	-4 11	73 81	75 71		United Kingdom
	01	70	11	01	/ 1	10	Officea Kingaom
		OEC	D Oth	er OECD	Countries		
	90	77	13	91	78	13	Czech Rep.
	82	81	1	83	81	2	Norway
	76	71	5	76	71	5	Poland
	88	76	12	88	73	15	Switzerland
	26	20	6	22	12	10	Turkey
OECD	63	57	6	61	55	6	OECD Average

(source): OECD, Human Capital Investment, 1998.

Comparing the diffrence in percentage-point terms for men and women, 1995.
 The basis on educational attainment is upper secondary education.

5-7. Unemployment Rate

: %									%
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	
				Month	Americ	_			l
				North					
	8.1	10.4	11.3	11.2	10.4	9.5	9.7	9.2	Canada
	5.6	6.8	7.5	6.9	6.1	5.6	5.4	4.9	U.S.A
				As	ia & Pa	cific			
	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.8	2.4	2.0	2.0	2.6	Korea, Rep. of
	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.9	3.2	3.4	3.4	Japan
	6.9	9.6	10.8	10.9	9.8	8.5	8.6	8.6	Australia
	7.8	10.3	10.3	9.5	8.2	6.3	6.1	6.7	New Zealand
				Eu	ırope				
	5.4	5.8	5.9	6.8	6.5	6.6	7.0	7.1	Austria
	9.6	10.2	11.2	12.9	13.8	14.0	13.8	13.2	Belgium
	9.7	10.6	11.3	12.4	12.2	10.3	8.8	7.9	Denmark
	3.4	7.6	13.0	17.7	18.2	17.4	16.1	14.5	Finland
	8.9	9.4	10.3	11.6	12.3	11.6	12.4	12.4	France
	-	7.2	8.7	10.4	11.4	12.9	8.8	9.8	Germany
	12.9	14.7	15.3	15.7	14.7	12.2	11.9	10.3	Ireland
	11.0	10.9	11.4	10.2	11.1	-	12.1	12.3	Italy
	1.3	1.4	1.6	2.1	2.7	-	-	6.4	Luxembourg
	7.5	7.0	5.5	6.2	6.8	7.1	6.6	5.5	Netherland
	4.7	4.1	4.1	5.5	-	-	7.2	-	Portugal
	16.3	16.4	18.4	22.7	24.2	22.9	22.2	20.8	Spain
	1.6	3.0	5.2	8.2	8.0	7.7	8.0	-	Sweden
	6.7	8.3	10.2	10.3	9.3	8.5	8.2	7.1	United Kingdom
			DECD	Oth	er OEC	D Count	ries		
	5.2	5.5	5.9	6.0	5.4	4.9	4.9	4.1	Norway
	6.3	11.8	13.6	16.4	16.0	14.9	13.6	-	Poland
	0.5	1.1	2.5	4.5	4.7	4.2	4.7	5.2	Switzerland
		400	20				0	. N-4	and Chatintic - LOSS
: ,		, 199	3 8.						nal Statistical Office,

Source: National Statistical Office, International Statistics Yearbook, 1998. Annual Report on the Economically Active Population Survey, 1997. ILO, Yearbook of Labor Statistics, 1996, 1997. 5-8. (1996)

: %

	Be Secoi Educa		er		Uppe Educ	r Second ation	dary
	15-19	20-24	25-29		15-19	20-24	25-29
				North Amer	ica		
	31.5 26.9	49.7 48.6	53.9 57.8		52.8 55.6	65.0 69.2	72.4 77.9
				Asia & F	acific		
	3.5 40.1 40.4	66.3 62.8 60.7	65.7 64.0 61.8		29.9 62.6 58.8	55.3 74.9 78.2	64.0 80.2 81.9
				Europe			
	34.8 3.5 57.5 12.8 5.1 26.1 9.4 11.9 13.0 40.0 19.9 15.8 23.1 33.5	60.5 45.8 65.9 35.0 41.4 54.2 56.2 47.8 69.4 68.4 68.9 52.5 43.4 47.6	69.8 65.2 63.2 55.0 59.1 55.3 57.8 58.3 75.0 68.7 78.8 54.7 49.7		65.4 11.4 70.9 30.2 6.4 64.5 31.0 12.2 6.0 56.8 9.4 5.6 39.2 56.2	70.1 38.8 78.1 44.8 36.8 68.9 54.4 26.3 30.3 76.5 28.0 22.6 56.2 68.3	82.3 78.8 83.0 67.1 74.7 75.4 80.1 53.4 77.9 85.6 69.7 61.3 75.0 75.5
			OECD	Other OE	CD Coun	tries	
· OECD C	31.2 4.6 14.5 34.8	57.7 43.5 42.5 49.5	66.9 53.4 61.8 53.2		52.6 30.5 49.9 24.6	67.3 49.9 74.5 37.1	79.3 71.0 82.3 64.7

: OECD, OECD , 1998.

5-8. Employment Rate of Youth by Educational Level and Age Group, 1996

			All Le Educa	ersity- ducation	Unive level Ec	ersity Education	Non-uni Tertiary
Age	25-29	20-24	15-19	25-29	20-24	25-29	20-24
	75.2 78.6	65.2 68.5	37.8 33.2	84.1 87.8	71.3 84.3	80.8 85.3	71.9 80.0
Australia	67.9 75.7 75.0	59.1 73.2 72.0	10.3 46.6 46.8	76.4 87.8 91.4	76.8 83.0 75.7	- 80.6 74.6	- 81.2 78.4
Belgium Denmark Finland France Germany Ireland Italy Luxembour Netherland Portugal Spain Sweden	80.2 78.9 75.7 67.6 71.2 74.0 75.4 55.6 76.6 81.2 77.6 57.5 73.7 75.3	68.3 45.4 71.7 43.7 37.5 65.7 59.9 34.4 57.5 72.4 52.4 36.4 53.1 67.3	41.0 5.2 56.8 15.8 5.3 28.7 15.6 12.0 12.3 42.7 18.6 12.0 22.2 51.0	80.1 87.9 84.6 82.1 67.7 82.1 85.7 52.5 84.5 86.0 83.3 54.3 84.6 88.1	52.8 55.7 69.2 63.2 26.6 82.2 67.1 38.3 41.7 65.6 62.7 20.5 62.7 74.1	88.8 90.8 87.8 74.4 81.7 88.5 88.6 	75.2 73.9 82.4 66.0 39.5 79.3 77.6 - 51.0 48.6 45.9 77.4
Poland Switzerland	77.3 70.9 79.4 57.0	64.4 49.8 67.4 45.9	34.5 9.4 16.7 33.0	81.3 86.6 68.9 80.2	60.9 72.7 43.3 51.5	69.6 78.8 90.8	57.3 62.0 83.2

Source: OECD, Education at a glance OECD Indicators, 1998.

5-9. (1996)

: %

. 70				Youth	Population in E	Education
	Ages	In Work-Study Programme	Employed ^L	Jnemploye d	Not in LF.	Subtotal
	15-19	m	29.4	6.0	38.6	74.0
	20-24	m	19.8	2.4	9.3	31.5
	25-29	m	11.2	0.8	2.8	14.8
	15-19	m	26.2	5.0	51.9	83.0
	20-24	m	16.4	1.5	19.9	37.7
	25-29	m	6.6	0.5	5.2	12.3
	15-19	5.3	0.4	0.1	90.2	96.1
	20-24	4.8	3.1	0.7	42.4	50.9
	25-29	1.6	3.9	0.5	5.0	11.0
	15-19	20.8	1.8	0.7	67.2	90.5
	20-24	8.9	3.6	0.2	19.4	32.0
	25-29	1.1	3.9	0.2	8.5	13.7
	15-19	m	0.6	0.7	70.7	72.0
	20-24	m	1.0	1.6	29.3	32.0
	25-29	m	1.3	0.8	10.7	12.7
	15-19	0.2	1.6	2.7	69.0	73.5
	20-24	0.1	4.3	5.5	34.0	43.9
	25-29	0.0	4.9	4.4	6.9	16.2
	15-19	8.1	25.3	3.9	32.6	69.9
	20-24	2.7	11.4	1.2	12.3	27.6
	25-29	1.1	8.7	0.8	3.0	13.6
	15-19	m	25.9	4.3	51.4	81.6
	20-24	m	19.3	1.1	12.2	32.5
	25-29	m	8.6	0.4	2.9	11.9
OECD	15-19	10.4	10.0	2.9	62.4	81.5
가	20-24	3.3	8.7	2.2	22.9	35.8
	25-29	0.7	6.7	1.1	5.3	13.5
	15-19	m	0.5	9.3	77.7	87.5
(1999)	20-24	m	0.8	14.8	35.2	50.8
	25-29	m	2.9	5.4	4.6	12.9
: OECD, OEC	CD	, 1998.				

: OECD, OECD , 1998. , 1999.

m: 가 가 Indicates missing data.

가 .

5-9. International Comparison of Education and Employment of the Youth (Aged 15-29), 1996

	Edu	Youth Pop	oulation Not in		%
Employed	Unemployed	Not in LF.	Subtotal	Ages	
17.2	6.0	2.8	26.0	15 - 19	Australia
53.4	7.5	7.6	68.5	20 - 24	
64.5	5.7	14.9	85.2	25 - 29	
8.9	3.7	4.4	17.0	15 - 19	Canada
43.7	9.3	9.2	62.3	20 - 24	
67.0	8.7	12.1	87.7	25 - 29	
1.1	1.6	1.3	3.9	15 - 19	France
31.5	12.6	4.9	49.1	20 - 24	
66.7	13.2	9.1	89.0	25 - 29	
5.8	1.6	2.0	9.5	15 - 19	Germany
52.9	6.8	8.2	68.0	20 - 24	
68.7	6.6	11.0	86.3	25 - 29	
11.8	6.3	9.9	28.0	15 - 19	Italy
34.2	16.6	17.3	68.0	20 - 24	
56.4	12.2	18.6	87.3	25 - 29	
13.0	9.1	4.4	26.5	15 - 19	Spain
33.4	17.6	5.0	56.1	20 - 24	
53.0	19.3	11.5	83.8	25 - 29	
17.9	7.2	5.0	30.1	15 - 19	United
53.8	8.5	10.1	72.4	20 - 24	
65.6	6.9	13.9	86.4	25 - 29	
10.1	2.8	5.5	18.4	15 - 19	U.S.A
51.2	5.5	10.8	67.5	20 - 24	
71.5	4.1	12.5	88.1	25 - 29	
9.9	35.8	4.8	18.5	15 - 19	OECD
46.1	9.4	8.6	64.2	20 - 24	Average
66.4	8.5	11.6	86.5	25 - 29	

Source: OECD, *Education at a galance OECD Indicators*, 1998. KRIVET Sample Survey, 1999.

20 - 24

25 - 29

12.6 49.2

87.1

Korea, Rep. of

(1999)

4.7

4.1

19.5

3.7

33.6

58.1

4.2

11.5

9.5

5-10. (1996)

: %

	Below Up condary ucation	per		Upper Secor Education	ndary
15-19	20-24	25-29	15-19	20-24	25-29
		N	orth America		
22.7 25.0 21.3	21.2 19.1	16.2	15.9 11.2	12.7 9.6	11.7 7.1
			Asia & Pacifi	ic	
9.8 7.6 22.6 17.3	3.0 19.8 14.7	12.0 10.8	6.7 16.5 11.2	5.3 10.1 7.6	3.0 7.1 3.5
			Europe		
7.4 10.4 22.9 2.4 24.9 24.3 6.8 32.3 33.1 15.0 18.9 16.6 50.3 22.2 31.4	8.6 29.7 14.7 39.5 37.0 15.4 30.6 29.1 9.6 11.8 13.8 37.0 30.9 28.0	18.9 18.9 28.5 25.5 17.4 24.7 16.8 5.9 8.6 9.2 31.7 22.8 21.7	5.7 27.3 5.2 36.0 26.5 8.4 19.4 45.9 18.8 8.8 38.7 51.7 23.8 14.9	4.6 19.1 7.0 23.8 23.5 8.4 13.1 36.8 4.8 6.6 20.4 40.7 20.2 11.6	3.2 11.0 7.4 17.0 15.0 7.5 7.9 17.7 2.8 4.5 8.9 24.8 13.6 9.5
		OECD	Other OECD (Countries	
18.9 16.1 30.6 8.8	10.5 32.0 9.6	26.1 6.7	14.3 50.8 33.9	9.7 26.7 27.2	6.2 14.4 11.8

: OECD, OECD , 1998.

5-10. Unemployment Rates of Youth by Educational Level and Age Group, 1996

				Ū	1,			%
Non-unive Tertiary E			University Level Educa			evel of ation		
20-24	25-29		20-24	25-29	15-19	20-24	25-29	age
11.5 5.3	8.8 2.2	5.7	9.0 5.4	2.8	20.1 17.8	13.6 9.9	10.4 6.4	Canada U.S.A
8.2 10.8	- 5.9 6.1	4.0	7.7 6.7 6.3	4.2 2.3	7.5 20.4 15.1	5.9 11.9 9.6	3.3 8.0 5.9	Korea, Rep. of Australia New Zealand
14.2 9.7 11.1 20.5 19.0 7.2 8.4 - - 17.7 36.8 11.0 8.0	4.4 4.7 6.0 12.2 10.1 4.9 5.2 - - 8.8 24.9 8.0 2.9	6.5	3.9 14.6 6.8 17.2 18.2 - 6.5 37.9 14.9 11.6 25.6 52.1 10.9 11.3	5.8 6.3 7.6 14.4 6.5 4.9 31.0 0.6 6.6 9.0 31.2 5.1 4.9	6.8 25.3 2.6 29.0 24.7 7.3 25.4 36.1 15.2 16.9 18.4 50.8 22.2 17.9	5.7 20.0 9.9 26.7 26.6 9.6 15.9 33.1 9.1 8.8 15.9 39.2 20.6 12.8	4.2 10.7 10.5 17.0 16.4 8.4 11.5 18.3 4.6 6.0 9.1 29.3 12.7 9.3	Austria Belgium Denmark Finland France Germany Greece Italy Luxembourg Netherland Portugal Spain Sweden United Kingdom
7.4 26.0 -	5.8 8.8 -	5.2	9.2 17.2 29.1	7.4 10.5	17.9 44.2 13.3	10.2 27.1 15.6	6.4 14.5 8.1	Norway Poland Turkey

Source: OECD, Education at a glance OECD Indicators, 1998.

5-11. 25-64

Expected Years of Unemployment over a Working Lifttime by Level of Educational Attainment for Men Aged 25-64, 1995

:						In year
	Below upper Secondary	Upper Secondary only	Tertiary	All Levels combined	A B Difference in years between tertiary and below upper secondary	
			North A	merica		
	4.1 3.0	2.8 1.7	2.3 1.1	2.8 1.7	1.8 2.0	Canada U.S.A
			Asia	& Pacific		
	0.6 3.5 2.3	0.6 2.2 1.1	0.6 1.6 1.2	0.6 2.5 1.5	0.0 2.0 1.1	Korea, Rep. of Australia New Zealand
			Euro	ppe		
	1.6 3.0 4.0 6.8 4.4 4.5 1.8 5.0 2.2 1.9 1.9 5.6 4.3 5.4	0.9 1.4 2.8 5.8 2.5 2.3 1.7 2.3 1.4 1.1 1.6 3.9 3.3 2.9	0.6 0.9 2.0 3.1 2.1 1.6 1.9 1.4 1.8 1.1 1.4 2.9 2.0 1.6	1.0 2.0 3.1 5.3 2.8 2.4 1.8 3.5 1.9 1.4 1.8 4.8 3.2 3.0	1.0 2.1 2.0 3.7 2.3 2.9 -0.1 3.6 0.4 0.8 0.5 2.6 2.4 3.8	Austria Belgium Denmark Finland France Germany Greece Ireland Italy Netherland Portugal Spain Sweden United Kingkom
OECD	2.8 2.2 4.6 2.3 1.7 3.2	0.6 1.4 2.9 0.9 1.6 2.0	0.2 0.9 1.3 0.7 1.0 1.4	0.7 1.4 3.0 1.0 1.6 2.2	2.6 1.2 3.4 1.6 0.8 1.8	Czech Rep. Norway Poland Switzerland Turkey OECD Average

(source): OECD, Human Capital Investment, 1998.

1)

Expected years of unemployment represent the average number of years an individual would spend in unemployment over a working lifetime for a given level of educational attainment at current rates of unemployment.

 $5\text{-}12. \qquad \qquad (\qquad) \\ \text{Average Working Hours per Week in Manufacturing Industry}$

:									In hours
	1990	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	
				North	Americ	2			
	38.2	37.9	38.3	38.6	38.8	38.5	-	39.3	Canada
	40.8	40.7	41.0	41.4	42.0	41.6	41.6	42.0	U.S.A
				Α	sia & Pa	cific			
	49.8	49.3	48.7	48.9	48.7	49.2	48.4	47.8	Koear, Rep. of
	40.8	40.0	38.8	37.7	37.6	37.8	43.3	42.7	Japan
	38.1	37.6	38.0	38.1	38.9	38.7	-	_	Australia
	40.7	40.4	41.1	41.6	42.0	41.8	41.6	41.4	New Zealand
				Е	urope				
1)	139.5	138.2	138.2	127.0	139.6	36.1	36.6	36.9	
	33.4	32.7	32.3	137.9 32.4	33.0	30.1	30.0	30.9	Austria
	33.4	31.5	31.5	31.5	-	_	-	_	Belgium
	38.7	38.7	38.7	38.6	38.7	_	_	_	Denmark France
	39.5	39.2	38.9	37.6	39.3	38.3	37.4	37.4	Germany
	38.8	38.4	38.3	37.8	37.9	38.0	39.2	38.3	Ireland
	39.9	39.8	40.5	40.6	-	-	-	-	Luxembourg
	39.9	39.9	39.8	39.8	38.1	-	-	-	Netherland
	40.7	39.3	38	38	39	39.7	39.6	38.7	Portugal
	37.4	37.2	36.8	36.6	36.8	36.7	36.7	37.1	Spain Sweden
	38.5	38.4	38.5	37.3	37.8	-	-	-	United Kingdom
	42.3	41.3	41.5	41.3	41.6	42.1	41.9	42.0	
			OECD	Ot	her OEC	D Count	ries		
	37	36.8	36.8	36.8	36.9	36.7	36.8	36.7	Norway
	41.6	41.5	41.4	41.4	41.4	41.4	41.4	-	Switzerland

<sup>: , , 1998.

1) 1994 .</sup>Up until 1994, the data for Austria indicates hours of work per month.

Source: National Statistical Office, International Statistics Yearbook, 1998. Ministry of Labour, Yearbook of Labour Statistics, 1997. ILO, Yearbook of Labour Statistics, 1996, 1997.

5-13. 1
Number of Students per Teacher

In person Year Secondary **Primary Tertiary** Education Education Education **North America** 94 / 95 16 19 30 Canada 94 / 95 U.S.A 16 15 16 Asia & Pacific 95 / 96 28 23 26 Korea, Rep. of 94 / 95 19 14 10 Japan Australia 1994 13 35 1994 17 14 13 New Zealand Europe 94 / 95 12 9 9 Austria 8 Belgium 93 / 94 12 10 94 / 95 19 France 13 17 94 / 95 17 15 7 Germany 94 / 95 Italy 11 23 94 / 95 18 16 19 Spain 94 / 95 11 10 8 Sweden 94 / 95 19 15 **United Kingdom** 17 OECD **Other OECD Countries** 93 / 94 15 Norway 22 94 / 95 28 23 27 Turkey

: OECD, OECD , 1998. Source : OECD, Education at a glance OECD Indicators, 1998.

5-14. 25-64 (1996)
Distribution of the Population Aged 25 to 64 Age by Educational Level, 1996

: %						%
	Below upper Secondary Education	Upper Secondary Education	Non-university Tertiary Education	University- Level Education	Total	
			North America			
	24 14	29 52	31 8	17 26	100 100	Canada U.S.A
			Asia & Pac	ific		
	39 43 40	42 32 35	- 10 14	19 15 11	100 100 100	Korea, Rep. of Australia New Zealand
			Europe			
			Laropo			
	29 47 34 33 40 19 50 62 71 37 80 70	63 30 44 46 41 60 28 30 18 40 9	2 13 7 9 9 9 12 - - 3 5	6 11 15 12 10 13 11 8 11 23 7	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Austria Belgium Denmark Finland France Germany Ireland Italy Luxembourg Netherland Portugal Spain
	70 26	13 47	5 14	13 13	100	Spain Sweden
	24	55	9	13	100	United Kingdom
		OECD	Other OECI	Countries		
	18 26 20	55 61 58	11 3 12	16 10 10	100 100 100	Norway Poland Switzerland
: OECD, OE	CD , 1	998.	Source : OECD, <i>E</i>	ducation at a gl	lance OE	CD Indicators, 1998.

5-15. 25-64 (1996)
Distribution of the Labor Force Aged 25 - 64 by Educational Level, 1996

Below upper Secondary Education Ed						%
18	Secondary	Secondary	Tertiary	Level	Total	
Asia & Pacific 38			North Ameri	ca		
Asia & Pacific 38	18	29	33	20	100	Canada
Section			9	28		U.S.A
Section Sect			Asia & P	acific		
Section Sect	38	41	-	21	100	Korea, Rep. o
Section Sect			11			
23 68 2 7 100 Austria 37 33 16 14 100 Belgium 29 47 8 17 100 Denmark 29 48 10 14 100 Finland 34 44 11 11 11 100 France 14 61 10 15 100 Germany 43 29 14 14 100 Ireland 54 34 - 11 100 Italy 63 21 - 16 100 Luxembourg 29 43 - 27 100 Netherland 76 11 4 9 100 Portugal 62 15 6 17 100 Spain 23 48 15 14 100 Sweden 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko			15			
23 68 2 7 100 Austria 37 33 16 14 100 Belgium 29 47 8 17 100 Denmark 29 48 10 14 100 Finland 34 44 11 11 11 100 France 14 61 10 15 100 Germany 43 29 14 14 100 Ireland 54 34 - 11 100 Italy 63 21 - 16 100 Luxembourg 29 43 - 27 100 Netherland 76 11 4 9 100 Portugal 62 15 6 17 100 Spain 23 48 15 14 100 Sweden 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko			Europe			
37 33 16 14 100 Belgium 29 47 8 17 100 Denmark 29 48 10 14 100 Finland 34 44 11 11 11 100 Germany 43 29 14 14 100 Ireland 54 34 - 11 100 Italy 63 21 - 16 100 Luxembourg 29 43 - 27 100 Netherland 76 11 4 9 100 Portugal 62 15 6 17 100 Spain 23 48 15 14 100 Sweden 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko			Laropo			
29 47 8 17 100 Denmark 29 48 10 14 100 Finland 34 44 11 11 100 France 14 61 10 15 100 Germany 43 29 14 14 100 Ireland 54 34 - 11 100 Italy 63 21 - 16 100 Luxembourg 29 43 - 27 100 Netherland 76 11 4 9 100 Portugal 62 15 6 17 100 Spain 23 48 15 14 100 Sweden 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko OECD Other OECD Countries 15 56 12 17 100 Norway 21 64 4 12 100 Poland	23	68	2	7	100	Austria
29 48 10 14 100 Finland 34 44 11 11 100 France 14 61 10 15 100 Germany 43 29 14 14 100 Ireland 54 34 - 11 100 Italy 63 21 - 16 100 Luxembourg 29 43 - 27 100 Netherland 76 11 4 9 100 Portugal 62 15 6 17 100 Spain 23 48 15 14 100 Sweden 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko OECD Other OECD Countries 15 56 12 17 100 Norway 21 64 4 12 100 Poland	37	33	16	14	100	Belgium
34 44 11 11 100 France 14 61 10 15 100 Germany 43 29 14 14 100 Ireland 54 34 - 11 100 Italy 63 21 - 16 100 Luxembourg 29 43 - 27 100 Netherland 76 11 4 9 100 Portugal 62 15 6 17 100 Spain 23 48 15 14 100 Sweden 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko OECD Other OECD Countries	29	47	8	17	100	Denmark
14 61 10 15 100 Germany 43 29 14 14 100 Ireland 54 34 - 11 100 Italy 63 21 - 16 100 Luxembourg 29 43 - 27 100 Netherland 76 11 4 9 100 Portugal 62 15 6 17 100 Spain 23 48 15 14 100 Sweden 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko OECD Countries	29	48	10	14	100	Finland
43 29 14 14 100 Ireland 54 34 - 11 100 Italy 63 21 - 16 100 Luxembourg 29 43 - 27 100 Netherland 76 11 4 9 100 Portugal 62 15 6 17 100 Spain 23 48 15 14 100 Sweden 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko OECD Other OECD Countries 15 56 12 17 100 Norway 21 64 4 12 100 Poland	34	44	11	11	100	France
54 34 - 11 100 Italy 63 21 - 16 100 Luxembourg 29 43 - 27 100 Netherland 76 11 4 9 100 Portugal 62 15 6 17 100 Spain 23 48 15 14 100 Sweden 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko OECD Other OECD Countries 15 56 12 17 100 Norway 21 64 4 12 100 Poland	14	61	10	15	100	Germany
63 21 - 16 100 Luxembourg 29 43 - 27 100 Netherland 76 11 4 9 100 Portugal 62 15 6 17 100 Spain 23 48 15 14 100 Sweden 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko OECD Other OECD Countries 15 56 12 17 100 Norway 21 64 4 12 100 Poland	43	29	14	14	100	Ireland
29 43 - 27 100 Netherland 76 11 4 9 100 Portugal 62 15 6 17 100 Spain 23 48 15 14 100 Sweden 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko OECD Other OECD Countries 15 56 12 17 100 Norway 21 64 4 12 100 Poland	54	34	-	11	100	Italy
76 11 4 9 100 Portugal Spain 62 15 6 17 100 Spain 23 48 15 14 100 Sweden 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko OECD Other OECD Countries 15 56 12 17 100 Norway 21 64 4 12 100 Poland	63	21	-	16	100	Luxembourg
62 15 6 17 100 Spain 23 48 15 14 100 Sweden 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko OECD Other OECD Countries 15 56 12 17 100 Norway 21 64 4 12 100 Poland	29	43	-	27	100	Netherland
23 48 15 14 100 Sweden United Kingko 19 57 10 15 100 United Kingko 0ECD Other OECD Countries 15 56 12 17 100 Norway 21 64 4 12 100 Poland	76	11	4	9	100	Portugal
OECD Other OECD Countries 15 56 12 17 100 Norway Poland 21 64 4 12 100 Poland	62	15	6	17	100	
OECD Other OECD Countries 15 56 12 17 100 Norway 21 64 4 12 100 Poland	23	48	15	14	100	Sweden
15 56 12 17 100 Norway 21 64 4 12 100 Poland	19	57	10	15	100	United Kingko
15 56 12 17 100 Norway 21 64 4 12 100 Poland		OECD	Other OF	CD Countries		
21 64 4 12 100 Poland						
						_
17 58 14 10 100 <mark>Switzerland</mark>						
	17	58	14	10	100	Switzerland

: OECD, OECD , 1998. Source : OECD, Education at a glance OECD Indicators, 1998.

5-16. (1995) Human Development Index, 1995

	HDI	Gross Enrollment Rate	Adult Literacy Rate	Life Expectancy
		America	North	
Canada	0.960	100	99.0	79.1
U.S.A	0.943	96	99.0	76.4
		sia & Pacific	As	
Korea, Rep.	0.894	83	98.0	71.7
Japan	0.940	78	99.0	79.9
Australia	0.932	79	99.0	78.2
New Zealan	0.939	94	99.0	76.6
		urope	Е	
	0.022	97	00.0	747
Austria	0.933	87	99.0	76.7
Belgium	0.933	86	99.0	76.9
Denmark	0.928 0.946	89 89	99.0 99.0	75.3 78.7
France	0.946	89 81	99.0 99.0	76.7 76.4
Germany Ireland	0.923	88	99.0	76.4 76.4
Luxembour	0.930	58	99.0	76.4 76.1
Netherland	0.900	91	99.0	77.5
Portugal	0.892	81	89.6	74.8
Spain	0.852	79	99.0	71.1
Sweden	0.930	76	99.0	78.4
United Kingdo	0.932	86	99.0	76.8
		han OECD Countrie	OFCD - OH	
	5	her OECD Countrie	OECD Otl	
Norway	0.943	92	99.0	77.6
Switzerland	0.930	76	99.0	78.2

Source: National Statistical Office, International Statistics Yearbook, 1998. UNDP, Human Development Report, 1997.

	,
_	
1 - 2	** (6 -)
1 - 3	가 = 15 × 100
1 - 4	GDP = □ 00
1 - 10	$= \qquad \qquad \square \frac{7}{30.4}$
1 - 12	⇒—— ×100
	=× 100
1 - 13	= (+)\(\overline{\Omega_2}\) \times 100
1 - 14	= (+)□2 × 100
1 - 15 1 - 16	= × 100
1 - 17	=
	$LP^{t} = \left(\frac{V_{i}^{0}}{V_{i}^{0}} \right) \square P_{i}^{t}$
	LP: , t: , i: i , V: 가가

Formulars

Table NO	Formulars
1 - 2	Expected years of education = Cumulative years of education received by total population Total pop 6 yearsold and over-Total number ofstudents
1 - 3	Labor force participation rate = Economically active population Population 15 yeas old and over □00
1 - 4	Ratio of R & D expenditure to GDP $= \frac{R\&D \text{ Expenditure}}{GDP} \square 00$
1 - 10	Weekly average working hours = Monthly average working hours □ 7/30.4
1 - 12	Percentage of employees = $\frac{\text{Employees}}{\text{Total employed pesons}}$ $\square 00$ Stable employment rate = $\frac{\text{Regular employees}}{\text{Employees}}$ $\square 00$
1 - 13	Employment accession rate = \[\frac{\text{Wage earn ers place d during a given m onth}}{(\text{Wage ear nes at the end of the previous month} + \text{Wage ear ners at the end of a given m onth})} \] \[\text{\$\mathbb{\text{D}}\$} \\ \text{\$\mathbb{\text{0}}\$} \\ \$\mat
1 - 14	Employment separation rate = \frac{\text{Wage earn ers displaced duri ng a given month}}{(\text{Wage earn ers at the end of the previous month} + \text{Wage ear ners at the end of a given month}) \frac{\textbf{D}}{\text{D}}} \textbf{100}
1 - 15 1 - 16	Unemployment rate = Unemployed persons □00
1 - 17	Labor productivity index = outputindex labor input index □00

2 - 4	* (15 -) □ 00
2 - 5	
2 - 6	<u></u>
2 - 7	PC 1 = PC
2 - 8	1 =
2 - 9	1 =
2 - 10	≖—— x 100
2 - 11	1 =
_	1 =

Table NO	Formulars
2 - 4	Annual participation rate in lifelong learning program = Number of Students enrolled in Life - Long learning programs (# of popula tion aged 15 & over+# of Student enrolled in formal education programs)
2 - 5	Number of students per class = Total number ofstudents Total number ofclasses 000
2 - 6	Number of students per classroom = Total number ofstudents □00
2 - 7	Number of PC per student $= \frac{\text{Total students}}{\text{Total educationalPCs}} \square 00$
2 - 8	Number of books per student $= \frac{\text{Total rumber ofbooks}}{\text{Total rumber ofst udents}} \square 00$
2 - 9	School classroom area per student = Total area of school classnooms Total number ofstudents
2 - 10	Rate of vocational education budget to Ministry of Education budget $= \frac{\text{Vocation4 education budget}}{\text{Total Ministry of education budget}} \square 00$
2 - 11	Annual training cost per student = Total annual training cost Total number of students Annual practice cost per student = Total annual practice cost Total number of students

3 - 8	=
3 - 13	= 0 0 00
3 - 15 3 - 16	1 =
3 - 17	=× 100
3 - 18	⇒——— x 100
3 - 19	1 =
	1 =
3 - 26	=
4 - 5 4 - 6 4 - 7 4 - 8	=× 100
4 - 9 4 - 11	= () × 100

Table NO	Formulars
3 - 8	Ratio of General High School Students to Vocational High Schools Students = General high schoolstudents Vocational high school students
3 - 13	Discontinuation rates of students = Number of students removals from a register, dropouts & absentees for a semester or more Total n umber of students
3 - 15 3 - 16	Students per teacher = Total number ofstudents Total number ofteachers □ 00
3 - 17	Provision rate of teachers = Actual number ofteachers Number ofTeachersset by the law □ 00
3 - 18	Separation rate of teachers = Number ofteachers eaving school per year Total number ofteachers
3 - 19	Students per clerical staff = \frac{\text{Total rumber of students}}{\text{Total clerical staff}} \pi 00 Teachers per clerical staff = \frac{\text{Total rumber of teachers}}{\text{Total clerical staff}} \pi 00
3 - 26	Job placement ratio = Number ofjob placements Job applicants □00
4 - 5 4 - 6 4 - 7 4 - 8	Advancement rate = Entrantsto higher educationalinstitutons amonggraduatesin a given year Graduatesin a given year
4 - 9 4 - 11	Employment rate of graduates = No. of employed graduates (No. of graduates - No. of entrants to higher sc hool leve I - No. of enlisted in the army)

_	
4 - 10	·) × 100
4 - 12	가 기 1 00
4 - 15	가 = 가 100
4 - 21	= ───00
5 - 1	1 (GNP)= GNP -
	1 (GDP)= GNP-
5 - 8	=
5 - 16	=□00

Table NO	Formulars
4 - 10	Employment rate of graduates = No. of emp loyed graduates in the major field (No. of graduates - No. of ent ranks to higherschool level - No. of enl isted in the army
4 - 12	Percentage of national qualification registrants = Technicalqualification registrants Total employed persons
4 - 15	Percentage of national qualification registrants = Technicalqualification registrants Totalgraduates
4 - 21	Rate of Employment for the Vocational Training for the Unemployed Completors = Number ofthe Employed among theV.T.U. Completors 100 10
5 - 1	GDP per Capita = GNP-Net facto incomes from abroad Total number ofnational residents-Number of residents alien
5 - 8	Employment rate = $\frac{\text{Employed pesons}}{\text{Economically active population}} \square 00$
5 - 16	Gross school enrollment rate = $\frac{\text{Number of those encolled in school}}{\text{Number of population in the taget ages}}$